JIM DOYLE GOVERNOR



Wednesday, March 17, 2004
Contact: Jessica Erickson, Office of the Governor, 608-261-2156

Governor Doyle Signs Long Overdue Bill to Provide Differential Pay Benefit to State Employees Called to Active Duty

Also Signs Bill to Ensure that Those Serving Our Country
Have a Local Point of Contact for Assistance and Information

MADISON – At a bill signing ceremony at the Department of Military Affairs today, Sovernor Jim Doyle signed long overdue legislation to provide a "differential pay" benefit to Wisconsin state employees who are members of the Wisconsin National Guard and Reserves, and are called to active military duty to serve their country.

"With this bill's enactment, our state government employees who are proudly serving their country will no longer have to worry about their families suffering financially while they are risking their lives overseas," Governor Doyle said. "I am pleased that the political gridlock holding back this bill was finally broken, and that the Legislature answered my call to honor the courage and sacrifice of our citizens soldiers by moving quickly to get this bill on my desk."

The bill, Assembly Bill 418, ensures that state employees whose military salary is lower than their regular salary are not financially penalized for serving their country. Under the provision, which is modeled after many private sector companies, the state will make up the difference, if any, between the employee's military salary and their state salary.

During his State of the State Address on January 21, Governor Doyle called on the Assembly to act on the important legislation, which had been stalled in the Assembly for several months despite strong bipartisan support. After the Governor's call for action, the Assembly leadership quickly scheduled the bill for a vote. The bill passed the Assembly on February 3, and the Senate on February 26.

Governor Doyle noted that many other Wisconsin employers, including Ameri can Family, Miller Brewing, and Rockwell Automation, provide a differential pay benefit to their employees.

"I hope that this law will inspire other Wisconsin employers to offer a differential pay benefit to their employees on active duty," Governor Doyle said. "None of our brave men and women in uniform should have to worry that their families will suffer a financial penalty because their loved one is serving our country."

- MORE -

Wednesday, March 17, 2004 Page 2 of 2

> The Governor has already included a differential pay benefit in contracts signed with several employee bargaining units, and is negotiating to have the provision included for all epresented state employees. AB 418 will extend the benefit to non-represented employees and will make the benefit for all employees retroactive to January 1, 2003, roughly corresponding to the mobilization of troops for Iraq.

The Governor thanked Representative Terry Musser for his work with the Administration to craft the bill and for his persistence in pushing the bill through the Assembly. He also thanked Major General Al Wilkening of the Wisconsin National Guard and Secretary John Scocos of the Department of Veterans Affairs for their service to the state, and for their support of AB 418.

Governor Doyle also signed legislation today to require county veterans service officers (CVSOs) to provide the same type of services and assistance to members of the National Guard and Reserves as they do for active members of the U.S. Armed Forces. Under Astembly Bill 409, CVSOs are also directed to cooperate with federal and state agencies that selve or grant benefits to members and their dependents.

"With the ongoing activation and deployment of Wisconsin National Guard and Rederve units, veterans service officers are receiving more and more calls for information on potential benefits and assistance available to Guard and Reserve members," Governor Doyle said. This bill expands the important role of these officers to ensure that all individuals who are serving or have served our country in the Armed Forces have a local point of contact for assistance and information."

The Governor thanked the bill's primary author, Representative Terry Musser, for his work to get AB 409 to the Governor's desk.

June 24, 2003 – Introduced by Representatives Musser, Townsend, Boyle, Loeffelholz, Miller, Nass, Travis, Suder, Cullen, Van Ackeren, Ott. Kreibich, Lemahieu, Krawczyk, Turner, Freese, Hahn, Hings, Owens, J. Fitzgerald and Gunderson, cosponsored by Senators Zien, Wrch, Breske, Roessler, Chvala, Hansen, Erpenbach and Risser, by request of Governor James E. Doyle, Referred to Committee on Veterans and Military Affairs.

AN ACT to amend 230.32 (1) (intro.); and to create 230.315 of the statutes; relating to: differential pay and accumulation of sick leave and annual leave for certain state employees activated into service in the U.S. armed forces or the U.S. public health service.

1

2

3

4

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill provides that certain state employees who are activated to serve on military duty in the U.S. armed forces shall be paid their state salaries, less any military pay and allowances that they receive, during the period in which the employees are on military duty in the U.S. armed forces, unless the military pay and allowances equal or exceed an employee's state salary, and shall continue to accumulate sick leave and vacation as though no interruption in service has occurred. Under the bill, in order to qualify for the payment, an employee must: 1) on or after January 1, 2003, be activated to serve on military duty in the U.S. armed forces, other than for training purposes; 2) on the date on which he or site is activated, be either a member of the Wisconsin national guard or a member of a reserve component of the U.S. armed forces or be recalled to active military duty from inactive reserve status; and 3) be on an authorized military leave of ibsence.

In addition, the bill provides that state employees who are required to serve in the U.S. public health service and who are on detail with any of the U.S. armed forces shall be paid their state salaries, less any federal pay and a llowances that the employees receive during the period in which the employees are detailed for duty

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

with any of the U.S. armed forces, unless the federal pay and allowances equal or exceed an employee's state salary.

Under the bill, an employee receives pay and benefits for not more than 179 days, except that the governor may extend that period to not more than ore year. The bill applies retroactively to leaves that begin on or after January 1, 2003.

Currently, classified state employees who are inducted into active service in the U.S. armed forces or who are requested to work for the federal government during a national emergency or limited national emergency have restoration rights and certain other benefits but do not receive their state salaries and do not accumulate sick leave and vacation while on leave for federal service.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 230.315 of the statutes is created to read:

employees activated into certain federal service. (1) Subject to sub (3), a state employee who is activated to serve on military duty in the U.S. arrned lorces shall be paid his or her state salary, less any military pay and allowances that he or she receives, during the period in which the employee is on military cluty in the U.S. armed forces, unless the military pay and allowances equal or exceed his or her state salary, and shall accumulate sick leave and paid annual leave of absence as though no interruption in service has occurred if all of the following apply:

- (a) On or after January 1, 2003, the employee is activated to serve on military duty in the U.S. armed forces, other than for training purposes.
- (b) On the date on which he or she is activated, the employee is either a member of the Wisconsin national guard or a member of a reserve component of the U.S. armed forces or is recalled to active military duty from inactive reserve status.

- (c) The employee has received a military leave of absence under s. 230.32 (3) (a) or 230.35 (3), under a collective bargaining agreement under subch. V of ch. 111, or under rules promulgated by the secretary of employment relations or is eligible for reemployment with the state under s. 45.50 after completion of his or her service in the U.S. armed forces.
- (2) Subject to sub. (3), a state employee who is required on or after January 1, 2003, to serve in the U.S. public health service and who is on detail with any of the U.S. armed forces shall be paid his or her state salary, less any federal pay and allowances that he or she receives, during the period in which the employee is detailed for duty with any of the U.S. armed forces, unless the federal pay and allowances equal or exceed his or her state salary, and shall accumulate sick leave and paid annual leave of absence as though no interruption in service has occurred.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), beginning on the 30th day after a state employee is activated to serve on military duty in the U.S. armed forces or to serve in the U.S. public health service, the employee shall receive the pay and benefits authorized under sub. (1) or (2) for a period of not more than 179 days.
- (b) The governor, by executive order, may extend the period that an employee receives the pay and benefits under par. (a) up to a period of one year from the date on which the person is activated to serve on military duty in the U.S. armed forces or to serve in the U.S. public health service.
- (4) An appointing authority shall permit a state employee who is eligible to receive the pay and benefits authorized under sub. (1) or (2) and who has completed his or her duty with the U.S. armed forces or the U.S. public health service to use up to 80 hours of accumulated paid leave before the employee resumes employment with the state.

Section 2. 230.32 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

230.32 (1) (intro.) Any classified employee of this state, except a limited term employee, who enlists, is ordered or is inducted into active service in the armed forces of the United States or who is requested to work for the federal government during a national emergency or a limited national emergency, shall be restored to the same or similar position in the classified service and his or her employment shall be deemed not to have been interrupted by such leave except for the receipt of pay or other compensation, and accumulation of sick leave and accumulation of vacation for the period of such absence, unless the employee qualifies to receive pay and benefits under s. 230.315, and the employee shall be given all the other benefits of seniority, status, pay, pay advancement, performance awards and pension rights under ch. 40 as though the state employment was continuous, if:

Section 3. Nonstatutory provisions.

- (1) COVERAGE.
- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and notwithstanding sections 111.84 (1) and (2), 111.91 (1) and (2), and 111.93 (3) of the statutes, section 230.315 of the statutes, as created by this act, applies to state employees and the state before July 1, 2005, regardless of whether the employees are nonrepresented or represented by a labor organization, as defined in section 111.81 (12) of the statutes.
- (b) Beginning on July 1, 2003, for any state employee represented by a labor organization, as defined in section 111.81 (12) of the statutes, section 230.315 of the statutes, as created by this act, applies until the day before the effective late of any act ratifying the collective bargaining agreement for the 2003–05 fiscal biennium that covers that employee. Beginning on the effective date of any such act, section

230.315 of the statutes, as created by this act, applies only if provided by the terms of the collective bargaining agreement.

(2) RETROACTIVE RECEIPT OF PAY AND BENEFITS. If a state employed who is eligible to receive the pay and benefits authorized under section 230.315 of the statutes, as created by this act, was activated to serve on military duty in the U.S. armed forces or in the U.S. public health service during the period that begins on January 1, 2003, and ends on the day before the effective date of this subsection, the employee shall receive the pay and benefits authorized under section 230.315 (1) or (2) of the statutes, as created by this act, for any service on military duty in the U.S. armed forces or in the U.S. public health service during that period.

11

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

(END)