Water Service Lines & Lead

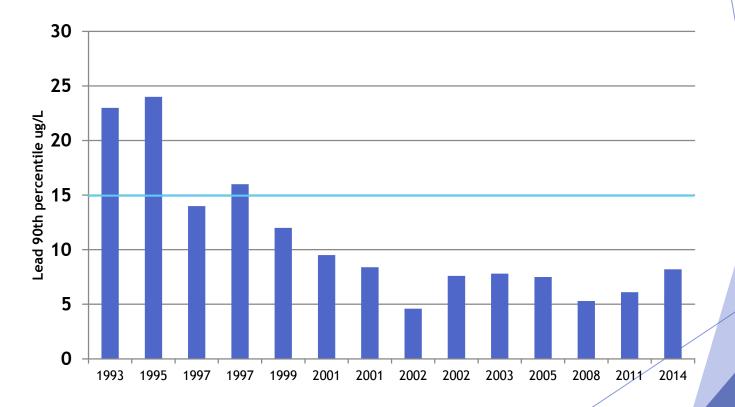
Steering & Rules Committee Jan 28 2016

Milwaukee's Water Quality

- Milwaukee's drinking water has been and remains SAFE
- Lake Michigan source water DOES NOT have lead
- Water leaving plants DOES NOT have lead
- Milwaukee has long met EPA standards for lead in drinking water
- The EPA lead test is based on water from the tap at the "end of the line"
- Milwaukee has treated water with phosphorus since 1996
- Phosphorus "lines" pipes to prevent lead from dissolving or flaking into water

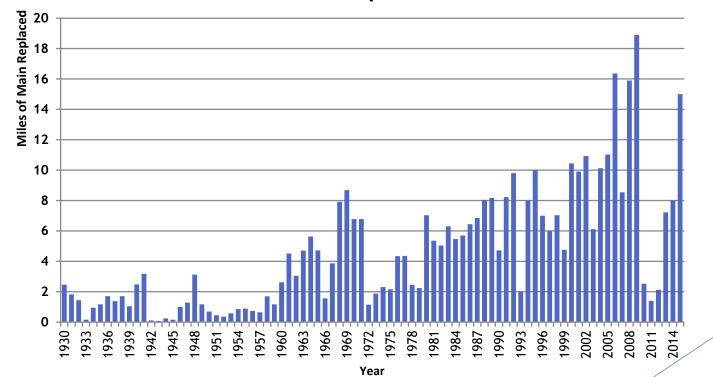
EPA Tap Sample Results

Results of MWW Samples Collected in Compliance with US EPA Lead & Copper Rule



Main Replacement

Water Main Replacement

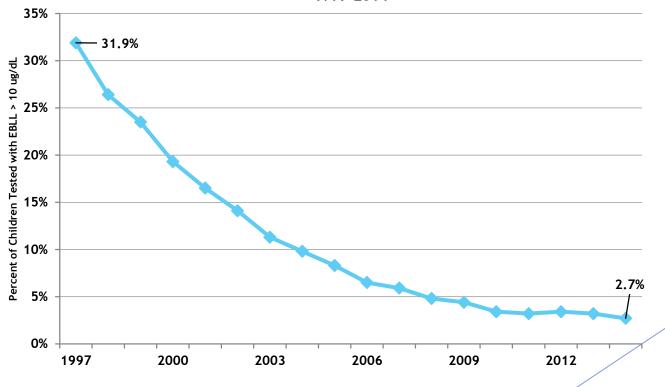


Milwaukee's Lead Risk Reduction Strategy

- Primary source of lead exposure is paint in older housing stock
 - Critical populations: children <6, nursing and pregnant mothers
- Milwaukee Health Dept. has abated 17,000+ units in high-risk areas since 1998
- Children tested w/ elevated blood lead levels:
 - Down from 31.9% in 1997 to 2.7% in 2014

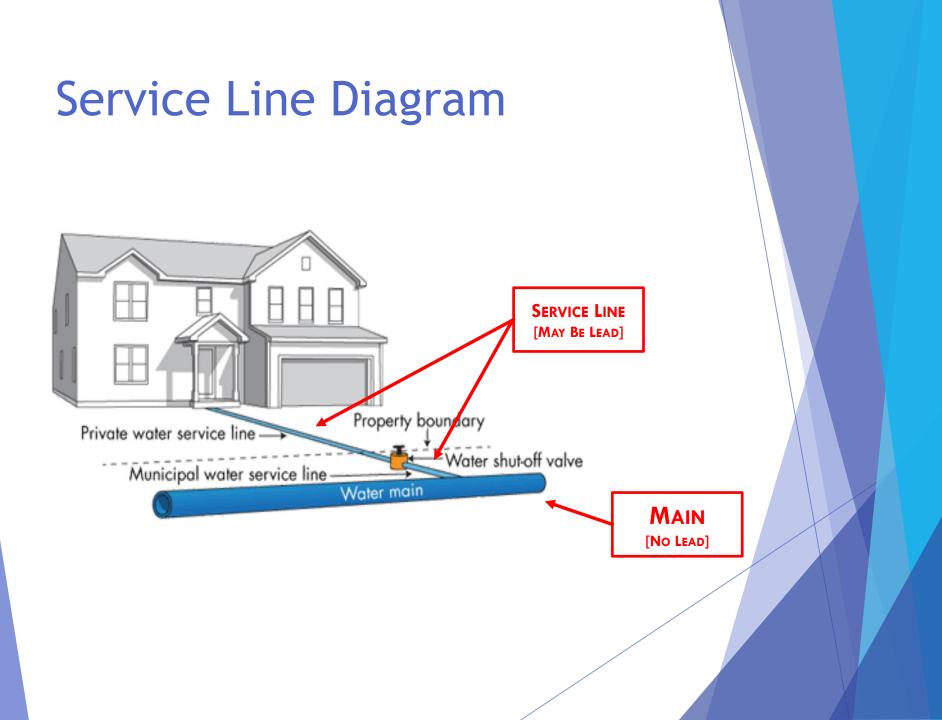
Blood Lead Prevalence

City of Milwaukee Health Department Prevalence of Elevated Blood Lead Levels for Children Under 6 Years Old 1997-2014



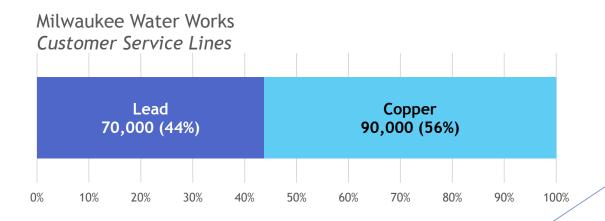
Lead in Water Service Lines

- Water is a secondary source of lead exposure
- There are <u>no</u> lead mains or distribution lines in MWW system
- Water service lines are likely made of lead in homes built before 1951
- Service line is 100% owned by the property owner, City maintains from main to curb valve
- WI utility regulations do not support utility-funded work on private property



Lead Service Lines

- Properties built before 1951 are very likely to have lead water service lines
- Other plumbing components in older homes may also have lead content
- Lead service lines are common throughout the city, not in any one area



Lead Service Lines

- Pre-1951 housing stock throughout the city has lead service lines.
- Not isolated to any one Milwaukee neighborhood.
- Other communities surveyed have significant numbers of lead service lines

City	Lead Services (%)
Milwaukee	70,000 (44%)
Shorewood	3,300 (95%)
West Allis	8,100 (41%)
Chicago, IL	494,000 (78%)
Boston, MA (residential only)	40,000 (53%)
Dayton, OH (residential only)	35,000 (70%)

EPA Review of Lead Service Lines

- US EPA is reviewing current national rules on lead water service lines
- Likely revisions to existing Lead & Copper Rule by 2020
- MWW Superintendent participated in US EPA Drinking Water Advisory Group since 2014
- Key policy questions for Milwaukee and other major cities:
 - ▶ Will EPA mandate *full* lead service line replacement?
 - Will owners be <u>required</u> to remove their portion when the city replaces mains?
 - How do utilities finance replacements?
 - How do owners finance replacements?

Understanding Lead Risk

- The scientific research is unanimous that full service line replacement has the most long-term benefit
- Many local utilities are proactively replacing <u>their half</u> of the service with copper
- The health impact of that practice is not clear
- Disrupting lead lines does create short-term hazards

Pilot & Results

- MWW designed pilot in 2015 to answer the question: do existing mains practices affect lead levels at the tap in Milwaukee?
- Pilot designed and reviewed with:
 - MHD
 - ► US EPA
 - WI DHS
- For 2015, 21 single-family properties with lead service lines were invited to participate:
 - 6 chose to participate
 - All 36 properties with lead services received advisories, regardless of participation

Pilot & Results

- Participants captured 13 samples of tap water on 3 occasions:
 - Pre-project
 - After re-connection to the main
 - 4 weeks after re-connection
- In most homes there was a temporary increase in lead levels after re-connection of the main
- Level returned to previous level after 4-6 weeks

# Samples	Detected Lead
105 (31%)	None
186 (56%)	< 15 ug/L
43 (13%)	> 15 ug/L*

* 27 of 43 samples over action level from 1 property

Pilot & Results

- Results reviewed January with WI DNR, DHS, and US EPA
- Additional 26 properties contacted in January out of abundance of caution
 - 2 commercial
 - 24 residential
 - Through Jan. 26, only 4 residential properties requested testing

Next Steps

- MWW has suspended work for main replacements with lead services for 2016, out of an abundance of caution
- Replacement of mains w/ copper service lines will continue
- MWW and MHD are crafting new protocol and communication for customers who:
 - Have a lead service and a main that needs emergency repair
 - Have a leak in the existing lead service, either on the City or customer side
- Letter to all 70,000 lead service line customers advising on projects, emergency work, and steps to reduce hazards

Next Steps

- MWW, MHD, and Budget are developing a plan to proactively address lead services in 2016 and beyond
 - Public & customer communication on risk
 - Replacement levels & financing strategy
- MWW and MHD will continue working with State and Federal partners on:
 - Remaining in compliance with EPA Lead & Copper Rule
 - Developing model approach for other WI communities and major US cities

