What the Science is Telling Us

Steve Vavrus
Senior Scientist, Co-Director
Wisconsin Initiative on Climate Change Impacts (WICCI)
Nelson Institute Center for Climatic Research
University of Wisconsin-Madison







Record High Global Temperatures in 2014

The New York Times

2014 Breaks Heat Record, Challenging Global Warming Skeptics

Record High Global Temperatures in 2015

The New York Times

2015 Was Hottest Year in Historical Record, Scientists Say

Record High Global Temperatures in 2014 2016

The New York Times

Earth Sets a Temperature Record for the Third Straight Year



The New York Times

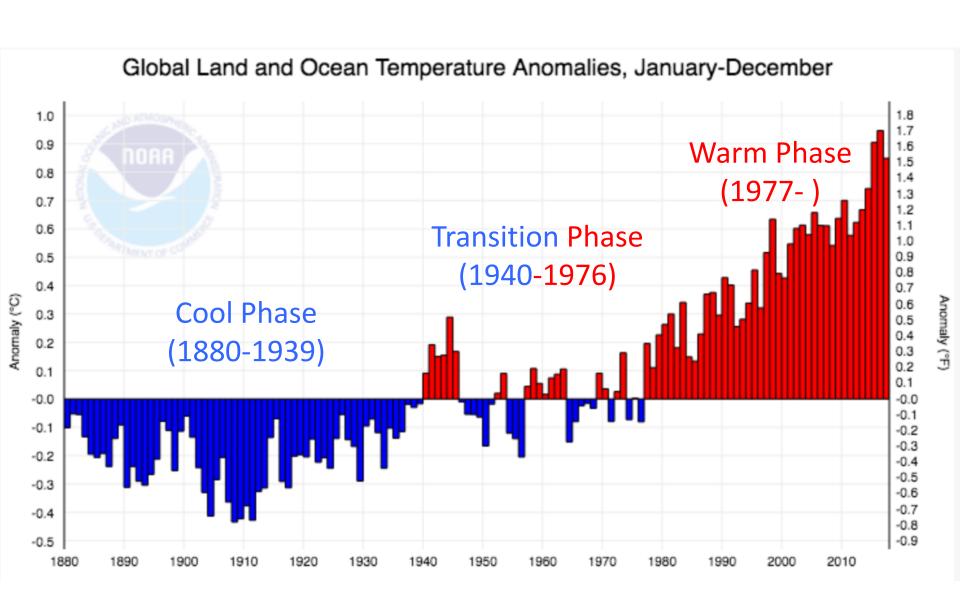
Earth Sets a Temperature Record for the Third Straight Year

2017: Third warmest year on record

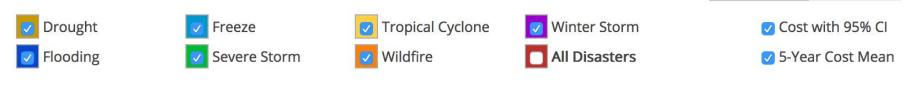
2018: Fourth warmest year on record

2019: Second warmest year on record

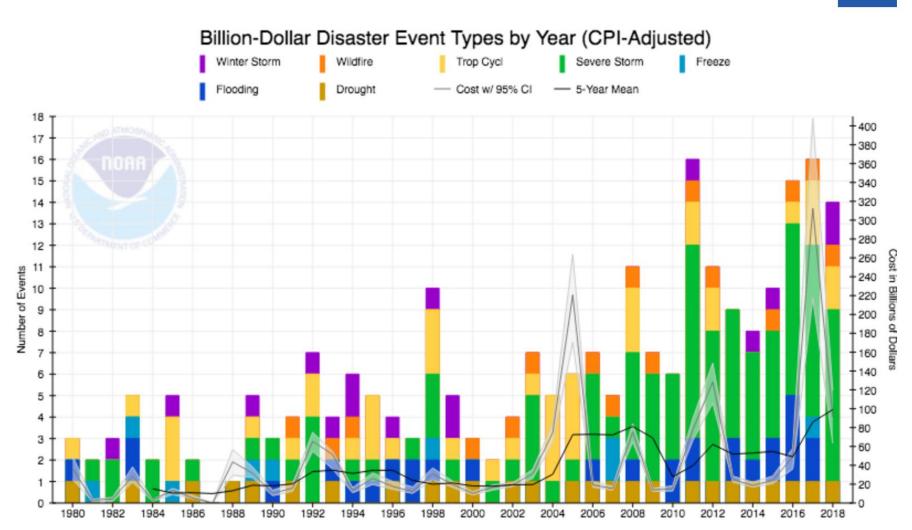
Global Temperatures since 1880



U. S. Billion Dollar Weather Disasters

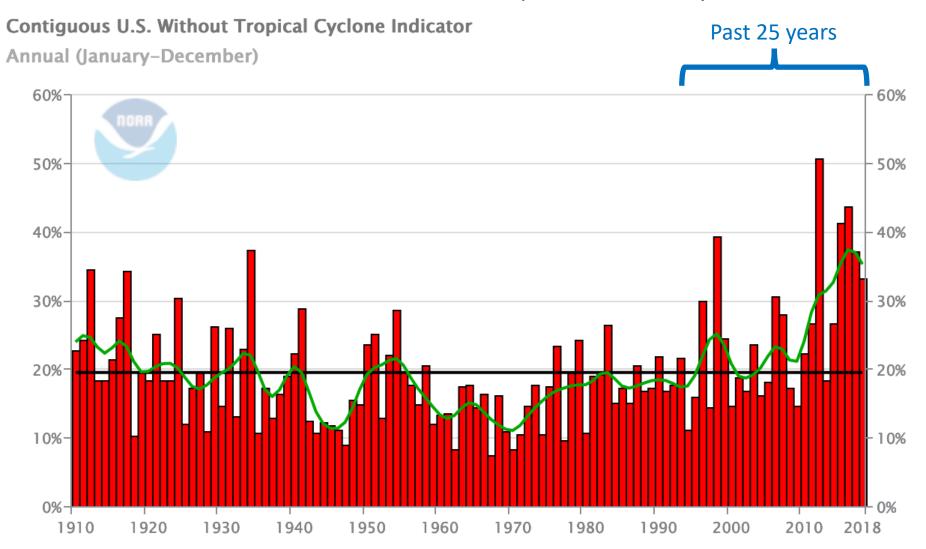


Update



Increasing Trend of Extreme Weather

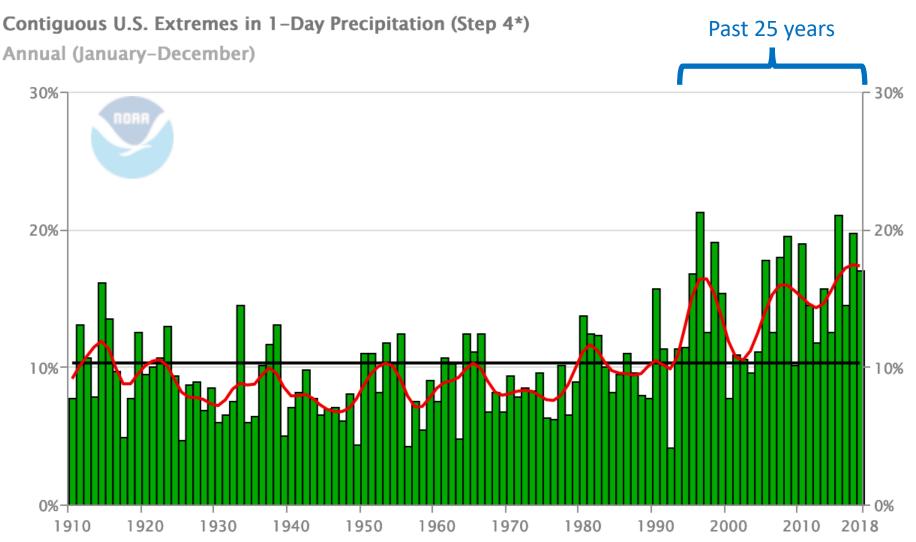
Climate Extremes Index (United States)



Record prevalence of extreme weather recently

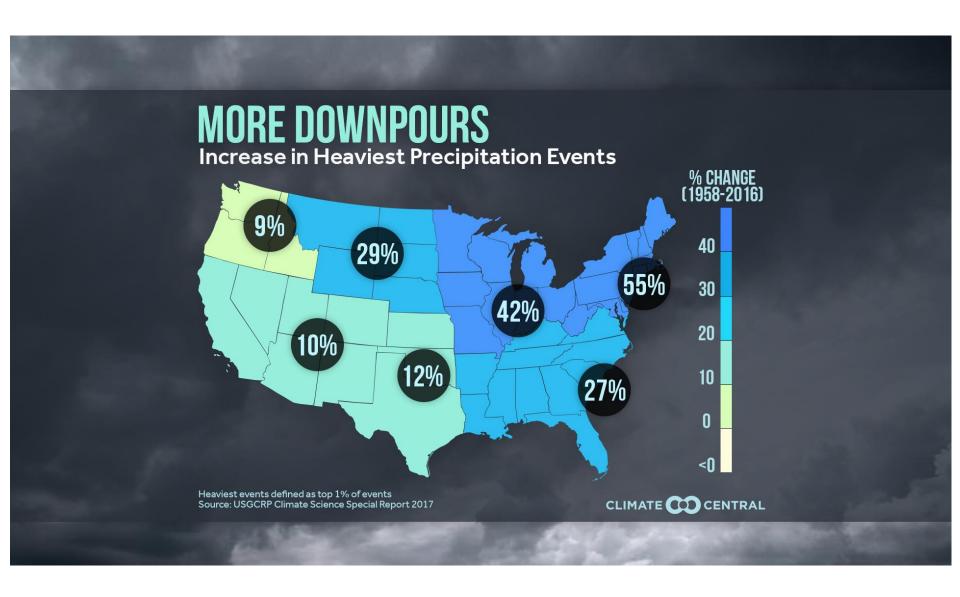
Increasing Trend of Extreme Weather

Daily Precipitation Extremes (United States)



Largely due to more extreme precipitation

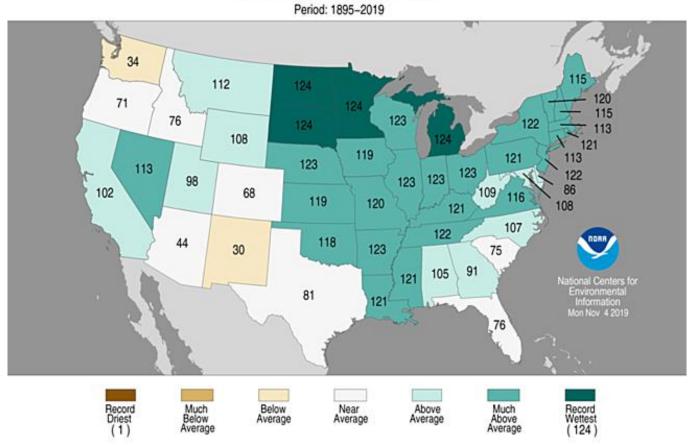
Trend in Heaviest Precipitation in Recent Decades



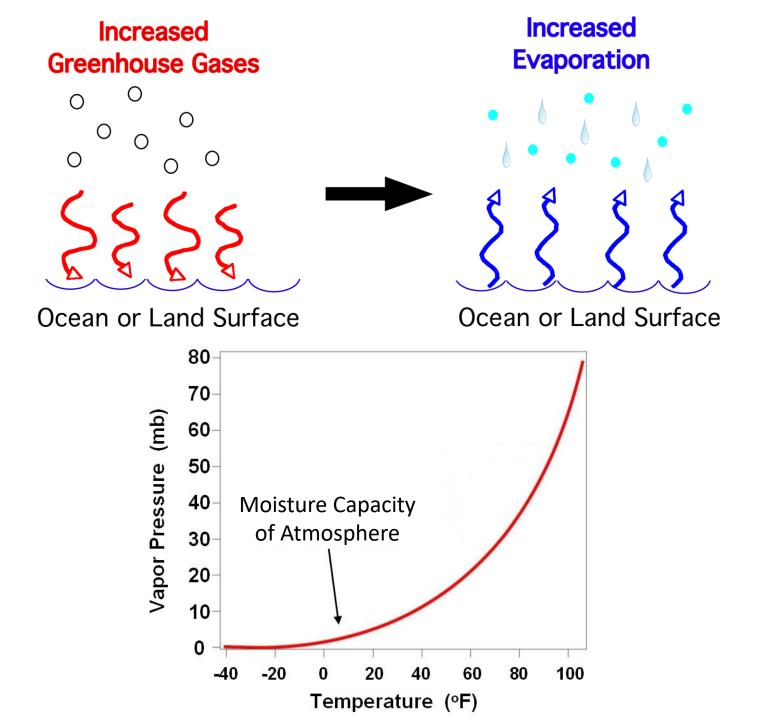
Past 12 Months Record Wet Nationally

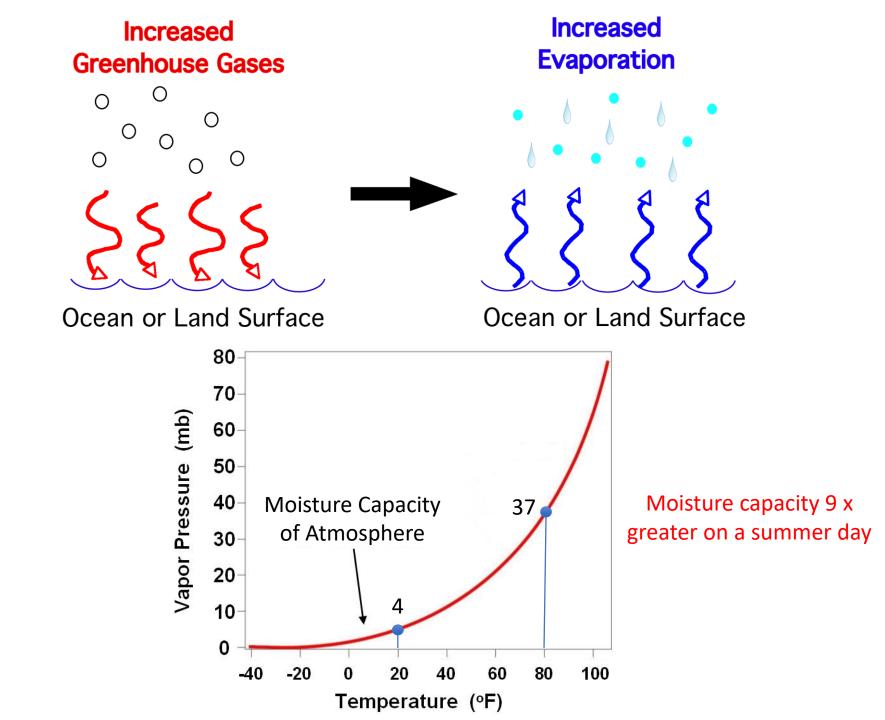
Statewide Precipitation Ranks

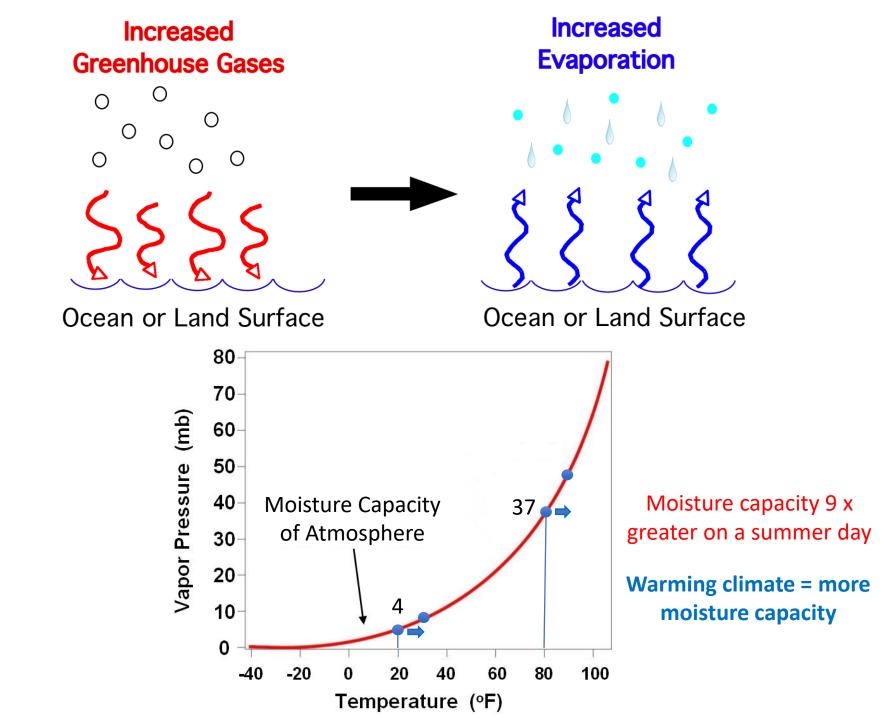
November 2018-October 2019



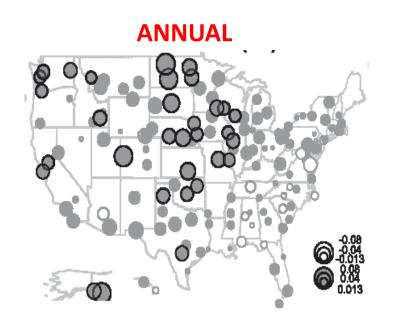
Increased Greenhouse Gases Ocean or Land Surface Increased Evaporation Ocean or Land Surface Increased Evaporation Ocean or Land Surface







Trends in Dewpoint Temperature (1947-2010)

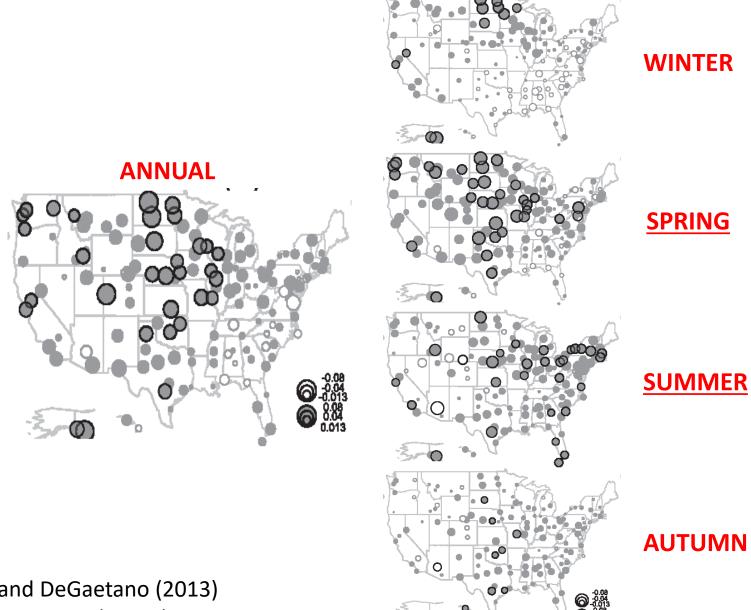


Atmospheric moisture is increasing

Brown and DeGaetano (2013)

J. Appl. Meteor. Climatol.

Trends in Dewpoint Temperature (1947-2010)



Brown and DeGaetano (2013) J. Appl. Meteor. Climatol.

What about closer to home?



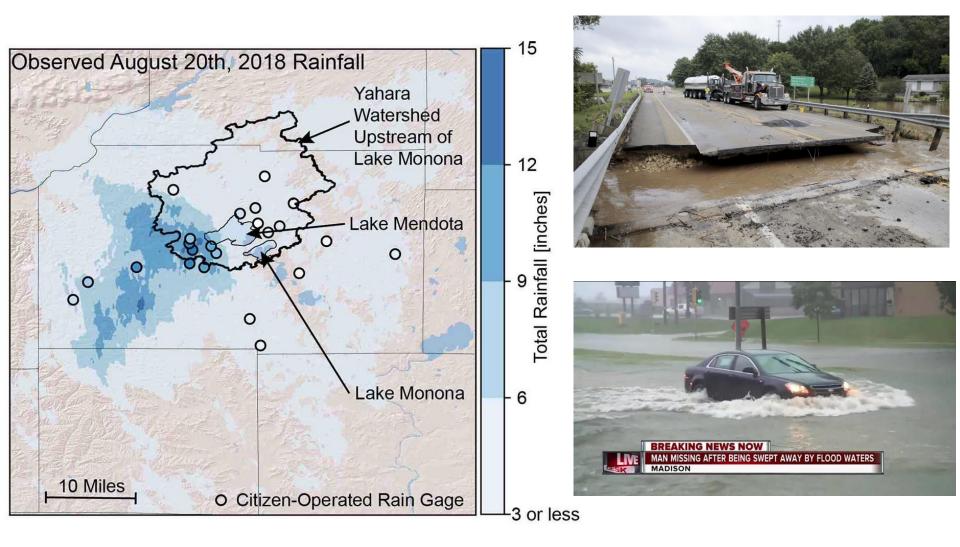
Midwest Floods March 2019

Many places are underwater, from Nebraska to Wisconsin, as major flooding engulfs the region

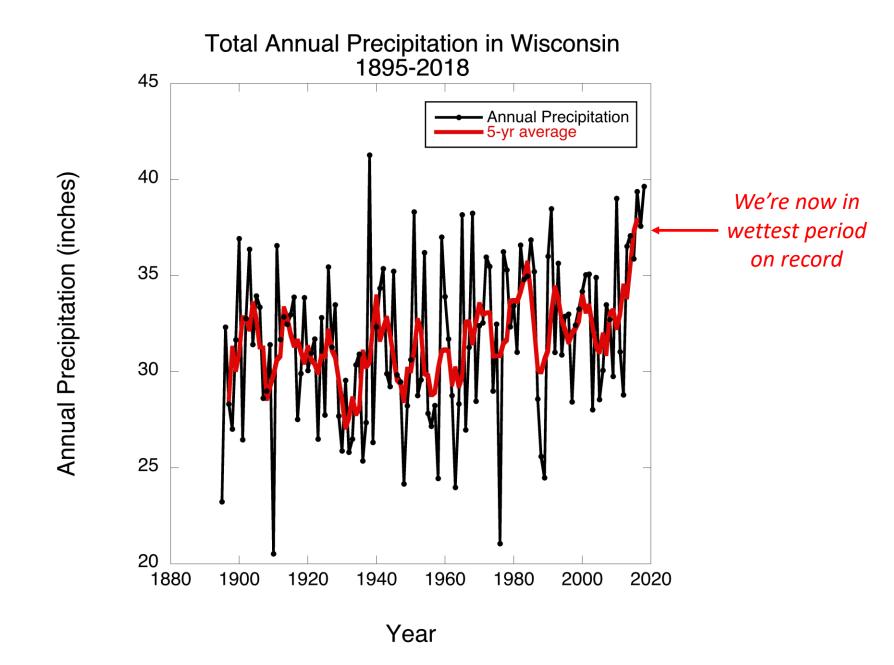


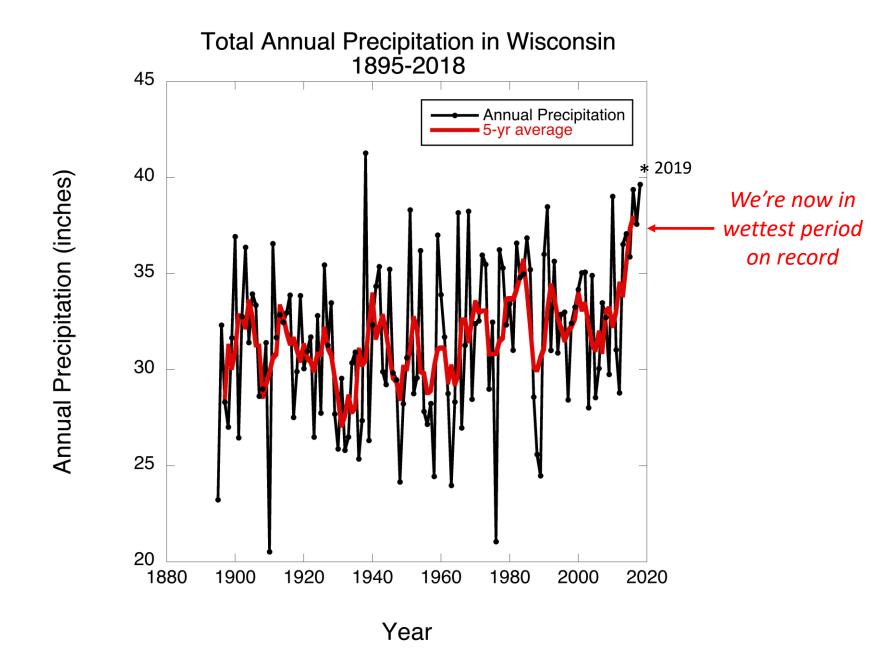
The swollen Pecatonica River spills into downtown Darlington, Wis., on March 14. (Dave Kettering/Telegraph Herald/AP)

Dane County Floods August 2018



Unofficial Wisconsin record for heaviest 24-hour rainfall

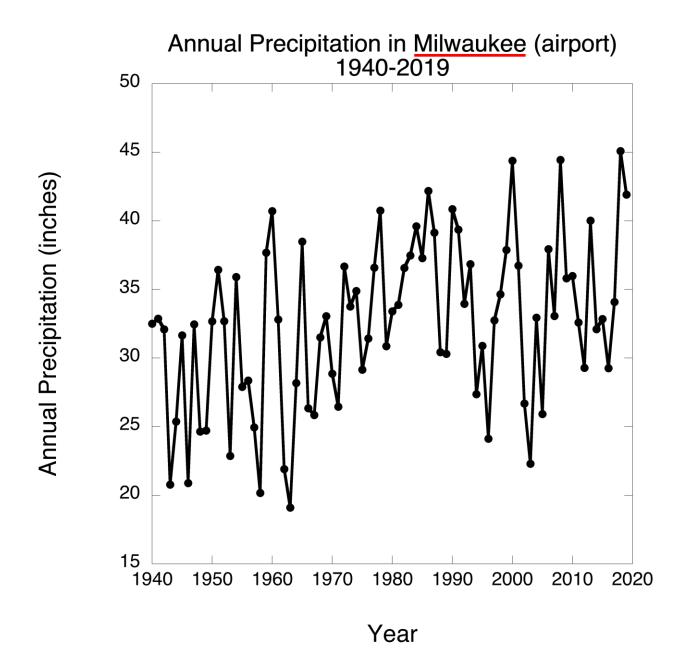


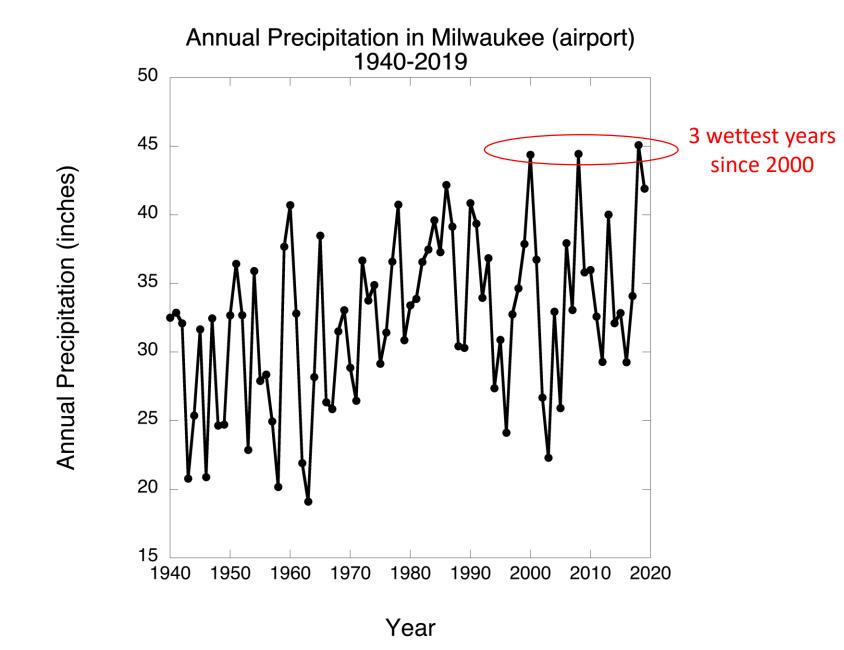


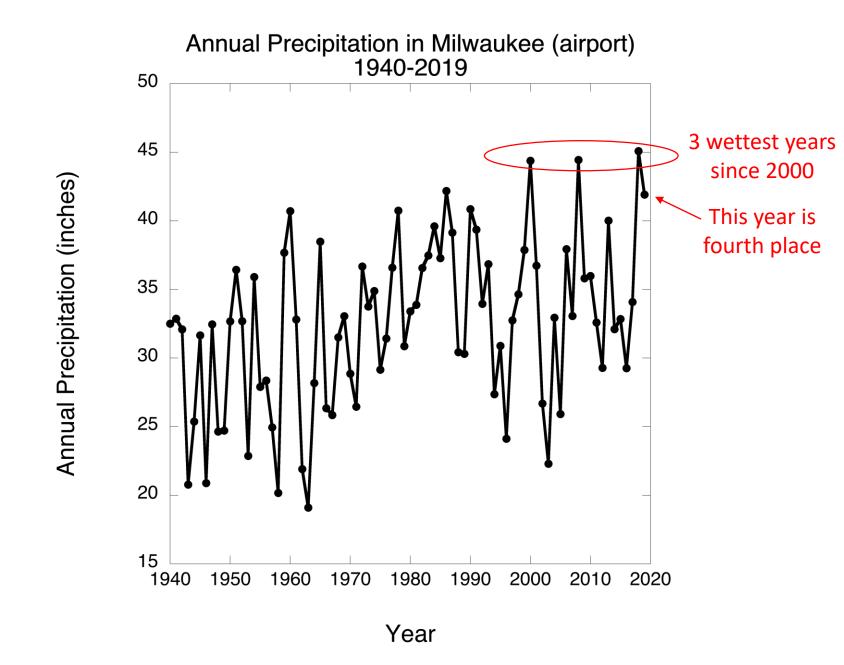
Long-Term Seasonal Trends in Wisconsin (1895-2018)

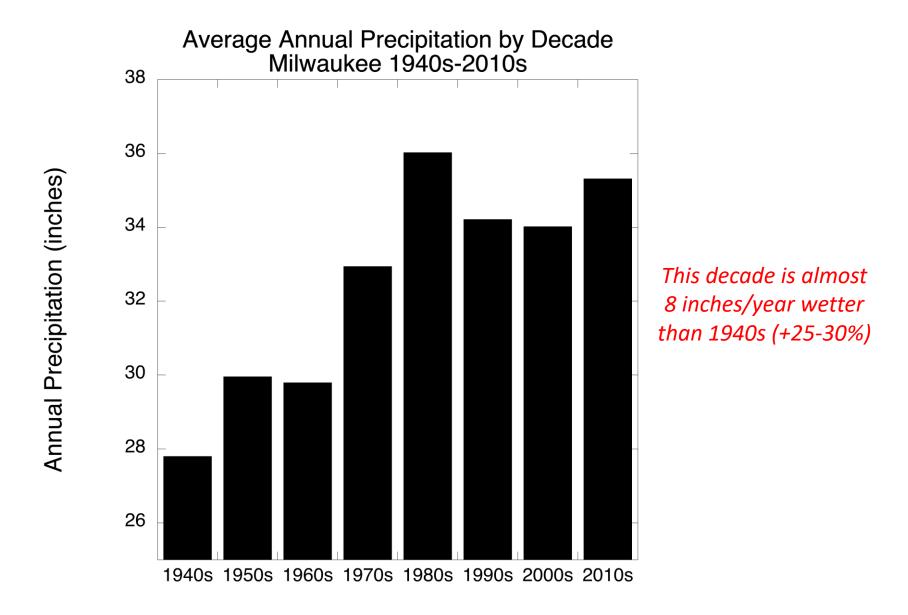
Statewide Precipitation Trends (1895-2018) inches (%)	
Annual	3.97 (13.4%)
Winter	0.40 (12.0%)
Spring*	1.19 (15.8%)
Summer *	1.70 (15.6%)
Autumn	0.67 (8.5%)

Wisconsin becoming wetter in all seasons, especially spring and summer









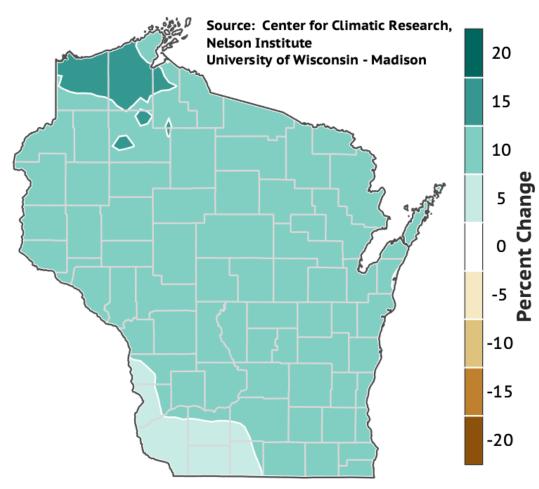
Decade

Projected Change in Annual Mean Precipitation in Wisconsin

Statistical downscaling, RCP8.5

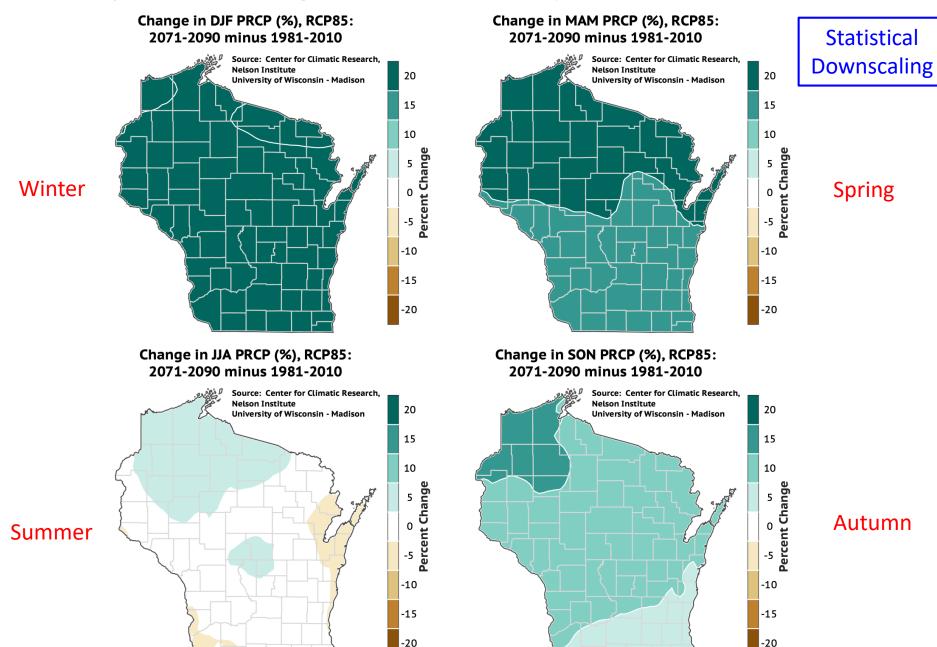
Late 21st Century

Change in Annual PRCP (%), RCP85: 2071-2090 minus 1981-2010



Dave Lorenz CCR/WICCI

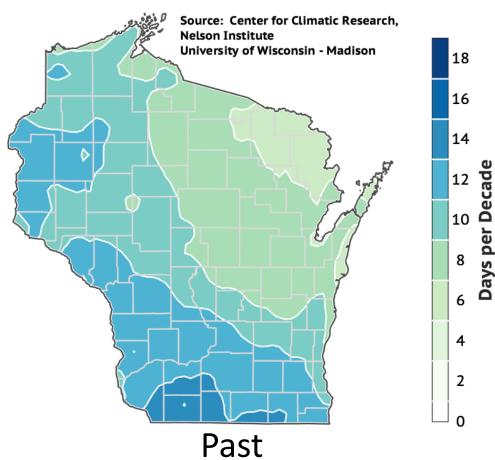
Projected Change in Mean Precipitation in Wisconsin



Projected Change in Extreme Precipitation in Wisconsin

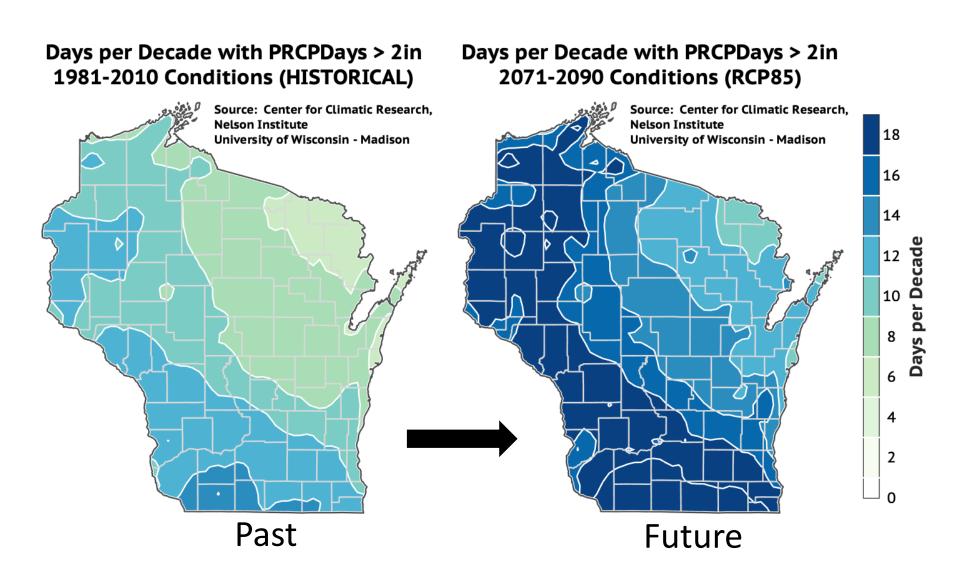
Statistical downscaling, RCP8.5

Days per Decade with PRCPDays > 2in 1981-2010 Conditions (HISTORICAL)



Projected Change in Extreme Precipitation in Wisconsin

Statistical downscaling, RCP8.5



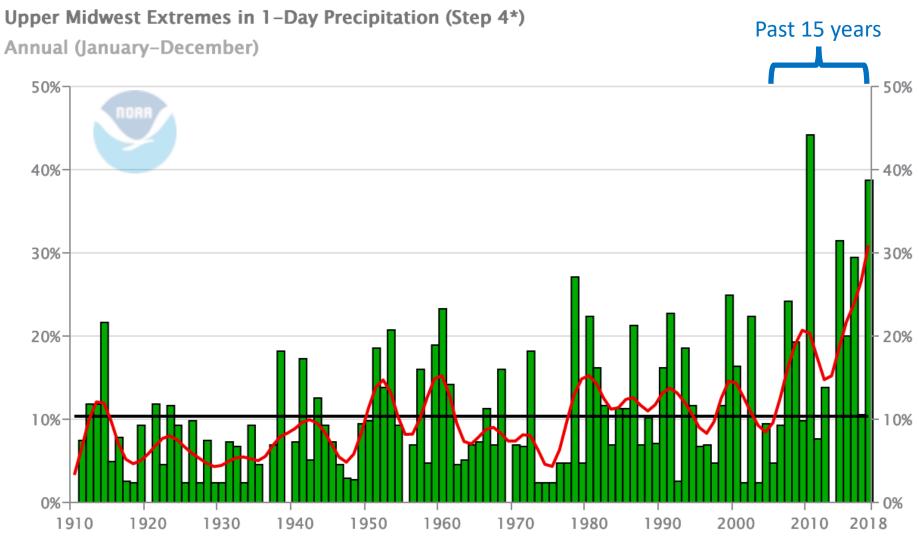
Conclusions

- Climate continues to warm and become moister
- Extreme weather increasing overall, especially heavy precipitation
- Currently record-high precipitation statewide
- Wisconsin becoming wetter in all seasons, especially spring and summer
- A warmer and wetter future expected, especially winter and spring
- More extreme rainfalls likely in the future throughout Wisconsin

Regional Climate Extremes Index Annual 2018 North West Northern Rockies and Plains North East Upper Midwest Ohio Valley West South West South East South

More favorable conditions for flooding

Daily Precipitation Extremes (<u>Upper Midwest</u>)



Recent increase in heavy precipitation, especially past 10-15 years