

SIXTEENTH STREET COMMUNITY
HEALTH CENTERS

SYRINGE EXCHANGE PROGRAM

Positive steps save lives



Office information:

Phone number: 414-897-5645

Location: 1337 S. Cesar E. Chavez Drive, Milwaukee, WI.
Lower level, HIV Outreach

Syringe Exchange Hours: Monday and Friday
8:30 AM - 5:00 PM

Free Testing: Monday - Friday 8:30 AM - 5:30 PM

What we can do for you:

- Safely throw away used needles
- Give you clean needles
- Give you private, free HIV, Hepatitis C, Chlamydia, Syphilis, and Gonorrhea tests
- Connect you to substance abuse services, medical doctors, mental health doctors, and social services
- HIV, safe sex and harm reduction education

Be a good neighbor. Dispose safely.



DO put used syringes in a biohazard bin or container with hard sides (e.g. coffee tin or laundry detergent bottle)



DO bring containers of used syringes back to Sixteenth Street's program



DO call 414-225-1608 to pick up containers of syringes



DON'T throw used syringes in people's yards



DON'T leave syringes on the sidewalk or in the street

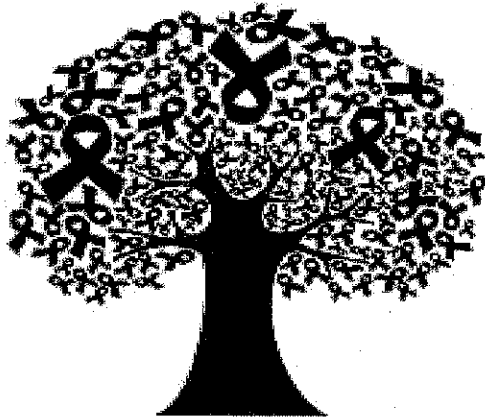


DON'T throw used syringes in the garage



DON'T throw used syringes in the toilet

If you see used syringes on the ground call 414-225-1608



UMOS
Building Better Futures

UMOS RAPID UP PROGRAM:

RESOURCES AVAILABLE FOR PEOPLE INVESTED
IN DECREASING UNHEALTHY PRACTICES

HIV/STI Counseling and Testing:

- Offering 20-minute rapid HIV testing
- STI testing-chlamydia and gonorrhea only
- Referrals provided for all treatment and care

SAFE Exchange, Syringe Support Program:

- Exchange used syringes for new ones, providing a safe disposal option for your used needles/syringes
- Providing free resources such as sharps containers, condoms, antibiotic ointment, alcohol pads, cotton and much more
- Referrals to AODA treatment (Opioid treatment available)
- Education about overdose prevention and safer injection practices
- Referrals to medical, mental health, and social Services programs
- Pick-up services are now available for used syringes/needles in your community (please allow 24 hours for call back)

**FOR USED SYRINGE/NEEDLE PICK UP
CALL 414-389-6507 OR 414-852-7475**

**HIV/STI testing
available M/W/F
From 9am -4pm**

**SAFE Exchange
Program open on
Wednesdays
ONLY
From 9am-4pm**

**NOW OFFERING
Used
needle/syringe
pick-up services**

UMOS, INC

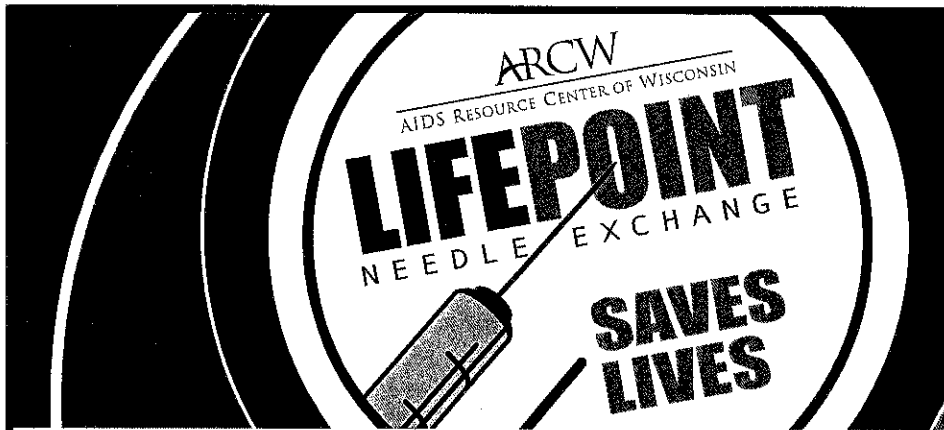
802 W Historic Mitchell St.
Milwaukee, WI 53204

414-389-6507

Gina.allende@umos.org

Office open Mon.-Fri.

8am-5pm



Office Information:

Phone Number: 414-225-1608

Location: 820 N. Plankinton Ave. (between Kilbourn and Wells)

Hours: Monday-Friday • 8:00 a.m.-5:00 p.m.

Testing: Monday-Friday • Walk-ins welcome!

DAILY VAN ROVING (DELIVERY & PICK-UP) SERVICE

MILWAUKEE CO. ROVING

Monday-Friday: Approx. 11:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m.
Call 414-581-6169

WAUKESHA CO. ROVING

Mondays • Call 414-429-9701

WASHINGTON CO./OZAUKEE CO. ROVING

1st Wednesday of the month • Call 414-429-9701

SATURDAY SITE

1:00-3:00 p.m. • Call 414-581-6169

**IF YOU SEE NEEDLES DISCARDED,
CALL US AT 414-225-1608!**

We offer free STI testing!

- HIV • Hepatitis C • Syphilis • Chlamydia & Gonorrhea

Receive results in as little as 20 minutes!

To make an appointment call 414-225-1608

Walk-ins welcome!

BE A GOOD NEIGHBOR:

- **DO** put used syringes in a biohazard bin or hard-sided container (e.g., laundry detergent bottle, coffee tin).
- **DO** bring containers of used syringes back to the Lifepoint program.
- **DO** call Lifepoint to pick up containers of used syringes.
- **DON'T** throw used syringes in people's yards.
- **DON'T** leave syringes on the sidewalk/street.
- **DON'T** throw used syringes in the garbage.

LifePoint Prevention is throughout Wisconsin.

APPLETON: 920-733-2068 • BELOIT: 608-774-6202

EAU CLAIRE: 715-836-7710 • GREEN BAY: 920-619-2270

KENOSHA: 262-657-6644 • LA CROSSE: 608-785-9866

MADISON: 608-332-6169, 608-516-2158 • MILWAUKEE: 414-225-1608

RACINE: 262-496-5333 • SUPERIOR: 715-394-4009

WAUKESHA: 414-429-9701 • WAUSAU: 715-355-6867

A SERVICE OF THE AIDS RESOURCE CENTER OF WISCONSIN

Reducing Harms from Injection Drug Use & Opioid Use Disorder with Syringe Services Programs

What Is a Syringe Services Program (SSP)?

A community-based public health program that provides comprehensive harm reduction services such as

- Sterile needles, syringes, and other injection equipment
- Safe disposal containers for needles and syringes
- HIV and hepatitis testing and linkage to treatment
- Education about overdose prevention and safer injection practices
- Referral to substance use disorder treatment, including medication-assisted treatment
- Referral to medical, mental health, and social services
- Tools to prevent HIV, STDs, and viral hepatitis including counseling, condoms, and vaccinations

How Do SSPs Benefit Communities and Public Safety?

SSPs Increase Entry Into Substance Use Disorder Treatment:

SSPs reduce drug use. People who inject drugs (PWID) are 5 times as likely to enter treatment for substance use disorder and more likely to reduce or stop injecting when they use an SSP.



SSPs Reduce Needlestick Injuries:

SSPs reduce needlestick injuries among first responders by providing proper disposal. One in three officers may be stuck with a needle during their career. Increasing safe disposal also protects the public from needlestick injuries. SSPs do not increase local crime in the areas where they are located.



SSPs Reduce Overdose Deaths:

SSPs reduce overdose deaths by teaching PWID how to prevent and respond to drug overdose. They also learn how to use naloxone, a medication used to reverse overdose.



3,600 HIV Diagnoses Among PWID in 2015:

SSPs reduce new HIV and viral hepatitis infections by decreasing the sharing of syringes and other injection equipment. About 1 in 3 young PWID (aged 18–30) have hepatitis C.



Prevention Saves Money:

SSPs save health care dollars by preventing infections. The estimated lifetime cost of treating one person living with HIV is more than \$400,000. Testing linked to hepatitis C treatment can save an estimated 320,000 lives.



SSPs DON'T INCREASE DRUG USE OR CRIME.

Learn more at www.cdc.gov/hiv/risk/ssps.html

National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention
Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention



Bibliography

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