JOINT NOTICE OF GRIEVANCE AND INTENT TO CLAIM OR SUE FOR DAMAGES, AS FOLLOWS:

February 15, 2012

Abdullah Shabazz 1015 W. Burleigh St. Milwaukee, WI 53206,

Plaintiff,

414-553-7045.

VS

J. L. Marcus, of J.L. Marcus Uniforms,

Defendant,

5302 W. Fend Du Lac Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53216-1448,

1-800-453-3944, Fax-1-800-643-9992, WWW.MarcusUniforms.com,

And City if Milwaukee, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin,

Defendant,

C/O, City Clerk (Claims) 200 E. Wells St., Room205 Milwaukee, WI 53202-3567.

The plaintiff, in the above and foregoing, hereby gives notice, requesting damages, in this negotiable claim, in the amount of \$150,000,000. In or out of court consideration is optional; for the following reasons, as follows:

1. That on the day of Saturday, January 28, at about 1:30 P.M., Plaintiff, Abdullah Shabazz, near the North-East, corner of West Fand Du Lac Avenue, on the sidewalk adjacent J.L. Marcus Uniform Store, mentioned above, stumbled, hit his foot, or tripped on or over a raised sidewalk at the subject location. As a result of this fall the plaintiff fell, damaging his hands, knees, wrists, arms, shoulders, head, neck, back, and damages which the plaintiff may be unqualified to asses properly for not being a physician. However, the plaintiff does suffer from former injuries which are, very, likely to have been aggravated by this fall.

١.

Aside from the doctor's reports, attached, and the photos, both of which are enclosed, the plaintiff is presently; and continually under doctor's care.

The photos enclosed are those taken of the sidewalk and general areas of the property on which this claim arose from, or on which this claim resulted from shortly thereafter (few days), this incident happened. The photos enclosed are marked Exhibits-A thru Exhibit-E, and the doctor's reports are marked Exhibits-\$\overline{ Exhibit-, an one page document. Said Exhibits are enclosed along with this complaint.

Respectfully Submitted,

Abdullah Shabazz, plaintiff, herein, swears under penalty of perjury, that the information in the foregoing, is true and correct to the best of his knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before this, /(aday of Ebruary, 2012, and served upon both defendants, herein as referred to above, and/executed.

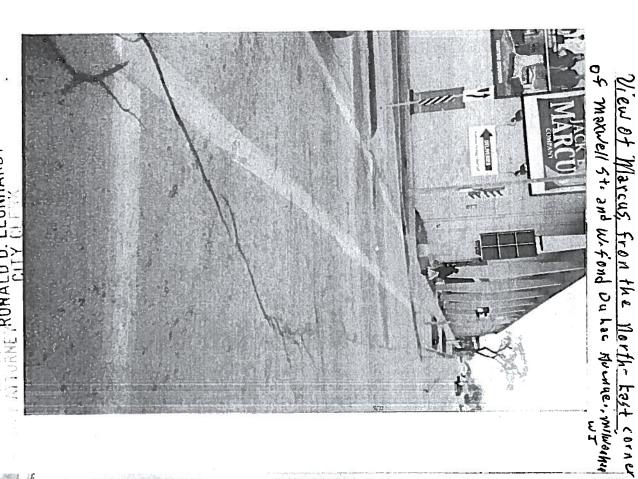
P.O. Box 76653

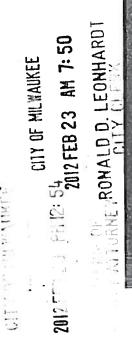
Milwaukee, WI 53216

Notary Public

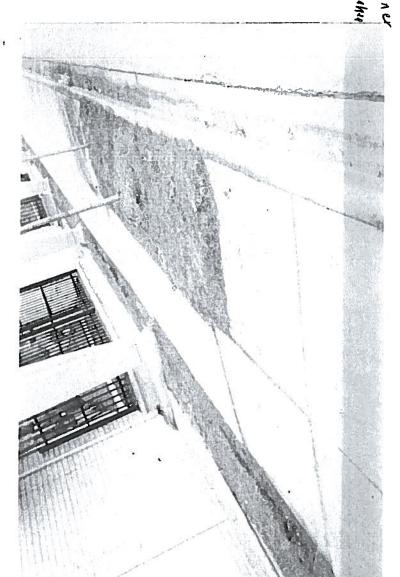
Subscribed and sworn to before me

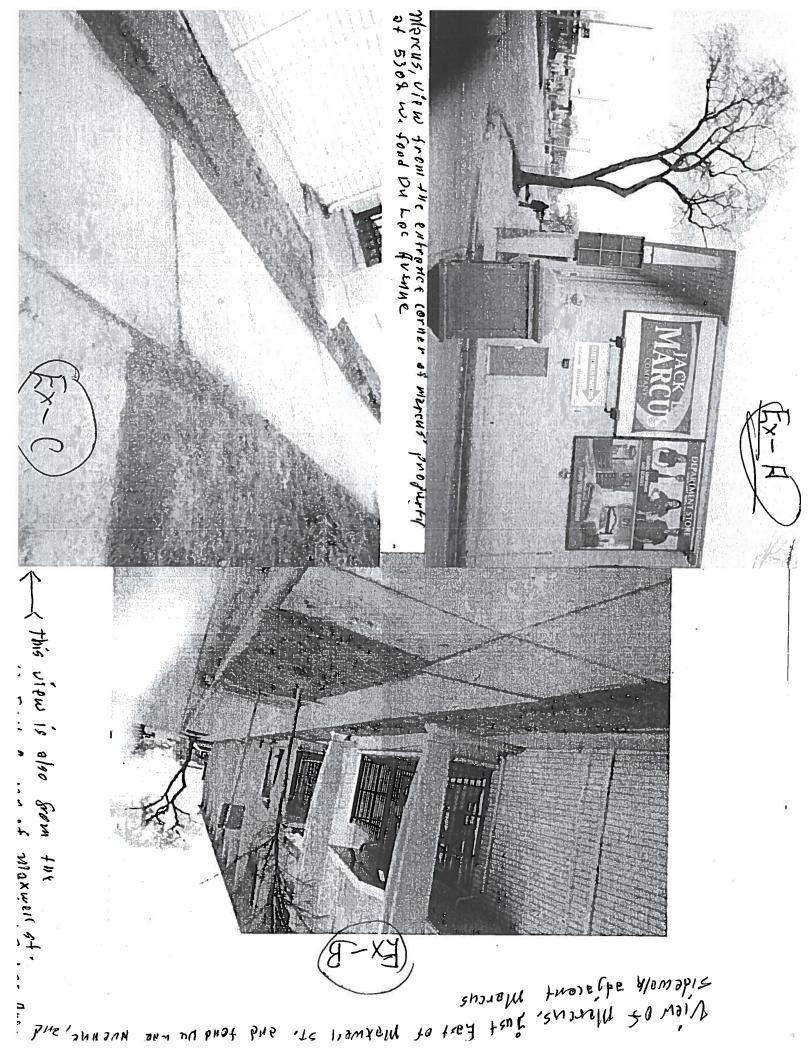
My connicsion expires July 8,2012











Dates of Photos taken and Picked up.

Create Photo Cards
in store or online.
Go to Walgreens.com/photo
then pick them up at your local Walgreens.

have them re in as



Shadazz, Addullah (414)553-7046 723455 1125

1HR - 1 Set of 35mm 4x6 Glossy 27 exp

02/02/12 03:49 PM

Store #12783

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'Available in select locations, during regular lab hours. To find a store near you, visit Walgreens, com/photo

Wheaton Franciscan Healthcare A Ministry of the Wheaton Franciscan Sisters, in Partnership with the Felcian Sisteres

Discharge Report

Sex:

Age:



Patient Name:

SHABAZZ, ABDULLAH

M

Birthdate:

08/14/1937

74

Acct No:

73199128

Arrival Date:

Medical Rec No:

508159

01/28/2012 13:21 CST

Visit Date: **Treating Provider:** 01/28/2012 13:39 CST

Primary MD:

ABALO NUNYAKPE, MD 7810 W. GOOD HOPE,

MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin

53223-0000 Phone: 414

586-9255

Charles D Cline PA

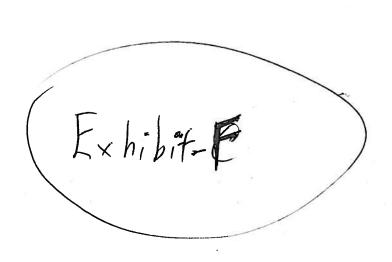
Chart Status:

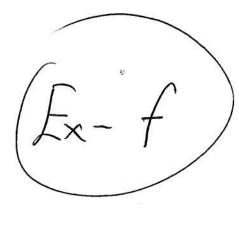
Interim

Diagnosis

1) Fall due to slipping on ice or snow

Non-MedOrder	
ED-CT Cervical Spine wo Contrast, ED Request Indication-Neck pain w trauma	
ED-Shoulder LT 2+ Views Indication-Shoulder with trauma	
ED-Wrist LT 3+ Views Indication-Wrist pain w trauma ,	
ED-Pelvis 1 or 2 Views Indication-Hip Injury	\neg
ED-Hand Rt 3+ Views Indication-Hand pain with trauma	
#CT Cervical Spine No Contrast	









DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Patient Name: SHABAZZ, ABDULLAH

Med Rec No: 508159

Visit Date: 01/28/2012

Acct No: 73199128



We have examined and treated you today on an emergency/urgent care basis only. If your symptoms or medical problem(s) fail to improve, call us at the number above, see your doctor, or return here. If you were prescribed sedatives or pain medications that may make you drowsy, do not drink alcohol, drive or operate machinery while you are taking those medications. If you were prescribed an over the counter medication, it is important to thoroughly read the information contained in the package before taking the medication.

Thank you for choosing our Emergency Department for your health care needs. Our goal is for each patient and family to have a positive experience. We strive for excellence and value your opinion of our services. You may receive a patient satisfaction survey in the mail. Please take a moment to provide us your feedback. If you would like to provide a compliment or have concerns about your experience, please call our Customer Service Line at 414-447-7433.

You were treated today by:

Eric Adar MD

CUSTOM INSTRUCTIONS

Return for any new or worsening symptoms, especially headache, nausea, vomiting, vision problems or confusion.

ADDITIONAL FOLLOWUP INSTRUCTIONS

Arrange for a follow up appointment with patient's own Primary Care Provider in 3-5 days or immediately if your symptoms get worse.

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Abrasions

Abrasions

Abrasions are skin scrapes. Their treatment depends on how large and deep the abrasion is. Abrasions do not extend through all layers of the skin. A cut or lesion through all skin layers is called a laceration.

HOME CARE INSTRUCTIONS

If you were given a dressing, change it at least once a day or as instructed by your caregiver. If the bandage sticks, soak it off with a solution of water or hydrogen peroxide.

Twice a day, wash the area with soap and water to remove all the cream/ointment. You may do this in a sink, under a tub faucet, or in a shower. Rinse off the soap and pat dry with a clean towel. Look for signs of infection (see below).

Reapply cream/ointment according to your caregiver's instruction. This will help prevent infection and keep the bandage from sticking. Telfa or gauze over the wound and under the dressing or wrap will also help keep the bandage from sticking.

If the bandage becomes wet, dirty, or develops a foul smell, change it as soon as possible. Only take over-the-counter or prescription medicines for pain, discomfort, or fever as directed by your caregiver.

Print Date: 01/28/2012 16:29

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Patient Name: SHABAZZ, ABDULLAH

Visit Date: 01/28/2012

Med Rec No: 508159

Acct No: 73199128

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Abrasions

SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL CARE IF:

Increasing pain in the wound.

Signs of infection develop: redness, swelling, surrounding area is tender to touch, or pus coming from the wound.

An oral temperature above 102°F (38.9°C) develops.

Any foul smell coming from the wound or dressing.

Most skin wounds heal within ten days. Facial wounds heal faster. However, an infection may occur despite proper treatment. You should have the wound checked for signs of infection within 24 to 48 hours or sooner if problems arise. If you were not given a wound-check appointment, look closely at the wound yourself on the second day for early signs of infection listed above.

MAKE SURE YOU:

Understand these instructions.

Will watch your condition.

Will get help right away if you are not doing well or get worse.

Document Released: 09/27/2006 Document Re-Released: 11/30/2009

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DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Patient Name: SHABAZZ, ABDULLAH

Visit Date: 01/28/2012

Med Rec No: 508159

Acct No: 73199128

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Contusions

Contusions

A contusion is an area of tenderness and swelling in the soft tissues. It may also be called a deep bruise. A contusion is the result of damage and a small amount of bleeding in an injured area. Severe contusions may stay painful and swollen for a few weeks following injury.

HOME CARE INSTRUCTIONS

Rest the injured area until the pain and swelling are better.

Apply ice packs every few hours for 2 to 3 days, then use moist heat for comfort.

Elevate the injury to reduce swelling.

Compression bandages may also help reduce swelling and motion, which may help control pain.

A larger collection of blood may form in the deep tissue (hematoma). This may form with a large contusion. Hematomas are usually reabsorbed by the body naturally. Sometimes they need to be drained.

SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL CARE IF YOU DEVELOP:

Signs of infection (increased redness, swelling, or pain).

Numbness or coldness to the injured area.

MAKE SURE YOU:

Understand these instructions.

Will watch your condition.

Will get help right away if you are not doing well or get worse.

Document Released: 01/25/2006 Document Re-Released: 03/14/2011

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DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Patient Name: SHABAZZ, ABDULLAH

Visit Date: 01/28/2012

Med Rec No: 508159

Acct No: 73199128

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Falls In The Elderly- Brief

Falls In The Elderly

Falls are the top cause of injuries, accidents, and accidental deaths in people over the age of 65. Falling is a real threat to your ability to live on your own.

CAUSES

Poor eyesight or poor hearing, can make you more likely to fall.

Illnesses and physical conditions can affect your strength and balance.

Poor lighting or throw rugs in your home can make you more likely to trip or slip.

The side effects of some medicines can upset your balance and lead to falling. These include medicines for depression, sleep problems, high blood pressure, diabetes, and heart conditions.

PREVENTION

First, be sure your home is as safe as possible. Here are some tips:

Wear shoes with nonskid soles (not house slippers).

Be sure your home is well lit so that you can see things you might trip over.

Use night lights in your bedroom, bathroom, hallways and stairways.

Remove throw rugs or fasten them to the floor with carpet tape. Tack down carpet edges.

Do not put electrical cords across pathways.

Have grab bars put in your bathtub, shower and toilet area.

Have handrails put on both sides of stairways.

Do not climb on stools and stepladders. Get someone else to help with jobs that call for climbing.

Do not wax your floors at all, or use a non-skid wax.

Have sidewalks and walkways repaired so that surfaces are smooth and even.

Next, get regular check-ups from your doctor, and take good care of yourself:

Have your eyes checked every year for vision changes, cataracts, glaucoma and other eye problems.

Have your hearing checked every two years, or anytime you or others think that you cannot hear well.

See your doctor if you have foot pain or corns. Sore feet can contribute to falls.

Let your doctor know if a medicine is making you feel dizzy or making you lose your balance. If your doctor wants you to use a cane or a walker, learn how to use it--and then use it all the time.

When you get up from bed during the night or in the morning, sit on the side of the bed for a minute or two before you stand up. This will give your blood pressure time to adjust, and you will feel less dizzy.

If you need to go to the bathroom often at night, consider using a bedside commode.

And keep your body in good shape:

Get regular exercise, especially walking.

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Patient Name: SHABAZZ, ABDULLAH

Visit Date: 01/28/2012

Med Rec No: 508159

Acct No: 73199128

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Falls In The Elderly- Brief

Do exercises to strengthen the muscles you use for walking and lifting.

Do not smoke.

Minimize use of alcohol.

SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL CARE IF:

If you feel dizzy, weak or unsteady on your feet

If you feel confused

If you fall.

Document Released: 12/18/2006 Document Re-Released: 10/14/2008

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DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Patient Name: SHABAZZ, ABDULLAH

Visit Date: 01/28/2012

Med Rec No: 508159

Acct No: 73199128

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Head Injuries, Adult

Head Injuries, Adult

You have had a head injury which does not appear serious at this time. A concussion is a state of changed mental ability, usually from a blow to the head. You should take clear liquids for the rest of the day and then resume your regular diet. You should not take sedatives or alcoholic beverages for 48 hours after discharge. After injuries such as yours, most problems occur within the first 24 hours.

THESE MINOR SYMPTOMS MAY BE SEEN AFTER DISCHARGE:

Memory difficulties

Dizziness

Headaches

Double vision

Hearing difficulties

Depression

Tiredness

Weakness

Difficulty with concentration

If you experience any of these problems, you should not be alarmed. A concussion requires a few days for recovery. Many patients with head injuries frequently experience such symptoms. Usually, these problems disappear without medical care. If symptoms last for more than one day, notify your caregiver. See your caregiver sooner if symptoms are becoming worse rather than better.

HOME CARE INSTRUCTIONS

During the next 24 hours you must stay with someone who can watch you for the warning signs listed below.

Although it is unlikely that serious side effects will occur, you should be aware of signs and symptoms which may necessitate your return to this location. Side effects may occur up to 7 - 10 days following the injury. It is important for you to carefully monitor your condition and contact your caregiver or seek immediate medical attention if there is a change in your condition.

SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL CARE IF:

There is confusion or drowsiness.

You can not awaken the injured person.

There is nausea (feeling sick to your stomach) or continued, forceful vomiting.

You notice dizziness or unsteadiness which is getting worse, or inability to walk.

You have convulsions or unconsciousness.

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Patient Name: SHABAZZ, ABDULLAH

Visit Date: 01/28/2012

Med Rec No: 508159

Acct No: 73199128

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

Head Injuries, Adult

You experience severe, persistent headaches not relieved by over-the-counter or prescription medicines for pain. (Do not take aspirin as this impairs clotting abilities). Take other pain medications only as directed.

You can not use arms or legs normally.

There is clear or bloody discharge from the nose or ears.

MAKE SURE YOU:

Understand these instructions.

Will watch your condition.

Will get help right away if you are not doing well or get worse.

Document Released: 12/18/2006 Document Re-Released: 12/06/2010

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If you received x-rays, they do not always show injury or disease. Fractures (breaks in the bones) are not always revealed on the initial x-ray but may be revealed on the subsequent x-rays. Your x-ray has been read on a preliminary basis. Final reading will be made by the Radiologist. You or your referral physician will be notified of any additional findings through the Emergency department.

If cultures were done today results will not be available for 72 hours. We will call you if the

culture is positive and additional treatment is required.

If you received and EKG it has been read on a preliminary basis by the physician on duty. A final reading will be made and you or your referral physician will be contacted if additional treatment is required.