Youth Access to E-Cigarettes in Milwaukee

Problem

In recent years, e-cigarettes have become increasingly popular among youth, with usage nearly doubling among Wisconsin high school students from 2014 to 2016.¹





if it did not have any flavor such as

This sharp increase in usage is due to a variety of factors, including:

- Flavors: "E-juice" and JUUL pods come in a wide variety of candy and fruit flavors like gummy bear, cotton candy, and creme brûlée. Most youth (nearly 90%) say they would not try an e-cigarette if it did not have a flavor.^{1,2}
- Availability: E-cigarettes and e-juice are not required to be behind the counter, and can be found near other products that appeal to youth, like candy, snacks, or toys.
- Marketing: These products come in a variety of shapes, styles, and colors to appeal to youth, with a heavy social media presence that promotes "vape culture." The JUUL brand, designed to look like a USB flash drive, has become increasingly popular in Milwaukee-area schools as it can be mistaken for a school supply.²

In addition to the known health effects of e-cigarettes and exposure to their secondhand aerosol^{3,4,5}, there have been numerous reports of personal injury and fire hazards due to e-cigarette explosions and numerous reports of poisoning due to ingesting the e-juice.^{6,7}

Preventing Youth Access to Tobacco Products through Wisconsin Wins



F You make helping our kids look easy.

Maybe that's because checking IDs every time you sell tobacco products is easy. Verifying somebody's age only takes a second, but it makes a lasting difference in the lives of Wisconsin's kids. So thanks for following the law and helping protect kids' health.

WITobaccoCheck.org

The City of Milwaukee Tobacco-Free Alliance, in partnership with the Milwaukee Police Department License Investigation Unit, the Wisconsin African American Tobacco Prevention Network, and Neu-Life Community Development, conducts roughly 500 compliance checks each year through Wisconsin Wins. Through this program, youth who are 16-17 attempt to purchase tobacco products to ensure retailers are checking ID and not selling to youth.

Although Wisconsin Wins has an established protocol for purchasing e-cigarettes and e-juice, Wins checks in Milwaukee have not yet expanded to include these products due to a concern from MPD that there is not a local citation number for the underage sale of e-cigarettes and e-juice.

The current local ordinances have not been updated to reflect the state statute.

State Statute vs. Local Ordinance

- WI Statute 134.66 (2) (a) prohibits retailers from selling cigarettes, nicotine products, or tobacco products to anyone under 18
- WI Statute 254.92 (2) prohibits anyone under 18 from purchasing or attempting to purchase a <u>cigarette</u>, <u>nicotine product</u>, or <u>tobacco product</u> unless they are conducting a Wins investigation
- Milwaukee Ordinance 106-30.2 prohibits retailers from selling cigarette or tobacco products to anyone under 18
- Milwaukee Ordinance 106-30.5 prohibits anyone under 18 from purchasing or possessing <u>cigarettes or tobacco products</u> unless conducting a Wins investigation under s. 254.916, Wis Stats.

Sources

¹Wisconsin Department of Health Services. 2016 Youth Tobacco Survey: High School Fact Sheet.

² Hatcher, C (2018). JUULing is the new teen vaping fad taking over school bathrooms. *Milwaukee Journal Sentinel*.

³ Rutledge, R (2015). Gasping for action: A Watchdog Report. *Milwaukee Journal Sentinel*.

⁴ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (2016). E-Cigarette Use Among Youth and Young Adults: A Report of the Surgeon General.

⁵ Chun el al (2017). Pulmonary toxicity of e-cigarettes. Am J Physiology Lung Cell Mol Physiol.

⁶ FEMA (2017). Electronic cigarette fires and explosions in the United States, 2009-2016.

⁷ Weiss et al. (2016). Electronic cigarette exposure: Calls to Wisconsin Poison Control Centers, 2010-2015. Wisconsin Medical Journal.