MILWAUKEE Bass 3 POLICE	MILWAUKEE POLICE DEPARTMENT			
	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE			
	900 - HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN			
GENERAL ORDE ISSUED: April 7, 2		EFFECTIVE: April 7, 2021	REVIEWED/APPROVED BY: Inspector Willie Murphy DATE: March 15, 2021	
ACTION: Amends General Order		r 2018-14 (May 30, 2018)	WILEAG STANDARD(S): 6.3.3, 13.1.1, 13.1.2, 13.2.1	
ROLL CALL VERSION Contains only changes to current policy. For complete version of SOP, see SharePoint.				
900.00 PURPOSE (WILEAG 13.1.1)				
To establish guidelines to effectively manage the following situations:				
A. Ci	vil disturbanc	es;		
B. Mass arrests;				
AC. Acts of terrorism;				
BD. Hostage and barricaded persons;				
<mark>C</mark> ≣. Ot	CE. Other unusual incidents and disasters.			
<u>900.10</u> DEFI	NITIONS			
D. Cl	VIL DISTURI	BANCE		
An unlawful assembly that constitutes a breach of the peace or any assembly of persons where there is imminent danger of collective violence, destruction of property of other unlawful acts.				
Note: A lawful demonstration is not a civil disturbance.				

DE. DISASTER

Any natural or man-made event, hostile attack or other hazardous occurrence threatening or causing extensive damage to life and/or property.

EF. HOSTAGE INCIDENT

The holding of any person(s) against their will by an armed or potentially armed suspect.

FG. INNER PERIMETER

A boundary which serves the dual purpose of containing the suspect(s) and preventing other persons from coming in contact with a highly dangerous situation.

GH. OUTER PERIMETER

The area adjacent to and surrounding the inner perimeter. The outer perimeter will provide a safe zone for access to the inner perimeter as well as defining the limit of access by unauthorized persons.

HI. TERRORISM

The unlawful use or threat of force or violence against persons or property to intimidate or coerce a government or civilian population in furtherance of political or social objectives.

IJ. SOUTHEASTERN WISCONSIN THREAT ANALYSIS CENTER (S.T.A.C.)

Southeastern Wisconsin Threat Analysis Center (STAC) is one of 79 national fusion centers recognized by the United States Department of Homeland Security. STAC provides actionable intelligence to local, state, and federal decision makers who have the authority to allocate operational resources in terrorism and other criminal investigations.

<u>900.15</u> <u>PROCEDURES</u> (WILEAG 6.3.3, 13.1.1, 13.1.2)

A. CIVIL DISTURBANCES

- 1. Primary Officers' Responsibilities
 - a. Observe the situation from a safe distance to determine if the gathering is currently or potentially violent.
 - b. Notify the Technical Communications Division as to the nature of the disturbance.
 - c. Request the assistance of a supervisor and any additional personnel.
 - d. Attempt to identify crowd leaders and individuals involved in criminal acts.
- 2. Supervisors' Responsibilities
 - a. Assess the situation for the potential for escalation. If the disturbance is minor in nature and adequate resources are available, efforts should be made to disperse the crowd.
 - b. When appropriate, ensure proper notification is made to outside agencies to include fire department and other law enforcement agencies.

- c. Establish a command post and an outside perimeter to contain the disturbance and prohibit entrance into the area.
- d. Ensure that civilians are evacuated from the area if necessary. (WILEAG 13.1.1.1)
- 3. Incident Commanders' Responsibilities

An assistant chief, or designee, shall serve as or appoint an incident commander (IC) to direct operations. The primary objectives of the IC will be as follows:

- a. Protect persons and property.
- b. Disperse disorderly or threatening crowds.
- c. Determine whether the arrest of individual law violators is appropriate.
- d. Determine whether notification should be made for the Major Incident Response Team (MIRT).
- **B. MASS ARRESTS**

During the course of civil disturbances it may become necessary to make arrests of numerous individuals. Mass arrests should be a last resort. When mass arrests are necessary, the following procedures should apply:

- 1. Arrests should be made by two-person teams. Members should not enter a crowd alone. If possible, limit the number of arrests to ensure that arresting members are able to recall specific facts for incident reports.
- 2. District shift commanders shall ensure that adequate detention space will be made available in the district in which the incident is occurring.
- 3. The incident commander shall ensure that an arrest team is designated to process all prisoners and that an adequate number of vehicles are available for that purpose.
- If arrestees are injured or claiming injury following their arrest, medical attention shall be summoned prior to booking. All prisoners shall be treated in accordance with department SOP 090 Prisoners and Booking. (WILEAG 13.1.1.2)
- AC. ACTS OF TERRORISM
- BÐ. HOSTAGE AND BARRICADED PERSONS
 - 5. After Action Report

Upon the resolution of a barricaded suspect, barricaded subject, or hostage incident, the incident commander shall prepare a complete and detailed report of the incident

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utilizing a *Department Memorandum* (form PM-9E). The incident commander shall forward a copy of the report to the following:

- a. Assistant chief of the Patrol Bureau and the Criminal Investigation Bureau police district where the incident occurred.
- c. Commanding officer of the respective Criminal Investigation Bureau division where the incident occurred.
- cd. Commanding officer of the Specialized Patrol Division.

CE. OTHER UNUSUAL INCIDENTS OR DISASTERS

JEFFREY B. NORMAN ACTING CHIEF OF POLICE

JBN:mfk