

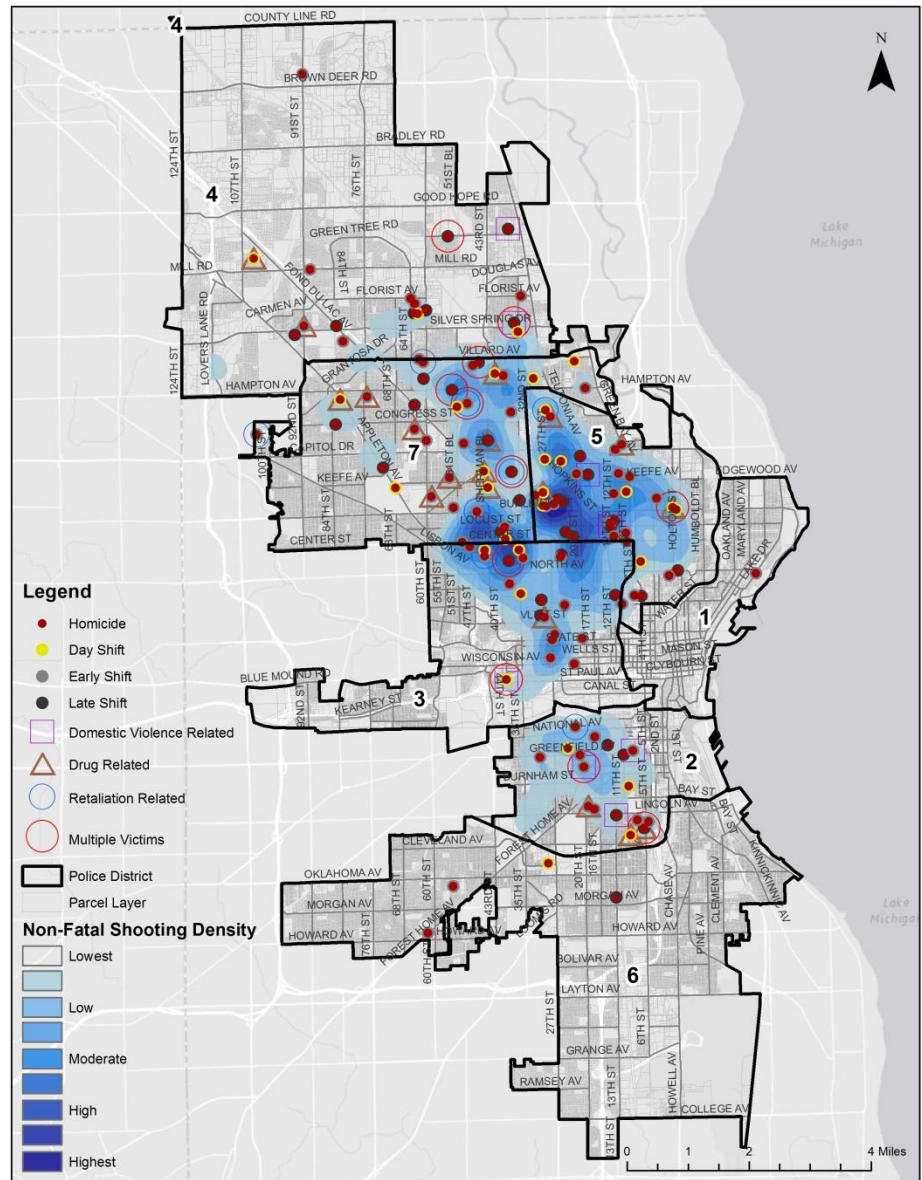
# Milwaukee Police Department 2015 Annual Homicide & Non-Fatal Shooting Report



# Executive Summary

- In 2015, there were 145 homicides in the City of Milwaukee, which is the highest number of homicides the city has seen in any year since 1993. This represents a 69% increase from 2014 (86).
- This increase follows some of the lowest numbers in decades. Milwaukee averaged 119 homicides between 1994-2004, while averaging 96 homicides between 2005—2015.
- In 6 of the past 9 years, the area encompassed by zip code 53206 has led Milwaukee in homicides.
- In 2015, there was a 30% decrease in robbery-related homicides and a 58% increase in homicides stemming from an Argument/Fight.
- District 7 led Milwaukee with 40 homicides in 2015. This accounts for 28% of the city's overall homicides. The 40 homicides also represent a 264% increase from District 7's 2014 homicides (11).
- In 2015, there were 33 accidental, self-inflicted shootings (1 fatal, 32 non-fatal), compared to 13 in 2014. This represents a 158% increase.

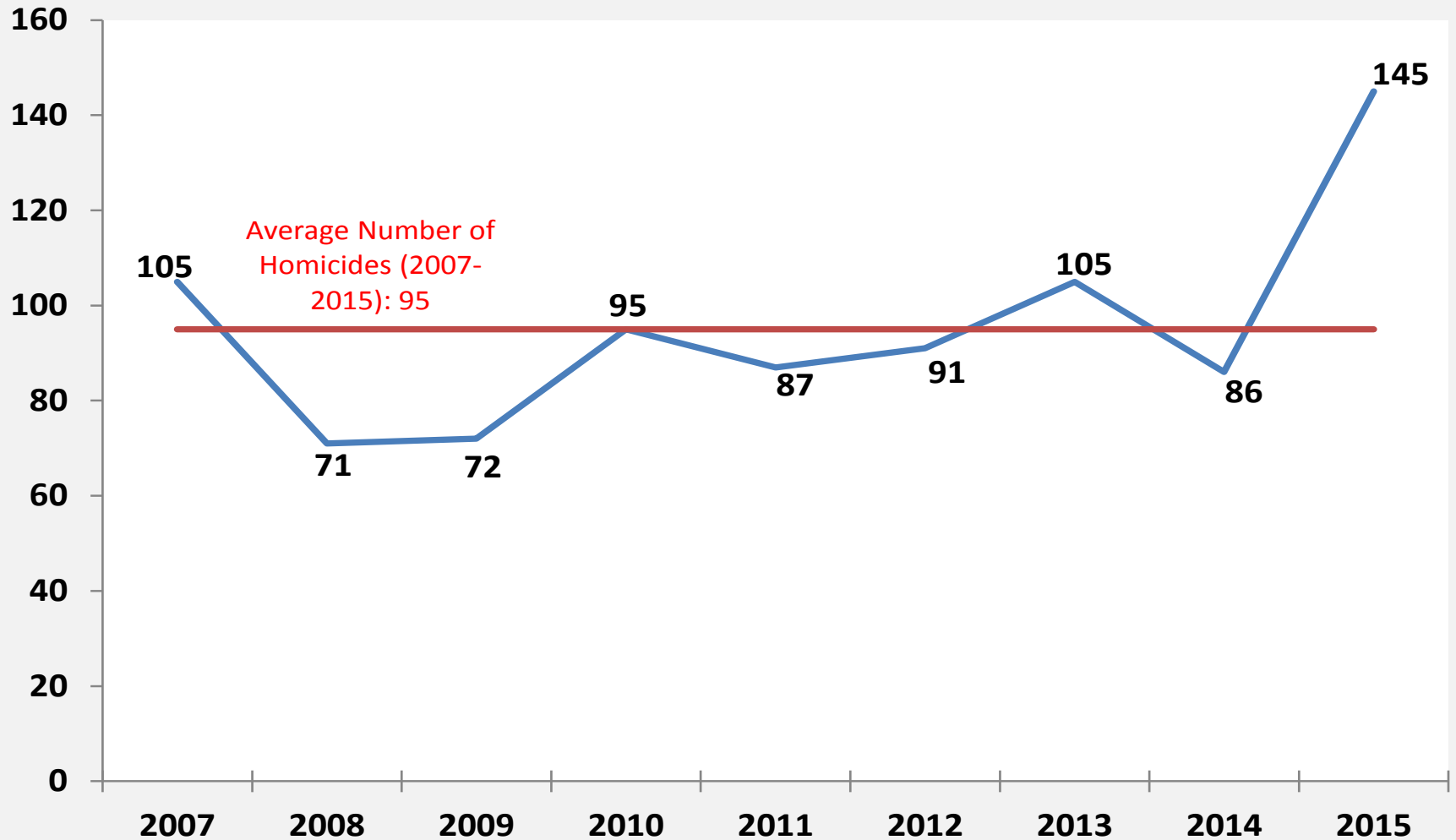
# 2015 Homicide and Non-Fatal Shooting Mapping



Homicide and Non-Fatal Shooting data was retrieved from the OMAP Homicide Database and counts victims for the time period of 1/1/2015-12/31/2015.

# 2007-2015 Homicides

In 2015, there were 145 homicides in the City of Milwaukee, which is the highest number of homicides the city has seen in any year since 1993. This represents a 69% increase from 2014 (86).



# 2015 Homicide Primary Factor

- In 2015, 34% of homicides carried a primary factor of “Unknown”. This represents an increase from 2014 (19%).
- 26% of homicides carried a primary factor of “Argument/Fight”. This is consistent with 2014 (28%).
- In 2015, 8% (12) of homicides were domestic violence-related (5 year average is 11).
- There was a slight increase in drug-related homicides in 2015 (10%), compared to 2014 (7%).
- There was a decrease in robbery-related homicides in 2015 (5%), compared to 2014 (12%).

Primary Factor	2014	% of Total	2015	% of Total
Argument/Fight	24	28%	38	26%
Child Abuse/Neglect	2	2%	2	1%
Commission of Other Crime	2	2%	0	0%
Domestic Violence	6	7%	12	8%
Drug Related	6	7%	14	10%
Drug Related Robbery	7	8%	7	5%
Gang Related	1	1%	0	0%
Negligent Handling	1	1%	3	2%
Retaliation	11	13%	13	9%
Robbery	10	12%	7	5%
Unknown	16	19%	49	34%
<b>Total</b>	<b>86</b>		<b>145</b>	

# Homicide Demographics

## Homicide Victims

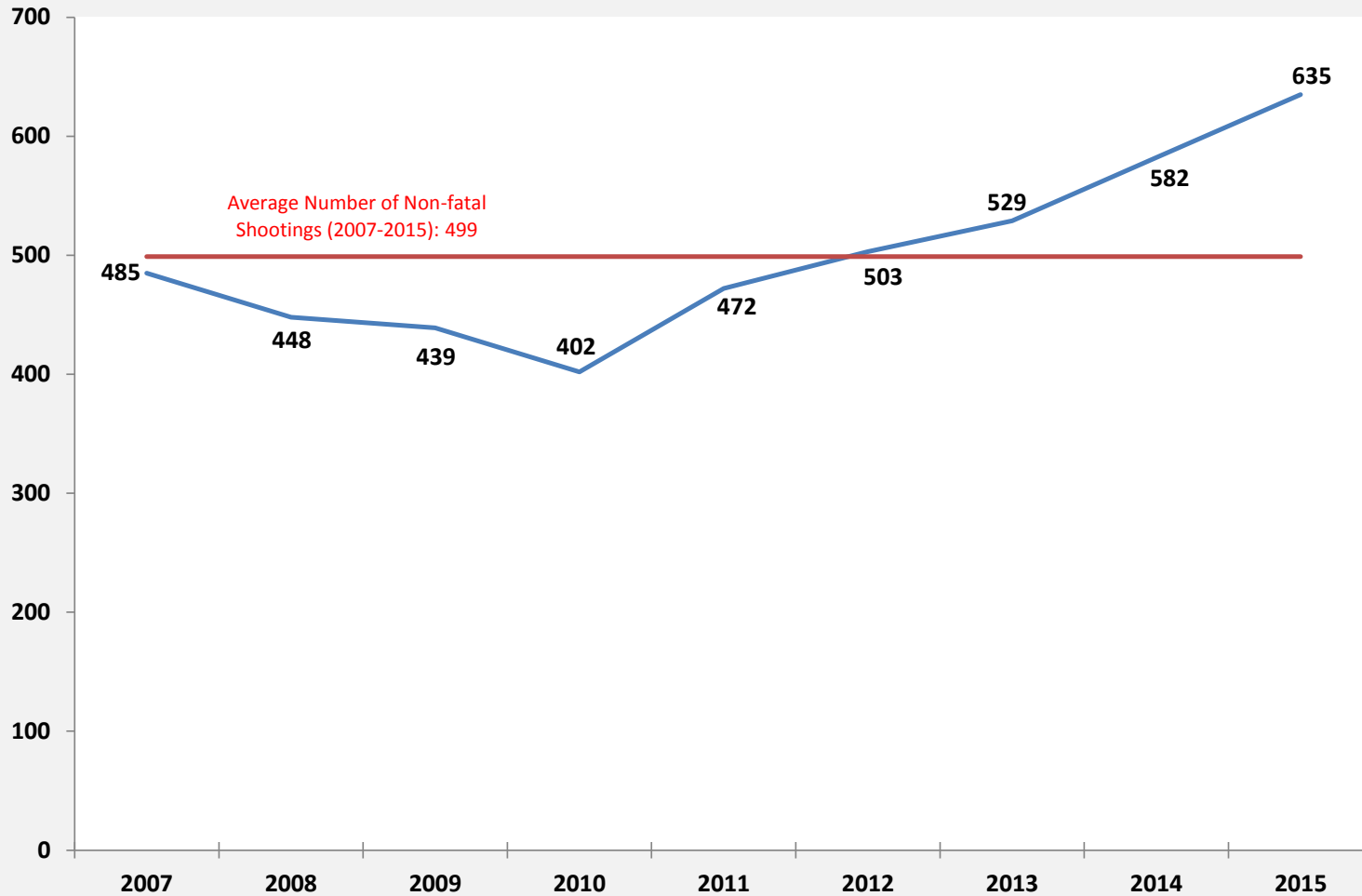
- Black males accounted for the largest proportion of homicide victims in 2015 (74%). Black females accounted for the second largest proportion of homicide victims in 2015 (10%).
- 18-29 year olds accounted for over half of the city's 2015 homicide victims (52%). This is a slight increase from 2014 (44%).
- In 2015, 84% (122) of homicide victims had a prior arrest with the Milwaukee Police Department.

## Homicide Suspects

- Black males accounted for the largest proportion of identified homicide suspects in 2015 (76%).
- 93% of all described suspects (known/unknown) were black.
- 18-29 year olds accounted for over half of the city's 2015 homicide suspects (66%). This is a slight decrease from 2014 (78%).
- In 2015, 88% (99) of homicide suspects had a prior arrest with the Milwaukee Police Department.

# 2007-2015 Non-Fatal Shootings

· In 2015, there were 635 non-fatal shootings in the City of Milwaukee, which is the highest number of shootings in the past 9 years. This represents a 9% increase from 2014 (582).



# 2015 Non-Fatal Shooting Primary Factor

- In 2015, 32% of shootings carried a primary factor of “Unknown”, which is consistent with 2014 (31%).
- 23% of shootings carried a primary factor of “Argument/Fight”. This is consistent with 2014 (24%).
- There was an increase in retaliatory shootings in 2015 (10%), compared to 2014 (7%).
- In 2015, there were 33 accidental, self-inflicted non-fatal shootings (one of which was fatal), compared to 13 in 2014. This represents a 158% increase. These values are not included in the table below or in non-fatal shooting incident counts.

Primary Factor	2014	% of Total	2015	% of Total
Argument/Fight	137	24%	149	23%
Child Abuse/Neglect	0	0%	0	0%
Commission of Other Crime	9	2%	11	2%
Domestic Violence	8	1%	10	2%
Drug Related	28	5%	16	3%
Drug Related Robbery	30	5%	28	4%
Gambling	1	0%	1	0%
Gang Related	12	2%	9	1%
Negligent Handling	16	3%	15	2%
Other	1	0%	4	1%
Possibly Self-Inflicted	5	1%	2	0%
Prostitution	1	0%	0	0%
Retaliation	40	7%	62	10%
Robbery	113	19%	123	19%
Unknown	181	31%	205	32%
<b>Total</b>	<b>582</b>		<b>635</b>	



# Non-Fatal Shooting Demographics

## Non-Fatal Shooting Victims

- Black males accounted for the largest proportion of non-fatal shooting victims in 2015 (77%). Black females accounted for the second largest proportion of shooting victims in 2015 (11%).
- 18-29 year olds accounted for over half of the city's 2015 shooting victims (57%). This is consistent with 2014 (57%).
- In 2015, 72% (457) of shooting victims had a prior arrest with the Milwaukee Police Department.

## Non-Fatal Shooting Suspects

- Black males accounted for the largest proportion of shooting suspects in 2015 (78%). White males accounted for the second largest proportion of shooting suspects in 2015 (9%).
- 18-29 year olds accounted for over half of the city's 2015 shooting suspects (66%). This is a decrease from 2014 (71%).
- In 2015, 86% (200) of shooting suspects had a prior arrest with the Milwaukee Police Department.