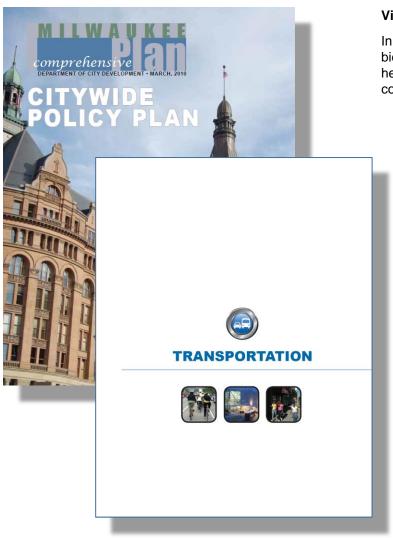
Bicycle Parking Ordinance



Updated Zoning Bicycle Parking Ordinance

- Why Update and Change Ordinance?
- How We Went About Developing Ordinance
- Issues Addressed by Ordinance Change
- Feedback and Endorsements
- Moving Forward

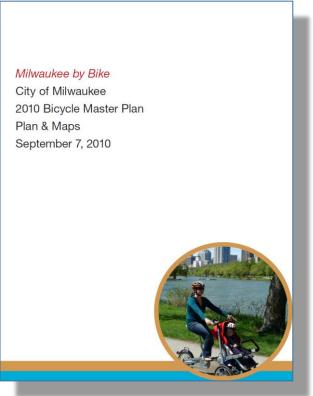




Vision for Milwaukee 2020

In 2020, Milwaukee's neighborhoods will be filled with a noticeable diversity of people riding bicycles on innovative bicycle facilities. Milwaukee is an economically and environmentally healthy world-class city for cycling where people of all ages and abilities have attractive, convenient and safe options to make recreational and utilitarian trips by bicycle.





Milwaukee By Bike

Plans Recommend Improvements to Bike Parking

"Milwaukee By Bike":

Findings, Conclusions and Recommendations:

- More Milwaukeeans are Biking
- Goals of bicycle use for 5% of all trips.
- Promote bicycling for a more Healthy and Sustainable City
- Bicycling is a means to reduce motor vehicle congestion

Currently, the City is spending resources installing bike lanes & facilities

Milwaukee by Bike
City of Milwaukee
2010 Bicycle Master Plan
Plan & Maps
September 7, 2010



A key recommendation is to see more bicycle racks installed overall in city in order to support the plan.

The recommendation also recognizes the need for bicycle parking for both short term trip and long term use:

Excerpt from "Milwaukee By Bike"

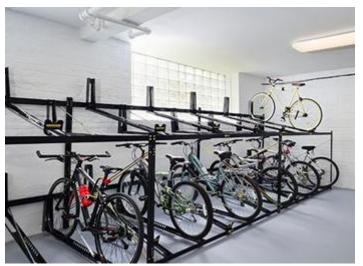
Short-term parking:

Parking meant to accommodate visitors, customers, messengers and others expected to depart within two-three hours; requires approved standard rack, appropriate location and placement, and weather protection.



Long-term parking:

Parking meant to accommodate employees, students, residents, commuters and others expected to park more than two to three hours. This parking is to be provided in a secure, weather-protected manner and location.



Existing Ordinance Issues:

- Only requires bicycle parking for "Commercial Uses" (What are those? Inconsistent language)
- No direction on method or rules of space calculation
- No limits for larger square footage use buildings
- Outdated bicycle rack standards
- Lack of detailed placement standards

Entire Excerpt on Bicycle Parking

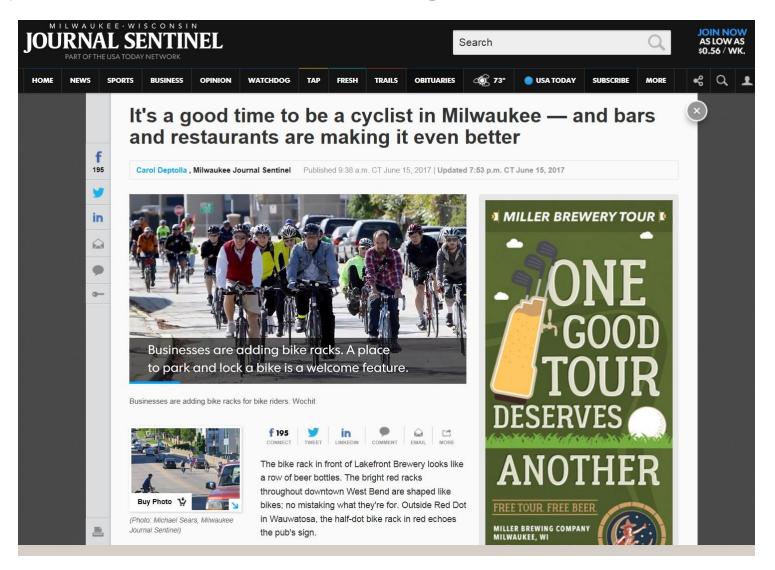
295-403-2c.

For a newly-constructed commercial building or commercial building addition with over 2,000 square feet of floor area, a minimum of one bicycle parking space shall be provided for each 2,000 square feet of floor area. What is the term "Commercial" referencing?

295-403-3c.

Bicycle Parking Spaces. For each required bicycle parking space, a stationary object shall be provided to which a user can secure the frame and both wheels of a bicycle with a 6-foot cable and lock. The stationary object may be either a freestanding bicycle rack or a wall-mounted bracket, shall be located within 60 feet of the main entrance of the building it serves, and may be located between the street curb and the building, subject to the approval of the commissioner of public works. As an alternative, the following alternative bicycle parking facilities may be provided:

- c-1. Enclosed bicycle lockers.
- c-2. A 3-point bicycle rack which secures the frame and both wheels of each bike.
- c-3. A fenced, covered, locked or guarded bicycle storage area. Such area shall be large enough that each of the required bicycle parking spaces can accommodate a bicycle with a 3-foot handlebar width, a height of 3.5 feet from the bottom of the wheel to the top of the handlebar, and a length of 6 feet from the front of the forward wheel to the back of the rear wheel.



Recent June 15, 2017 JS On-line story on businesses adding bike racks

How We Went About Developing Update

- Other comparable cities were examined and successful standards and code layout approaches incorporated.
- National standards and widely recognized terms were considered and incorporated.
- Tested code on existing building/occupancies to see if appropriate number of spaces would be required.



How We Went About Developing Update

Bicycle Parking Requirements - Interim Guidelines

- For the past year, DCD has been testing Interim Guidelines
- Have been tested in application on projects with discretionary approval requirements, such as Detailed Planned Development
- Have learned from the real world application both for lacking and overly complicated requirements
- Have used customer input and acceptance in developing requirements

Bicycle Parking Minimum Requirements - Interim Guidelines

The City of Milwaukee is drafting minimum bicycle parking requirements and new legislation will likely move forward in upcoming months. This memo is intended to provide guidance until then, but should be understood that numerical requirements may be adjusted.

Bicycle parking should be provided for many uses. Requirements will be established for regular/daily occupants (long term) and visitors/patrons (short term). Uses should consider long term and short term facilities.

Long Term Parking facilities are for residential occupants in dwelling units; employees working in offices, retail stores, hospitality, and other similar uses. These must be in a secure, indoor environment that is located conveniently in the building so as to encourage use of bicycles as transportation.

Short Term Visitor and/or patron parking should generally be provided outdoors. The parking should be in a publicly accessible location not more than 100' from the entrance to the use, and in a secure and well lit area. Required visitor parking meeting these provisions may be accommodated in the public right-of-way if approval is granted by the Department of Public Works.

The following example requirements are based on use categories.

Residential Units

Residents: Provide a minimum of 1 interior space for every 4 dwelling units for the residents. Visitors: Provide a minimum of 2 exterior spaces for visitors for every 30 dwelling units.

Commercial Office Uses, General Service Uses, and Medical Offices

Employees: Provide one for every 6,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area; min. of 2 spaces. Visitors: one for every 25,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area; min. of 2 spaces.

Retail Uses, Health clubs and Indoor Recreation Facilities

Employees: Provide one for every 4,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area; min. of 2 spaces. Patrons: Provide one for every 2,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area; min. of 2 spaces; max. of 20 spaces

For Taverns and Restaurants

Patrons: one for every 1,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area; min. of 2 spaces; max. of 20 spaces Employees: one for every 2,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area; min. of one space; max. of 10 spaces

Other Notes

Arrangements in centralized shared facilities for employees may be allowed if approved by arrangements as outlined in specific DPD proposals or development agreements.

As a point of clarification, a single U-type rack (or commonly called a "staple"), is considered parking for two bicycles when appropriately positioned.

Issues Addressed by Ordinance Update Organization of Bicycle Parking Ordinance

Application of Provisions

When Required 295-404-1b

Submittal Requirements Responsibilities 200-26, 295-907-2

Minimum Number of Space Required

Number of Spaces by Use (in TABLE 295-404-1.) 295-404-1
Calculation of Number of Bicycle Spaces Required 295-404-1-d
Adjustment to Number Required and Minimums / Maximums 295-403-3

Type and Placement of Bicycle Parking

Short Term Bicycle Parking, Long Term Bicycle Parking
Definitions 295-201-58, 58.5; 295-404-2a, 2b

Standards of Design, Bicycle Parking Spaces

General Standards for Space and Racks 295-404-4-a,b
Outdoor Bicycle Parking Positioning 295-404-5
Indoor Bicycle Parking Options and Standards 295-404-6

 For code layout clarity new Bicycle Spaces requirements table to have similar organization by use in code.

Motor Vehicle Requirements in Current Code

Table 295-403-2-a NUMBER OF PARKING SPACES, BY USE		
Uses	No. of Parking Spaces Required	

COMMERCIAL AND OFFICE USES			
General office	one for each 500 sq. ft. of the first 2,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area; one for each 1,000 sq. of gross floor area in excess of 2,000 sq. ft.; storage or utility spaces shall not be included when calculating gross floor area		
Government office	see general office		
Bank or other financial institution	see general office		
Currency exchange, payday loan or title loan agency	see general retail establishment		
Installment loan agency	see general retail establishment		
Cash-for-gold business	see general retail establishment		
Pawn shop	see general retail establishment		
Retail establishment, general	min. of one for each 1,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area; max. of 3.5 for each 1,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area unless otherwise permitted pursuant to s. 295-403- 2-e; storage or utility spaces shall not be included when calculating gross floor area		
Garden supply or landscaping center	see general retail establishment		
Home improvement center	see general retail establishment		
Secondhand store	see general retail establishment		
Outdoor merchandise sales	one for each 500 sq. ft. of outdoor or indoor space devoted to the display of goods for sale		

New Bicycle Requirements in Updated Code

Table 295-404-1 NUMBER OF BICYCLE PARKING SPACES REQUIRED, BY USE			
Use	Long-Term Bicycle Parking Spaces Required	Short-Term Bicycle Parking Spaces Required	
COMMERCIAL AND OFFICE USES			
General office	for an occupancy larger than 12,000 sq. ft., one for every 6,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area; min. of 2 spaces	one for every 24,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area; min. of 2 space	
Government office	see general office	see general office	
Bank or other financial institution	see general office	see general office	
Currency exchange, payday loan or title loan agency	see general retail establishment	see general retail establishment	
Installment loan agency	see general retail establishment	see general retail establishment	
Cash-for-gold business	see general retail establishment	see general retail establishment	
Pawn shop	see general retail establishment	see general retail establishment	
Retail establishment, general	for an occupancy larger than12,000 sq. ft., one for every 6,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area; min. of 2 spaces	one for every 3,000 sq. ft. of gross floor area; min. of 2 space	
Garden supply or landscaping center	see general retail establishment	see general retail establishment	
Home improvement center	see general retail establishment	see general retail establishment	
Secondhand store	see general retail establishment	see general retail establishment	
Outdoor merchandise sales	one for every 500 sq. ft. of outdoor or indoor space devoted	one for every 500 sq. ft. of outdoor or indoor space devoted	

Excerpts from code for demonstration

Adjustments to the number of spaces for large uses/buildings

Updated Code Table has Long and Short Term Bicycle Parking requirements spelled out for all land use categories

Example of common uses referenced in Table 404-1 Per Each Occupancy in the Building

Residential

Short Term = 1 exterior space for every 30 dwelling units, minimum 2 spaces

Long Term = 1 space for every 4 dwelling units. (In group living, such as dorms, 1 space for every 4 beds.)

Retail Establishment, General

Short Term = 1 space for every 3000 SF, minimum 2 spaces, maximum 20 space for each occupancy. Long Term = For retail larger than 12,000 SF, 1 space for every 6000 SF, min 2 spaces, max 10 spaces.

Office

Short Term = 1 space for every 24,000 SF, minimum 2 spaces.

Long Term = For office larger than 12,000 SF, 1 space for every 6000 SF, min 2 spaces. Number of spaces required can be reduced by half for those space required in excess of 240,000 SF

Manufacturing Facility

Short Term = 1 space for every 24,000 SF, minimum 2 spaces

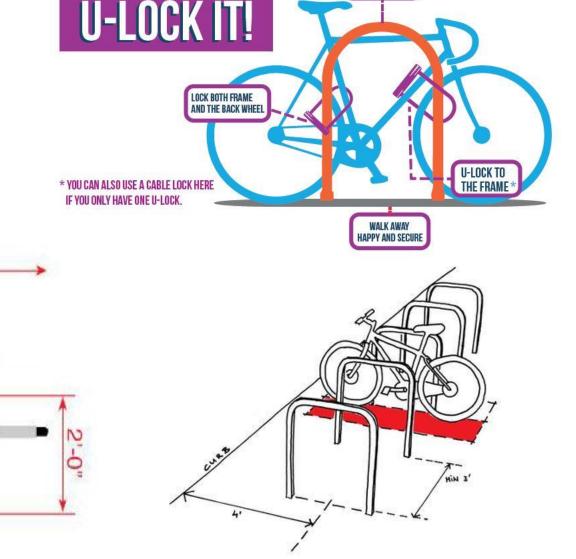
Long Term = Office areas should follow office requirements based on size. For non-office areas there are no min. required.

THE ONLY WAY TO KEEP IT IS IF

Clarity on what constitutes a bicycle parking space, as well as rack requirements for securing locking and support.

See section 295-404-4-b-1. Standards of Design – Bicycle Parking Space

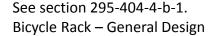
6'-0"



LOCK TO A STURD' BIKE RACK

Bicycle racks that allow secure locking to frame and allows 2-point support













Bicycle racks that lack any point of frame contact are not allowed, and existing 1-point of contact racks may continue to be counted as compliant bike parking space.



Comb-style racks would not be allowed to be counted to meet minimum bike parking requirements.



Existing "wave racks" that are already in place can be counted, but no additional racks of this style may be counted towards min. requirements.

Promoting bicycle parking in safe and rational areas instead of bicycle parking in awkward or unsafe locations, and in a manner that does not obstruct other site elements.



See section 295-404-5. Outdoor Bicycle Parking Positioning – Part of Overall Site Layout and Landscape Design

Clarity on how to mount racks including proper spacing from walls, objects and curbs.



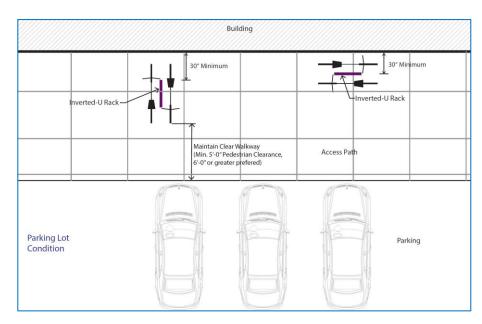


While an acceptable U-Rack, it is mounted too close to immobile planter to allow bike to positioned next to it.

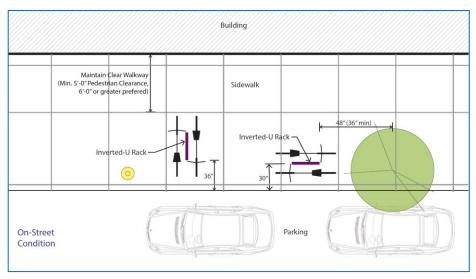
A discourage "wave" rack, it is mounted too close to wall to allow a bike to positioned in the intended perpendicular manner!

- Standards in code clearly outline details for proper placement of bicycle racks, being spaced sufficient distances from each other, walls, objects, curbs, ADA paths of travel.
- Code clarifies allowance in public right-of-way (with DPW permission) if on-site location is not available.

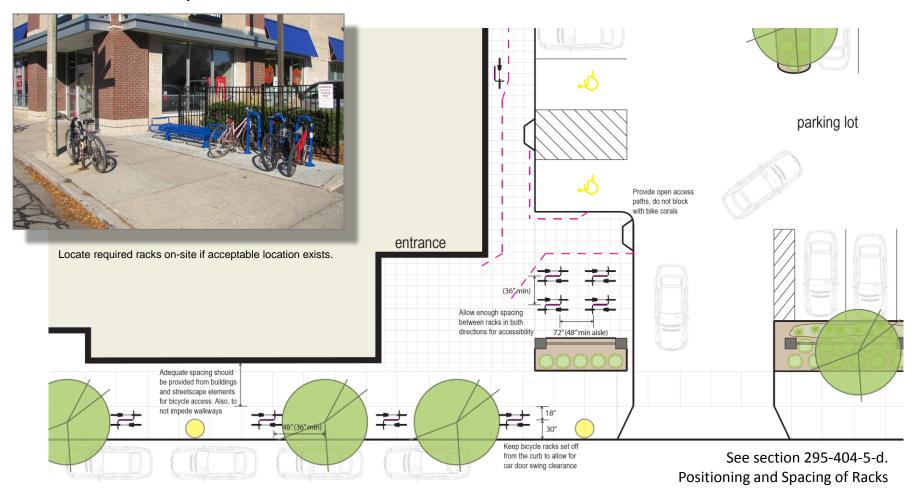




See section 295-404-2-b-3. Spaces to be Provided On-site Wherever Possible and 295-404-5-d. Positioning and Spacing of Racks



Standards in code clearly outline details for proper placement of bicycle racks, being spaced sufficient distances from each other, walls, objects, curbs, ADA paths of travel.



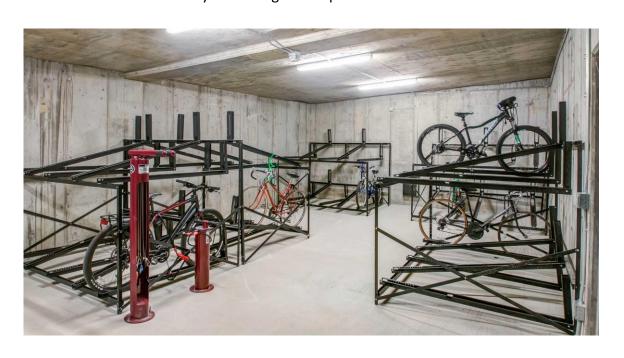
Example Diagram: Short Term, Outdoor Bicycle Parking on a common retail layout

Long Term Bicycle Parking

Typically Located Indoors in

- Bicycle Storage Rooms
- Attached Parking Structures

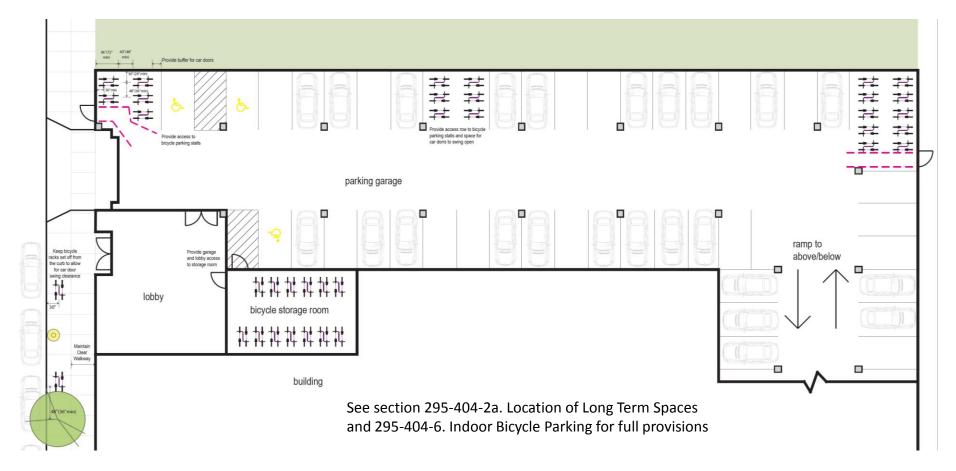
See section 295-404-2a. Location of Long Term Spaces and 295-404-6. Indoor Bicycle Parking for full provisions







Standards in code require easier access to bicycle parking from outdoors, located in a number of flexible locations, while ensuring at least half of spaces are at the entry level or are in other convenient locations.



Example Diagram: Long Term, Indoor Bicycle Parking in Residential Multi-Family Buildings

- Allows alternatives to a bike storage room - outdoor facilities
- Allows on-site corrals, but with locational placement direction
- Encourages upgraded facilities such as sheltered spaces

See section 295-404-4c. Outdoor Enhanced Facilities







Allows unique, different style racking systems for expanded amount of bicycle parking, however REQUIRES that the minimum number of spaces required by code are at ground level.



See section 295-404-4-b-5. Proximity to Ground or Floor



- Makes provisions / allows for bicycle parking in public right of way with DPW approval.
- Allows for bicycle corrals, both on-site and in right-ofway (working with DPW)
- Allows for further provisions with DPW and local Business Improvements Districts to create organized distribution of racks and "pooled" locations in streetscaping plans.



See section 295-404-4d. Standards of Design Bicycle Corral and 295-404-2-b-2 Location of Spaces - Exception for Bicycle Corral

Feedback / Endorsement

"We believe that this proposed ordinance not only guarantees that developers and builders will be implementing bicycle parking in their development plans—giving employees, residents and patrons of their buildings this important transit option—but by its adoption, the city will also be making a strong statement about the value of cycling"

> City of Milwaukee Bicycle and Pedestrian Task Force



City of Milwaukee Bicycle & Pedestrian Task Force

June 15, 2015

Mayor Tom Barrett City of Milwaukee City Hall, Room 201 200 East Wells Street Milwaukee, WI 53202 Commissioner Ghassan Korban City of Milwaukee DPW Zeidler Municipal Building, Room 501 841 North Broadway Milwaukee, WI 53202

Dear Mayor Barrett and Commissioner Korban:

Two of the key charges of the Bicycle & Pedestrian Task Force are to discuss bicycle safety issues and to inspire more bicycle ridership. What's more, research shows that the two are intricately connected: more bike riders helps improve the visibility, awareness and safety of all cyclists and drivers.

That's why we at the Bicycle & Pedestrian Task Force would like to formally support the proposed changes to the Bicycle Space Parking Ordinance, Code 295-201, 295-404 and 295-907. This ordinance specifically addresses the availability of bicycle parking in new construction and redevelopment projects in the city. We believe that this proposed ordinance not only guarantees that developers and builders will be implementing bicycle parking in their development plans—giving employees, residents and patrons of their buildings this important transit option—but by its adoption, the city will also be making a strong statement about the value of cycling.

Quality of life, improved health and wellness, improved creativity, enhanced sustainability and improved safety are just a few of categories improved by the thoughtful attention to transit options like cycling. As we continue to watch Milwaukee grow and thrive, this ordinance helps explain who we are as a culture and helps inspire participation in this transit option.

Please let me know if you have any further questions about our support, our mission or if we can help in any way with the promotion and adoption of this ordinance.

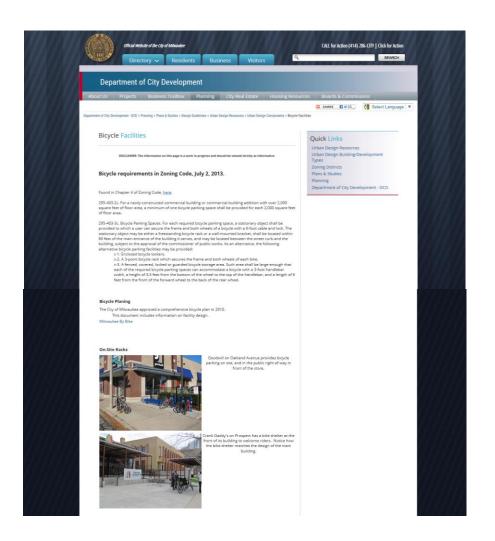
Sincerely.

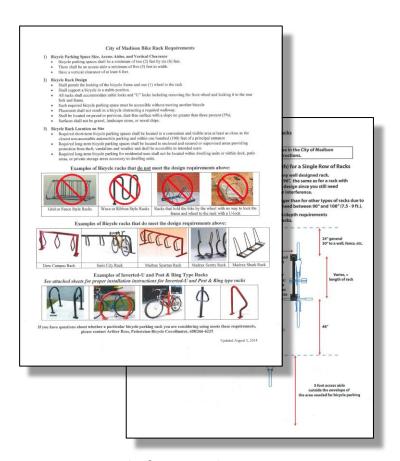
Andy Tillman, Chair Bicycle/Pedestrian Task Force

cc: All Members of the Common Council (via e-mail)

Moving Forward

Update DCD Planning Bicycle Parking Web Page and Hand-Outs



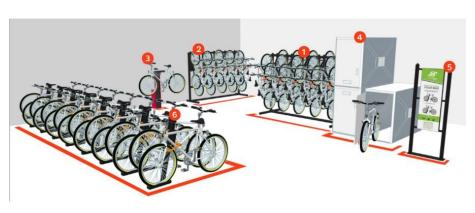


Example from Madison

http://city.milwaukee.gov/BicycleParkingRequirements#.

Moving Forward





Bicycle Parking Best Practices to be added to DCD Web Page





Conclusion: In Summary

What are the important items to know?

- Bicycle parking spaces/racks need for most common uses
- Required in new, rehab and change of occupancy
- Bike parking for daily, regular occupants and visitors / customers
- Racks type and design need to secure bike acceptably
- Racks need to be close to the entrance, not obstruct other items

How does the bike parking get approved?

- As a part of a building permit
- By DNS Plan Examiner
- By DPW if in the right of way.



THANK YOU



Updated Zoning Bicycle Parking Ordinance