..Number 170086 ..Version SUBSTITUTE 1 ..Reference

..Sponsor

ALD. ZIELINSKI

..Title

Substitute resolution relating to nutrition guidelines at City-authorized charter schools. .. Analysis

This resolution directs the Charter School Review Committee to study the feasibility, cost and effectiveness of developing and implementing nutrition and meal service guidelines for City-authorized charter schools so as to reduce the risk of lead absorption for children attending City-authorized charter schools. The Charter School Review Committee shall report its findings to the Common Council within 90 days. ...Body

Whereas, Lead exposure presents a significant risk to children's health and safety when lead is absorbed into the body; and

Whereas, Approximately 17,000 housing units in the city built before 1940 present a lead paint hazard, and approximately 70,000 residences in the city have lead service lines and are likely to also have additional lead plumbing, both of which present a risk of lead exposure; and

Whereas, According to the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) and the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction (DPI), children with full stomachs absorb less lead into the body than children with empty stomachs, and consuming key nutrients, including iron, calcium and vitamin C, can help to reduce lead absorption; and

Whereas, A significant proportion of children attending City-authorized charter schools eat school-provided meals, including breakfast, lunch and after-school snacks; and

Whereas, According to the USDA and DPI, offering free school breakfasts and afterschool meals and snacks to all students reduces the stigma associated with qualifying for and receiving free meals, which in turn increases the likelihood that a child will accept and consume a school-provided meal (meal "participation"); and

Whereas, According to the USDA and DPI, alternative serving models, including serving breakfast in the classroom or "on the go" in high-traffic locations, can increase breakfast participation; and

Whereas, By leveraging the nutrition content of school meals, and by serving school meals in a manner that increases meal participation, City-authorized charter schools could help to mitigate their students' risk of lead absorption; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Common Council of the City of Milwaukee, that the Charter School Review Committee (CSRC) shall study the feasibility, cost and effectiveness of developing and implementing meal nutrition and service guidelines for City-authorized charter schools with the goal of reducing the risk of children's lead absorption; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the CSRC shall consider the following guidelines requiring:

- 1. Each City-authorized charter school to provide a free breakfast to all of the school's enrolled pupils if, in the prior school year, seventy percent or more of the pupils of that school met the income eligibility standard for free or reduced-price lunch in the federal school lunch program under 42 U.S. Code § 1758(b) or the school meets USDA Community Eligibility Provision requirements.
- 2. A City-authorized charter school that provides a free breakfast to all of the school's enrolled pupils to offer and serve breakfast after the start of the school day as follows:
 - a) An elementary school shall offer breakfast in the classroom each day.
 - b) A middle or high school shall offer alternative serving models, such as breakfast in the classroom or grab-and-go carts, in one or more locations with high student traffic, other than the cafeteria, each day to increase breakfast participation.
 - c) These requirements shall not apply to a school in which the school's current breakfast participation rate exceeds seventy-five percent of the school's average daily lunch participation rate.
- 3. City-authorized charter schools to participate in the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) Afterschool Meals program, if eligible.
- City-authorized charter schools to ensure that school meal menus provide pupils access to key nutrients that mitigate lead absorption, specifically vitamin C, iron and calcium.
- 5. The CSRC to annually examine the school meal menus of City-authorized charter schools to ensure that menus provide pupils access to key nutrients that mitigate lead absorption, specifically vitamin C, iron and calcium.
- 6. The CSRC to collect data and report annually to the Common Council concerning which City-authorized charter schools participate in the:
 - a) CACFP Afterschool Meals program and, if so, the number of children served snacks or suppers on an average daily basis at each school.

- b) USDA Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program and, if so, the number of children served snacks under the program on an average daily basis at each school.
- c) USDA Summer Food Service Program and, if so, the number of breakfasts, lunches, suppers and snacks served on an average daily basis during the preceding summer for each school.
- d) National School Breakfast Program and, if so, the schools' breakfast service model and the number of children served breakfast under the program on an average daily basis.
- 7. The CSRC to provide annual reports to the Common Council on nutrition in Cityauthorized charter schools.

; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the CSRC shall report its findings on the feasibility, cost and effectiveness of developing and implementing the proposed guidelines to the Common Council within 90 days after this resolution is adopted.

..Requestor

..Drafter LRB168291-2 Dana J. Zelazny April 25, 2017