Subject Property Owner's Objection to a Permanent Historic District Designation of Select Jefferson Street Properties (File No. 191824)

To: City of Milwaukee Common Council

Zoning, Neighborhoods & Development Committee

From: Seven51, LLC

(Property Owner of 751 N. Jefferson St.)

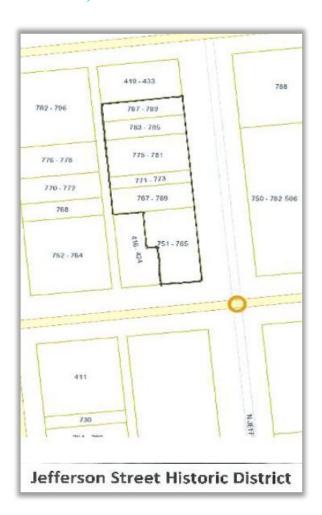
c/o Continuum Architects + Planners

Falamak Nourzad Bob Barr Vaishali Wagh Corey Lapworth Mike Soto

and

Brian C. Randall Attorney, Davis|Kuelthau

Date: June 9, 2020



Legal Standards for Historic District Nominations

Section 320-21-1 The purpose of this section is to:

- a. Effect and accomplish the protection, enhancement and perpetuation of such improvements and of districts which represent or reflect elements of the city's **cultural**, **social**, **economic**, political and **architectural history**.
- c. Stabilize and improve **property values**.
- e. Protect and enhance the city attractions to residents, tourists and visitors, and serve as a **support** and stimulus to business and industry.
- Section 320-21-9-e The common council shall balance the public interest in the preservation of the structure, site or district that is the subject of the recommendation and the interest of the owner or owners in using the property for his, her or their purposes.

The Study Report Shows that these Properties do not Qualify for Designation

- Section 320-21-3-e "Historic, architectural and cultural significance" means the attributes of a district, site or structure that possess integrity of location, design, settings, materials, workmanship and association which consider the following: . . .
- Most buildings on the block have had mild to substantial changes to their exteriors undercutting the integrity of design, materials and workmanship.
 - Watts Building has remained relatively static over time, but some significant changes (Study Report: 4-7)
 - at least one entrance was relocated and two front entrances were eliminated in 1974
 - removal of the original letters spelling out "Watts" along Jefferson Street at some undisclosed time
 - the removal of the original bronze lanterns on the Jefferson Street elevation at some undisclosed time
 - **J. Home Building** has underdone significant alteration (Study Report: 7-9)
 - "Has a rather remarkable story" (Study Report: 8) detailing significant renovations in original workmanship and materials, which have been vastly modified
 - Major changes to front of building in 1916-17, changing a large portion of the front façade in both character and materials for reuse from residential to commercial
 - Interior modified significantly with little to no remnants of its most notable occupant
 - Additional rounds of major modifications in 1951 and 1965-1966.
 - Very little of the original building integrity remains
 - **George Augustus Tiffany House** (Study Report: 9-11)
 - Study Report: "sliver of a building" was once part of 3-unit rowhouse that "can still be read as part of a rowhouse in the Federal style" (Study Report: 10)
 - In addition to no longer being in its original form, the building has an additional story constructed, which has substituted roof, modified windows, among other changes
 - **Matthew Keenan House** (Study Report: 11-15)
 - Major fire gutted the building in 1984; substantial four-story addition, which is contemporary in appearance, constructed at the rear at the same time
 - William Alfred Webber House (Study Report: 15-17)
 - Characteristic geometric ornamentation, which is characteristic of its Greek Revival style, appears to have been mostly removed from the roof
 - Lower windows of house are modern to accommodate a commercial tenant
 - Much of the setting and impression of the structure has been changed due to the twin structure next door having been substantially modified
 - William Alfred Webber-Owned House (Study Report: 17-20)
 - Former twin house to the previous house
 - Substantially changed façade in 1907 (storefront added)

- As a cluster of buildings variously built over 75 years between 1852-1925, there is not integrity of settings and association as required by the ordinance
 - Just one side of Jefferson Street and not the entire block (6 total structures)
 - 5 Pre-Civil War Era Structures, 1 Post-World War I Structure
 - Watts building is an outlier in both time (75 years younger) and original purpose (always was commercial in nature)
 - The 5 Pre-Civil War Era Structures were originally conceived as residential but 3 have undergone substantial modifications, much of which has been driven by conversion to commercial purposes decades or over a century ago
 - The district no longer maintains the integrity of residential character of the buildings; there is an inherent loss of setting and feeling that has occurred over many decades by the conversion of the properties to commercial uses
 - The surrounding buildings and uses do not support the settings and association of this short stretch of the west side of Jefferson Street it's distinct from its surroundings but almost in a jarring manner





Objections to the Recommended Findings

Section 320-21-3-e "Historic, architectural and cultural significance" means the attributes of a district, site or structure that possess integrity of location, design, settings, materials, workmanship and association which consider the following:

e-1. Its exemplification and development of the cultural, economic, social or historic heritage of the city, state of Wisconsin or the United States.

- o The Time Capsule Argument
 - District is not an "intact time capsule"
 - 5 of the 6 buildings were originally residences, but having undergone substantial changes to commercial, they no longer represent that purpose
 - A time capsule spanning nearly 75 years (1852-1925)?
- o For Watts building particularly, there may be cultural heritage with the tea room and the luxuries store but those are gone and not coming back, and cannot be memorialized by a static outward appearance of the building

e-3. Its identification with a person or persons who significantly contributed to the culture and development of the city.

- o The George Watts family name is certainly well known but the business is long closed
- o Respectfully, the others are not widely recognizable

e-5. Its embodiment of distinguishing characteristics of an architectural type or specimen.

- o There is no homogeneity in style in the proposed district
- o For the nearly 75 years during which the buildings were constructed, the characteristics are disparate and not collectively distinguishing
- Many of the buildings have had significant structural and changes altering their original styles

e-6. Its identification as the work of an artist, architect, craftsman or master builder whose individual works have influenced the development of the city.

- o Edward Townsend Mix and Herbert Tullgren were prominent architects and their names have been used as justifications for previous designations
- o Does this mean that their name association always triggers automatic designation?
- How does that support a district designation where they did not design the other buildings?

e-9. Its unique location as a singular physical characteristic which represents an established and familiar visual feature of a neighborhood, community or the city.

- Lacks a singular physical characteristic
 - No homogeneity in style of all the buildings in the proposed district
 - Surrounding buildings and uses do not support it as a unique location

Have we unequivocally rebutted each of the ordinance criteria?

No...

...but we don't have to because of the ordinance standard:

The common council shall balance the public interest in the preservation of the structure, site or district that is the subject of the recommendation and the interest of the owner or owners in using the property for his, her or their purposes. (Section 320-21-9-e)

Perspective from Subject Matter Experts

O Introduction to Continuum Architects + Planners



- o 1986 U.S. Department of the Interior approval of **The Historic East Side Commercial District** for the National Register of Historic Places
 - Contributing and non-contributing buildings
 - Federal Historic Tax Credit opportunities and incentives
- o Detrimental Effects of District Designation
 - Owners of these buildings have made necessary changes without totally altering the overall character of the environment.
 - History is iterative and evolves, it is not a constant static overview of time
 - Burdens on Owners:
 - Time & Expense Can Lead to Unwanted Blight
 - Exclusivity Can Lead to Discrimination
- O There is a better way, and we are willing to work toward it together.

Conclusion

Back to the Beginning: The purpose of the preservation ordinance is to:

- a. Effect and accomplish the protection, enhancement and perpetuation of such improvements and of districts which represent or reflect elements of the city's **cultural**, **social**, **economic**, political and **architectural history**.
- c. Stabilize and improve property values.
- e. Protect and enhance the city attractions to residents, tourists and visitors, and serve as a **support** and stimulus to business and industry.

Section 320-21-1

Please vote against adopting the district designation resolution.