NEIGHBORHOOD IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1: THE BREWERY DISTRICT YEAR 16 OPERATING PLAN

August 17, 2023

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I. INTRODUCTION

Under Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1110, municipalities are authorized to create Neighborhood Improvement Districts ("NIDs") upon the petition of at least one property owner within the proposed district. Similar to the statute governing Business Improvement Districts (Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1109), the purpose of the NID statute is to allow owners of real property, at least some of which is used for residential purposes, within the districts ". . . to develop, to manage and promote the districts and to establish an assessment method to fund these activities." 1983 Wis. Act 184, Section 1, legislative declaration. See Appendix A.

The District was created by the Common Council of the City of Milwaukee (the "City") on May 13, 2009, by the adoption of Resolution No. 080615; the District is known as the Brewery Neighborhood Improvement District (the "District"). The purpose of the District is to promote and sustain the development and operation of the former historic Pabst Brewery as a thriving mixed-use development known as The Brewery, A Joseph J. Zilber Historic Redevelopment (the "Brewery"). In this regard, the District shall be authorized to manage, maintain and contract for services which supplement those services currently provided by the City to owners and occupants in the District.

Pursuant to the NID statute, this Year 16 Operating Plan (the "Operating Plan") for the District has been prepared to establish the services proposed to be offered by the District, proposed expenditures by the District and the special assessment method applicable to properties within the District.

II. DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

The District boundaries cover approximately eight (8) blocks and encompass the former Pabst Brewery properties now known as "The Brewery District." The proposed District boundaries include Interstate 43 to the west, West Highland Avenue to the south, North 7th Street to the east and West Winnebago Street to the north. Boundaries of the NID are shown in <u>Appendix B</u> of this Operating Plan. A narrative listing of the properties included in the District is set forth in <u>Appendix C</u>.

III. PROPOSED OPERATING PLAN

A. <u>Plan Objectives</u>.

The objectives of the District are to promote and sustain the area of The Brewery District as a thriving mixed-use development and a clean, safe and friendly environment in which to live, work and play. The District proposes to achieve its objectives by supplementing the maintenance and security services provided by the City in order to increase the safety and cleanliness (and the perceived safety and cleanliness) of The Brewery District area. The District also shall provide maintenance and utility cost of the neon Pabst sign over Juneau Avenue, maintenance and utility cost for Zilber Park and Preservation Park, maintenance of public art, maintenance including snow removal of common areas, maintenance of streetscapes and other landscaping features including the roundabout on W. Juneau Avenue as well as maintenance of stormwater management improvements including bio-swales.

- B. <u>Proposed Activities</u>. The District will offer The Brewery <u>District</u> owners and occupants additional safety services, enhanced day portering activities, supplemental public space maintenance, Zilber Park and Preservation Parks operation and maintenance, streetscape maintenance, stormwater management maintenance, W. Juneau Avenue roundabout maintenance and integrated marketing and promotional services to complement a base level of services currently being provided by the City. As a supplement to City services, the District may employ and manage its own safety and maintenance staff and develop and implement its own marketing initiatives or contract with reputable third-party service providers to do so. The District may, from time to time and as it deems necessary, adjust the size and scope of the activities and staffing levels described below, but only so long as such adjustments in activities and staff are part of the activities identified in this or a subsequently approved or amended Operating Plan.
 - 1. <u>Security Program</u>. The District proposes to undertake a variety of strategies to enhance the safety and perception of safety throughout the District. Activities could include installation of security cameras and related signage, additional security staff and other activities as the board may determine from time to time.
 - 2. <u>Day Porter</u>. The District proposes to sponsor a Day Porter Program to provide additional day portering services, public space maintenance, stormwater management maintenance, Zilber Park and Preservation Parks operation and maintenance, alley maintenance (including snow and ice removal), and streetscape maintenance in the area of The Brewery District.

The District may hire directly, or engage through a contract with a reputable third party vendor, personnel to perform the services described above. These maintenance efforts will complement the efforts of the City Department of Public Works. Day Porters will manually sweep sidewalks, parks and other green spaces, pick up litter and remove graffiti. They will also maintain parks, alleys

(including snow and ice removal from November through March) and maintain other green spaces as well as maintain stormwater facilities within the District boundaries.

- 3. <u>Marketing Initiatives</u>. Marketing will aim to encourage increased use of The Brewery District neighborhood and to convince both constituents of the District and potential users that The Brewery District neighborhood is a positive destination with unique qualities and amenities.
- 4. <u>Community Events</u>. The District may develop community events for neighborhood constituents and promotion of The Brewery District neighborhood as deemed appropriate and approved by the District Board.

C. <u>Proposed Expenditures and Financing Method</u>. The 2024 proposed annual operating budget for the District is \$246,000. <u>See Appendix D</u>. The Board shall have the authority and responsibility to prioritize expenditures and to revise the budget as necessary to match the funds actually available.

The Board shall approve an annual operating budget for the District each year. After the District Board has approved the annual operating plan and budget, they will be sent to the City for approval, adoption and inclusion in the City's annual budget for that year.

The 2023 assessed valuation of all property subject to assessment within the proposed District boundaries was \$179,873,700. This includes a PILOT assessment for UWM's Joseph J. Zilber School of Public Health of \$8,192,900. The method of assessing annual operating expenses against properties located within the District is set forth in Article IV of this Operating Plan. [Any change in the method of assessing annual operating expenses against properties located within the District must be approved by a 4/5 majority of the entire District Board and a majority of the Common Council of the City.] Subsequent revisions to this Operating Plan will specify any additional assessment methodologies and amounts for operating expenses.

D. Organization of the District Board. Upon creation of the District, the District shall hold annual meetings to elect members to the District Board (the "Board") consistent with the terms of this subsection. The Board shall be responsible for implementation of this Operating Plan. This requires the Board to negotiate with providers of services and materials to carry out the Operating Plan; to enter into various contracts; to monitor the effectiveness of the District's *activities*, to ensure compliance with the provisions of

applicable statutes and regulations; and to make reimbursements for any overpayments of District assessments.

Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1110(4)(a)(1) requires that the Board be composed of at least five members, all of whom shall own or occupy real property within the District.

The Board shall be structured and operate as follows:

- 1. <u>Board Size</u>. Five (5) members.
- 2. <u>Composition</u>.
 - (a) Commercial Property Group
 - One member shall represent the 'largest property owner' within the District as defined below.
 - (ii) One member shall be a representative of a multi-tenant office building in the District.
 - (iii) One member shall be the owner or operator of a non-parking, non-office commercial business located within the District (which business may include, without limitation, a restaurant, hotel, brewery or mixed-use property).
 - (iv) One member shall be a representative of a parking structure or surface parking lot within the District including at least 100 spaces.
 - (b) Residential Property Group
 - (i) One member shall be a representative of a residential building within the District.

'Largest Property Owner' shall be defined as the managing member or general partner of the single largest property tax key as measured by assessed valuation.

Each year, the Board shall reconfirm the assessed valuations, ownerships and occupancies of all properties located within the District. If the assessed valuation, ownership or occupancy of any particular building or site in any year ceases to satisfy the criteria set forth above, the Board shall rearrange such building or site in the appropriate category and consistent with Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1110(4). Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the number of Board members who represent commercial and residential property, respectively, shall be set, as closely as possible, in the same proportion as is the aggregate valuation of commercial property in the District to the total assessed value of all property in the District to the total assessed value of all property in the District.

- 3. <u>Term</u>. All members elected to the Board shall serve for a period of one year, except that members may be re-elected.
- 4. <u>Compensation</u>. None.
- 5. <u>Meetings</u>. All meetings of the Board shall be governed by the Wisconsin Open Meetings Law if and as legally required.
- 6. <u>Record Keeping</u>. Files and records of the Board's affairs shall be kept pursuant to public records requirements.
- 7. <u>Staffing and Office</u>. The Board may employ staff and/or contract for staffing services pursuant to this Operating Plan and subsequent modifications thereof. The Board may also maintain an office for the District, which shall be located within the District.
- 8. <u>Meetings</u>. The Board shall meet regularly, at least once every six months. The Board shall adopt rules of order (bylaws) to govern the conduct of its meetings.
- 9. <u>Method of Electing Members to District Board</u>. An annual meeting at which members of the Board will be elected shall be held in August of each year of the District's existence. Prior to the meeting, the City shall publish a Class 2 notice that contains the time and place of the annual meeting. The notice shall specify that all individuals who either own or occupy real property within the District are eligible to serve on the Board and vote at the election.

At the meeting, the individuals who own or occupy real property within the District shall be divided in 2 groups. One group shall consist of those individuals who own or occupy commercial property, and one group shall consist of those individuals who own or occupy residential property. Each group shall elect from among its members the number of Board members set to represent its group pursuant to this or a subsequent operating plan. Please see Appendix C for a detail listing of these properties by classification.

- 10. <u>Executive Committee</u>. The Board shall elect from its members a chair, a secretary, and a treasurer who shall comprise an Executive Committee of the Board. The Executive Committee shall be authorized to oversee the day to day operations of the District, subject to the bylaws adopted by the Board.
- 11. <u>Changes</u>. Any change in the Board size, composition or election methodology must be approved by a 4/5 majority of the entire District Board.]

IV. METHOD OF ASSESSMENT

A. <u>Annual Assessment Rate and Method</u>. The annual assessment for District operating expenses will be levied against each property within the District in direct proportion to the current assessed value of each property for real property tax purposes. Thus, the amount of a special assessment against a particular property may change from year to year if that property's assessed value changes relative to other properties within the District.

<u>Appendix C</u> identifies each property included in the District and shows the proposed District assessment for each property for the 16th year of operation. Such proposed assessments are based on the assessed value and classification estimated in 2024 pursuant to the foregoing formula.

- B. <u>Excluded and Exempt Property</u>. The NID statute requires explicit consideration of certain classes of property. In compliance with the law, the following statements are provided.
 - 1. In accordance with the interpretation of the City Attorney regarding Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1110(7)(a), property exempt from general real estate taxes has been excluded from the District unless they are subject to a PILOT Agreement which addresses this issue. Owners of tax-exempt property adjoining the District and expected to benefit from District activities will be asked to make a financial contribution to the District on a voluntary basis. Funds collected in this manner in any given year shall be used to reduce the assessment against taxable property in the District for the following year. In addition, those tax-exempt properties adjoining the District which are later determined no longer to be exempt from general property taxes shall automatically become included within the District and

subject to assessment under any current operating plan without necessity to undertake any other act.

- 2. In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1110(7)(c), real property used exclusively for less than eight (8) residential dwelling units has been excluded from the District.
- 3. Pursuant to State Statute (66.1110(2) (e) NID No. 1 authorized taking title to the parcel known as Zilber Park and has the legal description of Lot 2 of CSM No. 8078, Tax Key No. 362-0502-000 and the address of 1217 N. 10th Street. The purpose of the NID No. 1's ownership is to operate and maintain an improved park for the benefit of the neighborhood. If NID No. 1 is terminated this real property will be transferred to Brewery Project LLC which has agreed to assume this responsibility.
- 4. Pursuant to State Statute (66.1110(2) (e) NID No. 1 authorized taking title to the parcel known as Preservation Park and has the legal description of Lot 1 of CSM No. 8688, Tax Key No. 391-0871-000 and the address of 925 W. Juneau Avenue. The purpose of the NID No. 1's ownership is to operate and maintain an improved park for the benefit of the neighborhood. If NID No. 1 is terminated this real property will be transferred to Blue Ribbon Suites LLC which has agreed to assume this responsibility.

V. PROMOTION OF ORDERLY DEVELOPMENT OF THE CITY

- A. <u>Enhanced Safety and Cleanliness</u>. Under Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1110(2)(d), this Operating Plan is required to specify how the creation of the District promotes the orderly development of the City. The District will enhance the safety and cleanliness of The Brewery District area and, consequently, encourage positive commercial and residential activity in the City. Increased activity in the City will increase property tax base and sales tax revenues.
- B. <u>City Role in District Operation</u>. The City has committed to assisting owners and occupants in the District to promote its objectives. To this end, the City has played a significant role in creation of the District and in the implementation of the initial Operating Plan. In furtherance of its commitment, the City shall:
 - 1. Provide technical assistance to the District in the adoption of this and subsequent operating plans and provide such other assistance as may be appropriate.

- 2. Collect assessments, maintain the same in a segregated account and disburse monies to the Board.
- 3. Receive annual audits as required per Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1110(4)(c).
- 4. Provide the Board, through the Office of Assessment, on or before July 1 of each year, with the official City records on the assessed value of each tax key number within the District as of January 1 of each year for purposes of calculating the District assessments.

VI. PLAN APPROVAL PROCESS

- A. <u>Public Review Process</u>. The NID statute establishes a specific process for electing NID Board members and annually making changes to the Operating Plan. Pursuant to the statutory requirements, the following process will be followed:
 - 1. A time and place for an annual meeting at which members of the Board will be elected shall be set and a Class 2 notice of such meeting shall be published.
 - 2. At the meeting, Board members shall be elected consistent with Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1110(4) and section III(D) above, and the Board shall consider the District's annual Operating Plan.
 - 3. The Operating Plan shall be submitted to the City's Common Council for approval.
- B. <u>Petition to Terminate the District</u>. The City shall consider terminating the District if a petition to terminate is filed with the City Plan Commission in conformity with Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1110(6)(a).

VII. FUTURE YEAR OPERATING PLANS

A. <u>Changes.</u> It is anticipated that the District will continue to revise and develop this Operating Plan annually, in response to changing needs and opportunities in the District, in accordance with the purposes and objectives defined in this Operating Plan.

Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1110(4)(b) requires the Board and the City to annually review and make changes as appropriate in the Operating Plan. Therefore, while this document outlines in general terms proposed

activities, information on specific assessed values, budget amounts and assessment amounts are based solely upon current conditions. Greater detail about subsequent years' activities will be provided in the required annual plan updates, and approval by the Common Council of such plan updates shall be conclusive evidence of compliance with this Operating Plan and the NID statute.

In later years, the District Operating Plan will continue to apply the assessment formula, as adjusted, to raise funds to meet the next annual budget. [However, the method of assessing and the board composition shall not be materially altered, except with the approval of a 4/5 majority of the entire District Board and consent of the City of Milwaukee.]

B. <u>Amendment, Severability and Expansion</u>. This District has been created under authority of Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1110. Except as set forth in the next sentence, should any court find any portion of this statute invalid or unconstitutional its decision will not invalidate or terminate the District and this Operating Plan shall be amended to conform to the law without need of re-establishment. Should any court find invalid or unconstitutional the organization of the entire District Board, any requirement for a 4/5 majority vote of the District Board, the budgeting process or the automatic termination provision of this or any subsequent Operating Plan, the District shall automatically terminate and this Operating Plan shall be of no further force and effect.

APPENDIX A

Wisconsin Statutes section 66.1110

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of labor. Each amount that is revised under this paragraph shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of 10 if the revised amount is not a multiple of 10 or, if the revised amount is a multiple of 55, such an amount shall be increased to the next higher multiple of 10 or 10 or

(cr) The municipality shall obtain an additional independent certified audit of the implementation of the operating plan upon termination of the business improvement district.

(d) Either the board or the municipality, as specified in the operating plan as adopted, or amended and approved under this section, has all powers necessary or convenient to implement the operating plan, including the power to contract.

(4) All special assessments received from a business improvement district and all other appropriations by the municipality or other moneys received for the benefit of the business improvement district shall be placed in a segregated account in the municipal treasury. No disbursements from the account may be made except to reimburse the municipality for appropriations other than special assessments, to pay the costs of audits and reviewed financial statements required under sub. (3) (c), or on order of the board for the purpose of implementing the operating plan. On termination of the business improvement district by the municipality, all moneys collected by special assessment remaining in the account shall be disbursed to the owners of specially assessed property in the business improvement district, in the same proportion as the last collected special assessment.

(4g) A municipality may convert a business improvement district under this section into a neighborhood improvement district under s. 66.1110 if an owner of real property that is subject to general real estate taxes, that is used exclusively for residential purposes, and that is located in the business improvement district petitions the municipality for the conversion. If the municipality approves the petition, the board shall consider and may make changes to the operating plan under s. 66.1110 (4) (b).

(4m) A municipality shall terminate a business improvement district if the owners of property assessed under the operating plan having a valuation equal to more than 50 percent of the valuation of all property assessed under the operating plan, using the method of valuation specified in the operating plan, or the owners of property assessed under the operating plan having an assessed valuation equal to more than 50 percent of the assessed valuation of all property assessed under the operating plan, file a petition with the planning commission requesting termination of the business improvement district, subject to all of the following conditions:

(a) A petition may not be filed under this subsection earlier than one year after the date the municipality first adopts the operating plan for the business improvement district.

(b) On and after the date a petition is filed under this subsection, neither the board nor the municipality may enter into any new obligations by contract or otherwise to implement the operating plan until the expiration of 30 days after the date of hearing under par. (c) and unless the business improvement district is not terminated under par. (e).

(c) Within 30 days after the filing of a petition under this subsection, the planning commission shall hold a public hearing on the proposed termination. Notice of the hearing shall be published as a class 2 notice under ch. 985. Before publication, a copy of the notice together with a copy of the operating plan and a copy of a detail map showing the boundaries of the business improvement district shall be sent by certified mail to all owners of real property within the business improvement district. The notice shall state the boundaries of the operating plan are available from the planning commission on request.

(d) Within 30 days after the date of hearing under par. (c), every owner of property assessed under the operating plan may send written notice to the planning commission indicating, if the owner signed a petition under this subsection, that the owner retracts the owner's request to terminate the business improvement district, or, if the owner did not sign the petition, that the owner requests termination of the business improvement district.

(e) If after the expiration of 30 days after the date of hearing under par. (c), by petition under this subsection or subsequent notification under par. (d), and after subtracting any retractions under par. (d), the owners of property assessed under the operating plan having a valuation equal to more than 50 percent of the valuation of all property assessed under the operating plan, using the method of valuation specified in the operating plan, or the owners of property assessed under the operating plan, or the owners of all property assessed under the operating plan, have requested valuation equal to more than 50 percent of the assessed valuation of all property assessed under the operating plan, have requested the termination of the business improvement district, the municipality shall terminate the business improvement district on the date that the obligation with the latest completion date entered into to implement the operating plan expires.

(5) (a) Real property used exclusively for residential purposes and real property that is exempted from general property taxes under s. 70.11 may not be specially assessed for purposes of this section.

(b) A municipality may terminate a business improvement district at any time.

(c) This section does not limit the power of a municipality under other law to regulate the use of or specially assess real property.

(d) If real property that is specially assessed as authorized under this section is of mixed use such that part of the real property is exempted from general property taxes under s. 70.11 or is residential, or both, and part of the real property is taxable, the municipality may specially assess as authorized under this section only the percentage of the real property that is not tax—exempt or residential. This paragraph applies only to a 1st class city.

History: 1983 a. 184; 1989 a. 56 s. 258; 1999 a. 150 s. 539; Stats. 1999 s. 66.1109; 2001 a. 85; 2017 a. 59, 70, 189.

66.1110 Neighborhood improvement districts. (1) In this section:

(a) "Board" means a neighborhood improvement district board elected under sub. (4) (a).

(b) "Chief executive officer" means a mayor, city manager, village president, or town chairperson.

(c) "Local legislative body" means a common council, village board of trustees, or town board of supervisors.

(d) "Municipality" means a city, village, or town.

(c) "Neighborhood improvement district" means an area within a municipality consisting of nearby but not necessarily contiguous parcels, at least some of which are used for residential purposes and are subject to general real estate taxes, and property that is acquired and owned by the board if the local legislative body approved acquisition of the property under sub. (4) (d) as part of its approval of the initial operating plan under sub. (3) (e).

(f) "Operating plan" means a plan adopted or amended under this section for the development, redevelopment, maintenance, operation, and promotion of a neighborhood improvement district.

(g) "Owner" means the owner of real property that is located within the boundaries, or the proposed boundaries, of a neighborhood improvement district.

(h) "Planning commission" means a plan commission under s. 62.23 or, if none exists, a board of public land commissioners or, if none exists, a planning committee of the local legislative body.

(2) An operating plan shall include at least all of the following elements:

(a) The special assessment method applicable to the neighborhood improvement district.

2021–22 Wisconsin Statutes updated through 2023 Wis. Act 10 and through all Supreme Court and Controlled Substances Board Orders filed before and in effect on July 6, 2023. Published and certified under s. 35.18. Changes effective after July 6, 2023, are designated by NOTES. (Published 7–6–23)

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(b) The kind, number, and location of all proposed expenditures within the neighborhood improvement district.

(c) A description of the methods of financing all estimated expenditures and the time when related costs will be incurred.

(d) A description of how the creation of the neighborhood improvement district promotes the orderly development of the municipality, including its relationship to any municipal master plan.

(e) A statement as to whether the local legislative body authorizes the board to own real property and, if so, a description of the real property to be owned, the purpose of the ownership, and a statement of to whom the real property will be transferred if the neighborhood improvement district is terminated.

(f) A legal opinion that pars. (a) to (e) have been complied with.

(3) A municipality may create a neighborhood improvement district and adopt its operating plan if all of the following conditions are met:

(a) An owner of real property subject to general real estate taxes and located in the proposed neighborhood improvement district designated under par. (b) has petitioned the municipality for creation of a neighborhood improvement district.

(b) The planning commission has designated a proposed neighborhood improvement district and adopted its proposed initial operating plan.

(c) At least 30 days before creation of the neighborhood improvement district and adoption of its initial operating plan by the municipality, the planning commission has held a public hearing on its proposed neighborhood improvement district and initial operating plan. Notice of the hearing shall be published as a class 2 notice under ch. 985. Before publication, a copy of the notice, together with a copy of the proposed initial operating plan and a copy of a detail map showing the boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district, shall be sent by certified mail to all owners of real property within the proposed neighborhood improvement district. The notice shall state the boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district and shall indicate that copies of the proposed initial operating plan are available from the planning commission on request.

(d) Within 30 days after the hearing under par. (c), one of the following has not filed a petition with the planning commission protesting the proposed neighborhood improvement district or its proposed initial operating plan:

1. The owners of property to be assessed under the proposed initial operating plan having a valuation equal to more than 40 percent of the valuation of all property to be assessed under the proposed initial operating plan, using the method of valuation specified in the proposed initial operating plan.

2. The owners of property to be assessed under the proposed initial operating plan having an assessed valuation equal to more than 40 percent of the assessed valuation of all property to be assessed under the proposed initial operating plan.

(e) The local legislative body has voted to adopt the proposed initial operating plan for the neighborhood improvement district. The local legislative body shall publish a class 2 notice under ch. 985 regarding the meeting at which the local legislative body will vote on whether to adopt the proposed initial operating plan for the neighborhood improvement district. Before publication, a copy of the notice shall be sent by certified mail to all owners of real property within the proposed neighborhood improvement district.

(4) (a) 1. If the local legislative body adopts the proposed initial operating plan under sub. (3) (e), it shall determine the size of board, which shall consist of at least 5 members, all of whom shall own or occupy real property in the neighborhood improvement district.

2. The number of board members who represent commercial and residential property, respectively, shall be set by the local legislative body, as closely as possible, in the same proportion as is the aggregate valuation of commercial property in the neighborhood improvement district to the total assessed value of all property in the district, and the aggregate valuation of residential property in the district to the total assessed value of all property in the district.

3. The local legislative body shall set the time and place for a meeting at which members of the board will be elected, and shall publish a class 2 notice under ch. 985 that contains this information. The notice shall specify that all individuals who either own or occupy real property within the neighborhood improvement district are eligible to serve on the board and vote at the election.

4. At the meeting, the individuals who own or occupy real property shall be divided into 2 groups. One group shall consist of those individuals who own or occupy commercial property, and one group shall consist of those individuals who own or occupy residential property. Each group shall elect from among its members the number of board members set to represent its group by the local legislative body under subd. 2.

5. Board members elected under subd. 4. shall serve a one year term, and may be reelected. Annually, the number of board members who represent commercial and residential properties, based on the calculation described in subd. 2., may be reallocated by the local legislative body to the greatest extent possible to be consistent with the proportion described under subd. 2.

6. Annually, board members shall be elected under the procedures contained in this paragraph. If a vacancy occurs during the term of a board member, an individual shall be elected to fill the unexpired term of the member under the procedures contained in this paragraph.

(b) The board shall annually consider and may make changes to the operating plan, which may include termination of the plan, for the neighborhood improvement district. The board shall then submit the operating plan to the local legislative body for its approval. If the local legislative body disapproves the operating plan, the board shall consider and may make changes to the operating plan and may continue to resubmit the operating plan until local legislative body approval is obtained. Any change to the special assessment method applicable to the neighborhood improvement district shall be approved by the local legislative body.

(c) The board shall prepare and make available to the public annual reports describing the current status of the neighborhood improvement district, including expenditures and revenues. The report shall include an independent certified audit of the implementation of the operating plan obtained by the municipality. The municipality shall obtain an additional independent certified audit upon termination of the neighborhood improvement district.

(d) Either the board or the municipality, as specified in the operating plan as adopted, or amended and approved under this section, has all of the powers necessary or convenient to implement the operating plan, including the power to contract.

(4m) A municipality may annex territory to an existing neighborhood improvement district if all of the following conditions are met:

(a) An owner of real property subject to general real estate taxes and located in the territory proposed to be annexed has petitioned the municipality for annexation.

(b) The planning commission has approved the annexation.

(c) At least 30 days before annexation, the planning commission has held a public hearing on the proposed annexation. Notice of the hearing shall be published as a class 2 notice under ch. 985. Before publication, a copy of the notice, together with a copy of a detail map showing the boundaries of the territory proposed to be annexed to the neighborhood improvement district, shall be sent by certified mail to all owners of real property within the territory proposed to be annexed. The notice shall state the boundaries of the territory proposed to be annexed.

2021–22 Wisconsin Statutes updated through 2023 Wis. Act 10 and through all Supreme Court and Controlled Substances Board Orders filed before and in effect on July 6, 2023. Published and certified under s. 35.18. Changes effective after July 6, 2023, are designated by NOTES. (Published 7–6–23)

173 Updated 21–22 Wis. Stats.

(d) Within 30 days after the hearing under par. (c), one of the following has not filed a petition with the planning commission protesting the proposed annexation:

1. The owners of property in the territory to be annexed that would be assessed under the operating plan having a valuation equal to more than 40 percent of the valuation of all property in the territory to be annexed that would be assessed under the operating plan, using the method of valuation specified in the operaing plan.

2. The owners of property in the territory to be annexed that would be assessed under the operating plan having an assessed valuation equal to more than 40 percent of the assessed valuation of all property in the territory to be annexed that would be assessed under the operating plan.

(5) All special assessments received from a neighborhood improvement district and all other appropriations by the municipality or other moneys received for the benefit of the neighborhood improvement district shall be placed in a segregated account in the municipal treasury. No disbursements from the account may be made except to reimburse the municipality for appropriations other than special assessments, to pay the costs of audits required under sub. (4) (c) or on order of the board for the purpose of implementing the operating plan. On termination of the neighborhood improvement district by the municipality, all moneys collected by special assessment remaining in the account shall be disbursed to the owners of specially assessed property in the neighborhood improvement district, in the same proportion as the last collected special assessment.

(6) (a) Subject to pars. (b) and (c), a municipality shall terminate a neighborhood improvement district if one of the following occurs:

1. The owners of property assessed under the operating plan having a valuation equal to more than 50 percent of the valuation of all property assessed under the operating plan, using the method of valuation specified in the operating plan, file a petition with the planning commission requesting termination of the neighborhood improvement district.

2. The owners of property assessed under the operating plan having an assessed valuation equal to more than 50 percent of the assessed valuation of all property assessed under the operating plan, file a petition with the planning commission requesting termination of the neighborhood improvement district.

3. The owners of property assessed under the operating plan having a valuation equal to more than 50 percent of the valuation of all property assessed under the operating plan fail to file a petition with the planning commission to continue the neighborhood improvement district within one year of the date on which the membership of the board changes from a majority which represents commercial properties to a majority that represents residential properties, or vice versa, as described under sub. (4) (a) 3.

(b) 1. A petition may not be filed under this subsection earlier than one year after the date on which the municipality first adopts the operating plan for the neighborhood improvement district.

2. On and after the date on which a petition is filed under par. (a) 1. or 2., or on and after the date on which a petition must be filed under par. (a) 3., neither the board nor the municipality may enter into any new obligations by contract or otherwise to implement the operating plan until the expiration of 30 days after the date of the hearing under subd. 3. and unless the neighborhood improvement district is not terminated under par. (c).

3. Within 30 days after the filing of a petition under par. (a) 1. or 2., the planning commission shall hold a public hearing on the proposed termination. Within 30 days after the deadline for filing a petition under par. (a) 3. passes, the planning commission shall hold a public hearing on the proposed termination. Notice of the hearing shall be published as a class 2 notice under ch. 985. Before publication, a copy of the notice, together with a copy of a detail map showing the boundaries of the neighborhood improvement district, shall be sent by certified mail to all owners

of real property within the neighborhood improvement district. The notice shall state the boundaries of the neighborhood improvement district and shall indicate that copies of the operating plan are available from the planning commission on request and are posted in the building in which the municipality's governing body regularly holds its meetings.

4. Within 30 days after the date of the hearing under subd. 3., every owner of property assessed under the operating plan may send written notice to the planning commission indicating, if the owner signed a petition under par. (a) 1. or 2., that the owner retracts the owner's request to terminate the neighborhood improvement district, or, if the owner requests termination of the neighborhood improvement district under par. (a) 1. or 2.

5. Within 30 days after the date of the hearing under subd. 3., every owner of property assessed under the operating plan may send written notice to the planning commission indicating, if the owner signed a petition under par. (a) 3., that the owner retracts the owner's request to continue the neighborhood improvement district, or, if the owner did not file or sign a petition under par. (a) 3., that the owner requests continuation of the neighborhood improvement district under subd. 3.

(c) After the expiration of 30 days after the date of the hearing under par. (b) 3., and after adding any additions and subtracting any retractions under par. (b) 4. and 5., the municipality shall terminate the neighborhood improvement district on the date on which the obligation with the latest completion date entered into to implement the operating plan expires if the owners who have signed the petition requesting the termination of the neighborhood improvement district under par. (a) 1. or 2. constitute the required groups specified in par. (a) 1. or 2., or if an insufficient representation of owners, as described under par. (a) 3.

(7) (a) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., any parcel of real property used exclusively for less than 8 residential dwelling units and real property that is exempted from general property taxes under s. 70.11 may not be specially assessed for purposes of this section.

2. In a 1st class city, real property that is exempted from general property taxes under s. 70.11 may not be specially assessed for purposes of this section.

(b) A municipality may terminate a neighborhood improvement district at any time.

(c) This section does not limit the power of a municipality under other law to regulate the use of or specially assess real property.

History: 2005 a. 186; 2009 a. 147; 2017 a. 70.

66.1111 Historic properties. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:

(a) "Historic property" has the meaning given under s. 44.31 (3).

(b) "Political subdivision" means a city, village, town or county.

(2) ACQUISITION OF PROPERTY. A political subdivision may acquire by gift, purchase or condemnation any property right in historic property, whether the property is real or personal.

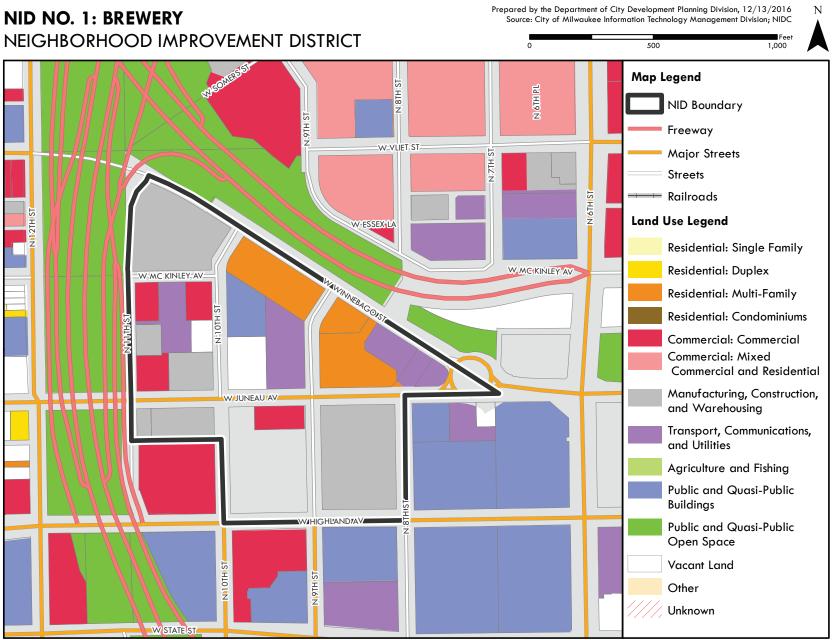
(3) OWNERSHIP, USE AND DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY. (a) A political subdivision may preserve or rehabilitate any historic property which it owns, construct buildings on that property, own and maintain that property for public purposes or lease or convey that property.

(b) If a political subdivision leases to another person historic property, the political subdivision shall include provisions in the lease which protect the historic character and qualities of that property. If the political subdivision conveys historic property, the political subdivision shall obtain a conservation easement under s. 700.40 to protect the historic character and qualities of the property.

2021–22 Wisconsin Statutes updated through 2023 Wis. Act 10 and through all Supreme Court and Controlled Substances Board Orders filed before and in effect on July 6, 2023. Published and certified under s. 35.18. Changes effective after July 6, 2023, are designated by NOTES. (Published 7–6–23)

APPENDIX B

District Boundaries



Document Path: E:\GIS_Data\Projects\2016 Projects\16-11-14 NID Land Use Maps (x3)\Map - Brewery NID & Current Land Use (Rev 12-13.mxd

APPENDIX C

Listing of Properties Included in the District and District Assessments

Taxkey Address Ow		Owner1	Tot	al Assessed Value	2024 NID 1 Assessment
Commercial					
3620452000	1243 N 10TH ST	J. VOLLRATH LLC	\$	5,759,700.00	\$ 7,877.12
3620453000	1220 N 11TH ST	BREWERY SILO LLC	\$	505,300.00	\$ 691.06
3620501000	1017 W MC KINLEY AV	BREWER SILO LLC	\$	919,800.00	\$ 1,257.94
3620502000	1217 N 10TH ST	NEIGHBORHOOD IMPROVEMENT	\$	1,800.00	\$ 2.46
3620508000	1036-1042 W JUNEAU AV	BLUE RIBBON REDEV FUND III	\$	7,148,300.00	\$ 9,776.20
3620509000	1203-1215 N 10TH ST	BREWERY HOUSE LLC	\$	14,597,700.00	\$ 19,964.20
3620541000	1037 W MC KINLEY AV	JONJA HOLDINGS LLC	\$	4,566,100.00	\$ 6,244.72
3620551000	1240 N 10TH ST	BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE	\$	8,192,900.00	\$ 11,204.83
3620601100	800 W JUNEAU AV	MKE HOTEL LLC	\$	17,899,000.00	\$ 24,479.14
3620611000	910 W JUNEAU AV	MITHLI HOLDINGS LLC	\$	842,900.00	\$ 1,152.77
3620612000	902-908 W JUNEAU AV	BREWERY PARKING	\$	7,703,200.00	\$ 10,535.10
3910751000	901-923 W JUNEAU AV, Unit .	BREW CITY REDEVELOPMENT	\$	1,444,500.00	\$ 1,975.54
3910861000	1037 W JUNEAU AV	BLUE RIBBON REDEVELOPMENT	\$	681,300.00	\$ 931.76
3910871000	925 W JUNEAU AV	NEIGHBORHOOD IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO 1 - THE BREWE	\$	6,900.00	\$ 9.44
3910891000	1131 N 8TH ST, Unit 1	SH 7203-7207 LLC	\$	5,444,300.00	\$ 7,445.77
3910892000	1128 N 9TH ST	SSL MILWAUKEE LLC	\$	10,509,100.00	\$ 14,372.52
Residential					
3620441100	925-945 W WINNEBAGO ST	FLT BLUE RIBBON LOFTS, LLC	\$	6,380,800.00	\$ 8,726.55
3620521000	1244 N 9TH ST	BREWERY POINT APTS LLC	\$	1,774,600.00	\$ 2,426.99
3620531000	1003 W WINNEBAGO ST	WI FREDERICK LOFTS LLC	\$	27,122,800.00	, ,
3620552000	926 W JUNEAU AV	WI FREDERICK LOFTS LLC	\$	15,661,100.00	\$ 21,418.53
3620561110	840 W JUNEAU AV	WI FREDERICK LOFTS LLC	\$	15,388,800.00	\$ 21,046.13
3910862000	1009 W JUNEAU AV	MILWAUKEE PABST HOLDINGS LLC	\$	13,574,200.00	\$ 18,564.43
3910872000	1125 N 9TH ST	BLUE RIBBON SUITES LLC	\$	13,748,600.00	\$ 18,802.95
		Total	\$	179,873,700.00	\$246,000.00
Budget	\$ 246,000.00				
Rate	0.001367626284442920				
		Commercial	\$	86,222,800.00	\$ 117,920.57
		Residential	\$	93,650,900.00	\$ 128,079.43

APPENDIX D

Proposed 2024 Budget

Category		2023	2024 Proposed
Snow Plowing	\$	10,000.00	\$ 12,000.00
Pabst Sign Electric	\$	1,000.00	\$ 1,000.00
Pabst Sign Repairs	\$	25,000.00	\$ 10,500.00
Legal Fees	\$	1,000.00	\$ 1,000.00
Admin Fees/Accounting	\$	24,000.00	\$ 24,000.00
Audit Fee	\$	6,000.00	\$ 7,000.00
Storm Water Retention Main	\$	2,150.00	
Public Art Maintenance	\$	500.00	\$ 900.00
Day Porters	\$	15,500.00	\$ 18,000.00
Security	\$	70,000.00	\$ 77,000.00
Property Identification/Wayfinding	\$	500.00	\$ 500.00
Directors/Officers and Liab Ins	\$	1,500.00	\$ 1,100.00
Commercial Property Insurance	\$	4,881.00	\$ 5,500.00
Preservation Park Water	\$	500.00	\$ 500.00
Zilber Park Water	\$	250.00	\$ 250.00
Preservation Park Property Tax	\$	200.00	\$ 200.00
Zilber Park Property Tax	\$	50.00	\$ 50.00
Landscaping	\$	40,000.00	\$ 40,000.00
Preservation Park Electricity	\$	2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00
Zilber Park Electricity	\$	2,500.00	\$ 2,500.00
Lamp Post Electricity/Meters (Holiday)	\$	1,000.00	\$ 1,000.00
Park maintenance	\$	2,500.00	\$ 2,500.00
Marketing & PR	\$	23,000.00	\$ 15,000.00
Holiday Lighting	\$	13,500.00	\$ 13,500.00
Community Outreach (BID 21 Housing Coordinator Donation	\$	-	
Community Development	\$	5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Bubler Bikes Renewal Fee	\$	5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Total	\$	292,531.00	\$ 246,000.00
_	φ.	70 404 00	

\$

\$

Reserves

2023 Assessment

72,494.00

220,037.00

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Audited Financial Statements

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Brewery Neighborhood Improvement District No. 1 Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Brewery Neighborhood Improvement District No. 1 ("District") which comprise the statements net position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the District as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise District's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule on page 15 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements of the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements of the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Reilly Pennez Benton LLP

August 14, 2023 Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Statements of Net Position

December 31, 2022 and 2021

Assets					
	<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 140,476	\$	106,424		
Accounts receivable, net	1,080		7,927		
Prepaid expense	 5,367		4,062		
Total current assets	146,923		118,413		
Capital Assets:					
Land	270,000		270,000		
Other capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	57,388		74,567		
Net capital assets	 327,388		344,567		
Other Assets:					
Deferred sponsorship	63,800		63,800		
Web design and development	12,500		12,500		
Total other assets	 76,300		76,300		
Less accumulated amortization	(71,983)		(59,223)		
Net other assets	 4,317		17,077		
	 .,		,		
Total assets	\$ 478,628	\$ _	480,057		
Liabilities and Net Position					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 4,740	\$	6,508		
Accrued expenses	-		7,147		
Deferred insurance proceeds	-		6,975		
Total current liabilities	 4,740		20,630		
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	327,388		344,567		
Unrestricted	146,500		114,860		
Total net position	 473,888		459,427		
	 ,	. —	<u>,</u>		
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 478,628	\$_	480,057		

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

On another Devenues		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Operating Revenues: Assessment	\$	204,500 \$	234,678
Promotional event administration	Φ	10,426	32,279
Total operating revenue		214,926	266,957
		214,020	200,007
Operating Expenses:			
Electric		4,876	4,996
Insurance expense		18,234	5,220
Landscaping		9,630	35,543
Website		1,674	331
Professional fees		28,000	27,700
Marketing and promotion		22,306	71,587
Real estate taxes		201	221
Repair and maintenance		21,691	21,268
Security		31,319	38,215
Sewer and water		-	469
Holiday lighting		13,510	13,477
Snow removal		10,172	9,735
Licenses and fees		1,301	438
Depreciation		17,179	10,616
Amortization		12,760	14,149
Donation to others		5,000	5,000
Bad debt expense		1,982	-
Miscellaneous		647	844
Total operating expenses		200,482	259,809
Operating income		14,444	7,148
Nonoperating Revenues:			
Interest income		7	49
Miscellaneous revenue		10	-
Increase in net position		14,461	7,197
Net position, beginning of year		459,427	452,230
Net position, end of year	\$	473,888_\$	459,427

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			
Assessment receipt	\$ 204,500	\$	234,678
Promotional event administration	17,273		29,392
Payments to vendors	(187,738)		(234,478)
Other receipts	 -	·	11,450
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities	34,035		41,042
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
Purchase of capital assets	 -		(25,513)
Net cash and cash equivalents used by financing activities	-		(25,513)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Miscellaneous revenue	10		-
Interest income	 7		49
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by financing activities	 17		49
Net change in cash and equivalents	34,052		15,578
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 106,424		90,846
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 140,476	\$	106,424
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating income	\$ 14,444	\$	7,148
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net			
cash and cash equivalents provided (used) by operating activities			
Depreciation	17,179		10,616
Amortization	12,760		14,149
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net	6,847		10,773
Prepaid expenses	(1,305)		258
Accounts payable	(1,768)		(16,024)
Accrued expenses	(7,147)		7,147
Deferred insurance proceeds	(6,975)		6,975
Total adjustments	19,591		33,894
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities	\$ 34,035	\$	41,042

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

This section of Brewery Neighborhood Improvement District No. 1 ("the District") financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. The discussion has been prepared by management, along with the financial statements and related footnote disclosures, and should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by, the financial statements and notes. This discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts.

Using the Financial Report

The financial report consists of three financial statements that focus on the financial condition of the District and the results of its operations as a whole.

One of the most important questions asked about governmental finances is whether the unit of government as a whole is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. A key to the understanding of this questions is the statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and the statement of cash flows which present financial information in a format similar to that used by business.

The statements of net position include all of the District's assets and liabilities. It is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues and assets are recognized when the service is provided and expenses and liabilities are recognized when others provide the service, regardless of when cash is exchanged. The District's net position is one indicator of its financial health. Generally, over time, increases or decreases in net position will indicate the improvement of erosion the District's financial health.

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position present the revenues earned and the expenses incurred during the period. The District's activities are reported as operation. The District currently has only minimal operating activities, which are shown in detail in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Note that the amount for net assets at end of period on these statements agrees with total net assets on the statements of net position.

Other important factors to consider when evaluating financial viability are the District's ability to meet financial obligations as they are due and its ability to generate future net cash flows. The statements of cash flows present the information related to cash inflows and outflows summarized by operating, capital financing, and investing activities. In addition to information about cash transactions, the statements of cash flows reconciles the increase in net position on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, with net cash provided by operating activities on the statements of cash flows.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

Statements of Net Position

December 31		2022			
Assets					
Current assets	\$	146,923	\$	118,413	
Non-current capital assets		327,388		344,567	
Other assets		4,317		17,077	
Total Assets	\$	478,628	\$	480,057	
Liabilities Current liabilities	\$	4,740	\$	20,630	
Net Position	Ψ	473,888	Ψ	459,427	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	478,628	\$	480,057	

Current Assets

Current assets consist of cash in the District's bank account, accounts receivable, and prepaid insurance premiums for the District's business insurance policies.

Non-current Capital Assets

There were no capital expenditures in 2022, and there were no expenditures for the wayfinding signage completed in 2021.

Capital expenditures in 2021 include the remaining expenditures to complete the District's wayfinding signage project, \$25,513. The signage project was started in 2020, and \$40,113 in project costs were recognized as of December 31, 2020 in construction in progress. The Wayfinding signage project was completed in July 2021 for a total cost of \$65,626.

Other Assets

During 2018, the District entered into an agreement with the City of Milwaukee and Midwest Bikeshare, Inc. d/b/a Bublr Bikes ("Bublr") to sponsor a Bublr Bike Station for a period of five years. The agreement totaled \$63,800, including the costs for the electrical installation for the bike station to operate. The total cost will be amortized over the 5 year period.

During 2018, the District entered into a project contract with Rev Pop Inc. to redesign the District's website. The total project cost was \$12,500. Due to the nature of this type of project, the cost was amortized over a 3 year period.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

Current Liabilities

Current liabilities consist of accounts payable and accrued expenses, which consist of expenses for goods and services received from vendors in the current year but paid for in the following year. The balance of accounts payable at December 31, 2022 and 2021 is predominantly made up of expenses incurred near the year end, snow removal fees, management fees, electricity, repairs and maintenance, and other miscellaneous items.

Current liabilities also includes the amount of insurance proceeds received in 2021 that will be used to offset the remaining cost of the roundabout repair, \$6,975.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Year Ended December 31	2022			
Revenues				
Assessment income	\$ 204,500 \$	234,678		
Promotional event administration	10,426	32,279		
Interest income	7	49		
Miscellaneous revenue	10	0		
Expenses				
Operating expenses	170,543	235,044		
Depreciation and amortization expense	29,939	24,765		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	14,461	7,197		
Net Position, beginning of period	459,427	452,230		
Net Position, end of period	\$ 473,888 \$	459,427		

Revenues

The District's revenue primarily consists of the assessment income earned annually from the City of Milwaukee. The District earned \$204,500 and \$234,678 in assessment income during 2022 and 2021, respectively. The annual assessment for the District's operating expenses is levied by the City of Milwaukee and remitted to the District annually.

The District held an event, The Brewery District Farmers Market in 2022 and Equinox Music Festival in 2021 to promote the neighborhood. Event revenue totaled \$10,426 and \$32,279 in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Expenses

The District incurred \$200,482 and \$259,809 in operating expenses in 2022 and 2021, respectively, primarily for professional fees, marketing and promotion, right of way landscaping, landscaping, snow removal, management fees, repairs and maintenance, security, insurance, utilities, depreciation, and amortization.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

Budget to Actual Amounts Significant Variance Comparison

In 2022, the District saw an increase in expenses for its marketing and public relation services, a decrease in expenses for its storm water maintenance plan, and a decrease in expenses for its security services, and landscaping services.

The District saw a decrease in its liability insurance premiums and reallocated its park maintenance requirements resulting in a decrease in expenditures in 2021. The District achieved the first recertification of its stormwater management plan responsibilities, due every five years in 2021. The development of a District brochure and additional marketing campaigns increased the marketing expenses in 2021.

The District held an event, The Brewery District Farmers Market, on Fridays from June 10th to October 28th to promote the neighborhood. This event did not see as much revenue as previous events.

Overall Financial Position

Management believes the District is in good condition financially. Revenues derived from the City of Milwaukee's 2022 annual assessment, along with other revenues earned and reserves from prior year surpluses, are expected to be adequate to cover operating working capital requirements in 2023.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Michael Kelly, Board President.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022 and 2021

1. Nature of Operations

Brewery Neighborhood Improvement District No. 1 ("District") was created by the Common Council of the City of Milwaukee on May 13, 2009 under the provisions of Wisconsin Statute Section 66.1110. The purpose of the District is to sustain the development and operation of the former historic Pabst Brewery as a thriving, mixed-use development to be known as The Brewery, a Joseph J. Zilber Historic Redevelopment.

The District is governed by a five-member board appointed by the mayor and approved by the city council. All of the board members represent commercial and residential property owners as defined in the District's bylaws.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District complies with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The statements of net position and the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash receipts or cash disbursements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the District considers all demands deposits and highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months of less to be cash equivalents. Currently the District holds only demand deposits which are subject to custodial risk, the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. As of the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the District's deposits were fully insured by FDIC coverage. The District does not have a policy on custodial risk.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through legislation or other external restrictions. Net position related to property and equipment is classified as invested in capital assets, and the remainder of the District's net position is classified as unrestricted.

Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable are reported at contract values, less an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Management determines the need for an allowance for doubtful accounts based on experience relative to the possibility of collection. Management has established an allowance for uncollectible accounts amounting to \$1,982 and \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost if purchased and fair value at the time of receipt if donated. Depreciable capital assets consist of equipment and land improvements, which are stated at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life, which ranges between 3 and 7 years. Land is not depreciated.

Budget

The budget for the District for 2022 and 2021 was \$204,500 and \$234,678, respectively, in operating expenses. For 2023, an annual operating budget of \$292,531 was adopted.

Operating Revenues

The District considers its assessment income and any rental income generated from the use of its assets to be operating income. The District also manages neighborhood promotional events. The revenues generated are recorded as operating income.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events for possible recognition or disclosure through the date the financial statements were available to be distributed, August 14, 2023. There were no subsequent events that required recognition or disclosure.

3. Assessment Income

The annual assessment for the District's operating expenses is levied against each property within the District in direct proportion to the current assessed value of each property for real estate purposes. The City of Milwaukee levies the assessment and remits payment to the District annually. During 2022 and 2021, the District received \$204,500 and \$234,678, respectively, in assessment income.

4. Commitments

In 2020, the District entered into an agreement with the City of Milwaukee to maintain improvements in the public right-of-way and carry insurance for the \$300,000 in improvements commissioned by the Brewery Project LLC and owned by the City of Milwaukee. Management estimates that the District will continue to see annual increases in their insurance premiums, irrigation maintenance costs, and other maintenance costs each year due to the agreement. However, management is unable to estimate the exact costs at this time. This agreement is indefinite, and these additional expenses are expected to be incurred each year that the agreement is in place.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Continued)

5. Capital Asset Activity

The following tables summarize capital asset activity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	Balance		youro ondou E	Transfers or			Balance		
		January 1 Additions		Disposals			December 31		
2022 Activity:			-		-		-		
Nondepreciable capital assets:									
Land	\$	270,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	270,000	
Depreciable capital assets:									
Equipment		30,947		-		-		30,947	
Land improvements		65,625		-		-		65,625	
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(22,005)	_	(17,179)	_	-	_	(39,184)	
Net depreciable capital assets		74,567	_	(17,179)	_	-	_	57,388	
Net capital assets	\$	344,567	\$	(17,179)	\$_	-	\$_	327,388	
2021 Activity:									
Nondepreciable capital assets:									
Land	\$	270,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	270,000	
Construction in progress		40,113		-		(40,113)		-	
Depreciable capital assets:									
Equipment		30,945		-		-		30,945	
Land improvements		-		25,513		40,113		65,626	
Less accumulated depreciation		(11,388)	_	(10,616)	_	-	_	(22,004)	
Net depreciable capital assets	_	19,557	_	14,897	_	40,113	_	74,567	
Net capital assets	\$	329,670	\$	14,897	\$	-	\$	344,567	

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$17,179 and \$10,616, respectively.

6. Deferred Sponsorship Costs

During 2018, the District entered into an agreement with the City of Milwaukee and Midwest BikeShare, Inc. d/b/a Bublr Bikes ("Bublr") to sponsor a Bublr Bike Station for a period of five years. If the Bublr Bike Station is removed from the District location within five years from the date the station became operational (May 2018), the District is entitled to a refund of its sponsorship costs, on a pro rata basis, over the five-year term. The District was also required to install an electrical connection for the bike station. Therefore, the sponsorship costs and electrical installation costs are being amortized over this five-year period. Amortization of these costs were \$12,760 during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

BREWERY NEIGHBORHOOD IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Continued)

7. Website Development Costs

During 2018, the District entered into an agreement with Rev Pop, Inc. to redesign the District's website. The total project cost amounted to \$12,500. Due to the nature of this asset as developing computer software, the total cost is being amortized over a three-year period. Amortization of these costs were \$0 and \$1,389 during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

THE BREWERY NEIGHBORHOOD IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Original and Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual
Revenues:			
Assessment	\$	204,500 \$	204,500
Promotional event administration		-	10,426
Interest income		-	7
Miscellaneous revenue		-	10
Total revenue		204,500	214,943
Expenses:			
Electric		5,000	4,876
Insurance expense		6,000	18,234
Landscaping		36,000	9,630
Website		-	1,674
Professional fees		31,000	28,000
Marketing and promotion		23,000	22,306
Real estate taxes		250	201
Repair and maintenance		32,500	21,691
Security		40,000	31,319
Sewer and water		750	-
Holiday lighting		14,500	13,510
Snow removal		10,000	10,172
Licenses and fees		-	1,301
Depreciation		-	17,179
Amortization		-	12,760
Donation to others		5,000	5,000
Property identification		500	-
Bad debt expense		-	1,982
Miscellaneous		-	647
Total expenses		204,500	200,482
Increase in net assets		-	14,461
Net assets, beginning of year	_	459,427	459,427
Net assets, end of year	\$	459,427 \$	473,888

See independent auditors' report.

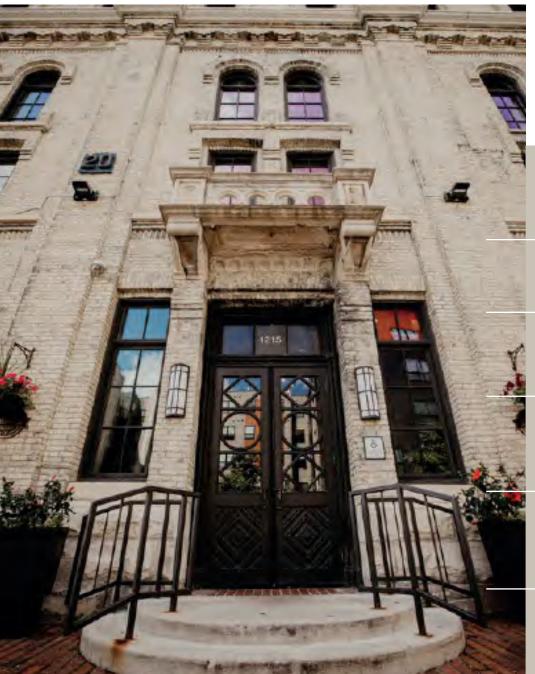




Formerly the site of Pabst Brewery, the 21-acre campus and its historic structures sat vacant following Pabst's abrupt closing in 1996. Yet under the partnership of early individual investors, real estate developer Joseph J. Zilber, and a public-private partnership with the city of Milwaukee, the once-abandoned manufacturing area transformed into one of downtown Milwaukee's great neighborhoods.

2022/2023

NID No. 1 Board of Directors



Michael Kelly Chairman of the board Blue Ribbon Management

> Erica Vaillancourt Board Secretary Interstate Parking

> > Luke Repetti Board Treasurer Nō Studios

Mark Yencheske Board Member Best Place at the Historic Pabst Brewery

Seth Wood Board Member Hyatt Place Milwaukee Downtown

> Staff Erin Stenum NID No. 1 Manager

The District's commitment to transparency and accountability is reflected in its regular public meetings of the Neighborhood Improvement District No. 1 Board. Over the course of twelve meetings from September 2022 through August 2023, the board ensures the Operating Plan and District objectives are fully realized.



Neighborhood Improvement District No. 1 Boundaries

The Brewery NID No. 1 represents approximately eight blocks and is bounded by Winnebago Street at the north, Highland Avenue at the south, I-43 to the west and 7th Street to the east.

INTRODUCTION



The Brewery District consists of 16 adaptively reused and 14 historically preserved buildings, totalling over one million square feet, with more than \$300 million in public and private investment.

The Brewery Neighborhood Improvement District No. 1

The story of The Brewery District is one of resilience, vision, and leadership. Once a thriving manufacturing company of the iconic and historic Pabst Brewing Company, the 21-acre campus and its historic structures were left vacant for over a decade after Pabst's abrupt closing in 1996.

Bold and innovative leadership of private investors, real estate developer Zilber Ltd., as well as a strong publicprivate partnership with the city of Milwaukee, the once-forgotten area has undergone a remarkable transformation.

Today, The Brewery District stands as one of downtown Milwaukee's most beloved and thriving neighborhoods.

The sustainable and walkable district consists of 16 adaptively reused buildings, and 14 historically preserved, totalling more than one million square feet; over 844,000 square feet of new construction: a phased streetscape reconstruction; and more than \$300 million in public and private investment. Infrastructure designed for stormwater management, aggressive landscaping, tree lawns,

bioswales, Zilber Park and Preservation Park, and other commitments to sustainability make The Brewery District a LEED Platinum Neighborhood Development.

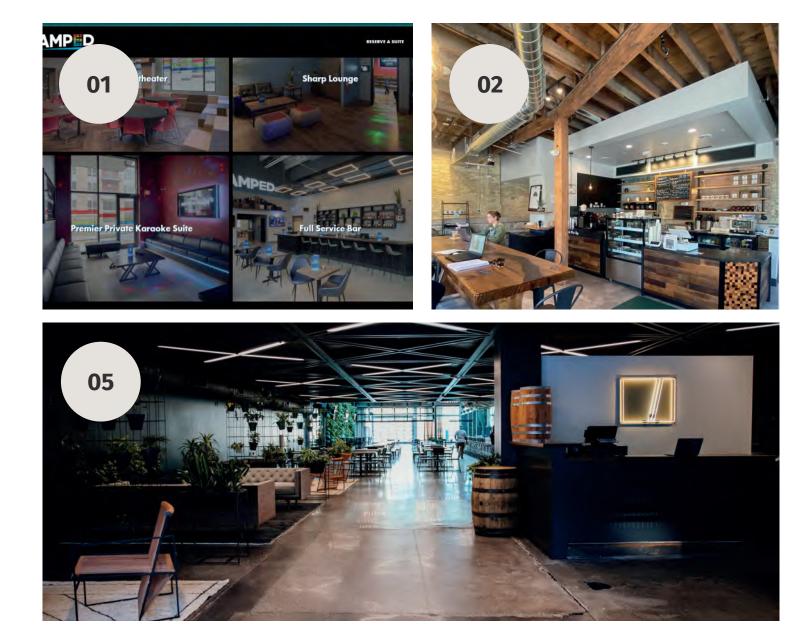
Residential and commercial property owners within the district remain committed to the forward momentum of the neighborhood and, therefore, support an annual assessment to enhance city services and enrich the quality of life within the district.

66

Goals and Objectives

To promote and sustain the development and operation of the former historic Pabst Brewery complex as a thriving mixed-use, safe and vibrant community in which to live, work, learn and play.

The Brewery Neighborhood Improvement District No. 1



01. Amped is a new 12,000 sq. ft. private suite karaoke and team building bar by Bars and Recreation. Amped serves as a professional meeting venue by day and private suite karaoke bar each night.

03. The Malt House original built in 1882 was the worlds largest breweryowned malt house now 118 market rate apartments featuring preserved kilns and brewery artifacts. 02. Boiler House Cafe was built in the 1,019 sq. ft. vacant retail space in the Pabst Boiler House on 10th and McKinley.

04. The Barley Room at Pabst is a new 3,500 sq. ft. event venue located in the 250,000 sq. ft. Eleven25 at Pabst mixed-use development.

05. Pilot Project Brewing is a new incubator for talented start-up brewers assisting with production, development, marketing, distribution and more.





Economic Development

The Brewery District in Milwaukee has become a hub for economic development, with impressive figures to back it up. The area boasts over a million square feet of space, with 844,000 of those dedicated to new construction.

New and completed developments during the 2022 - 2023 year include:

The Malt House, 118 unit, 170,000 sq. ft. market rate residential development reached full occupancy after its completion late 2021.

Pilot Project Brewing is

a Chicago based brewery and new brewery for the Milwaukee market. The brewery serves as a launch pad for start-up breweries offering production, business development, marketing, distribution and more. Pilot Project opened in the 49,000 sq. ft. space formerly owned by Milwaukee Brewing Company.

Amped Private Karaoke

Suites and Events, a new Bars and Recreation development, is located in a 12,000 sq. ft. retail space on the first floor of the Brewery District parking structure at 902 W. Juneau Avenue.

Boiler House Cafe opened in the 1,019 sq. ft. space in the Pabst Boiler House at 1243 N. 10th Street.

A new 3,500 sq. ft. event venue, **The Barley Room at Pabst** opened in the 250,000 sq. ft. historic Eleven25 at Pabst building.

The District installed wayfinding signage to connect visitors and residents with the many businesses and public spaces in the area.

Living in The Brewery District

Over one million sq. ft. of residential space across seven properties offers a spectrum of options ranging from luxury apartments to affordable housing for seniors.

Work Spaces

The area offers more than 312,000 sq. ft. of commercial space across four office buildings, providing workspaces for over 70 tenant businesses.

Education

The University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee Joseph J. Zilber Public School of Health is located in the Brewery District, housed in a LEED Goldcertified building. The 50,299 sq. ft. building houses nearly 60 School of Public Health faculty and students.

Destination

The neighborhood is also home to a variety of dining, and hospitality options with over 379,000 sq. ft. of entertainment space across ten properties.

Green Spaces

Green spaces are also abundant in the Brewery District, with the Preservation Park and Zilber Park providing over 20,000 square feet of public space.

Ample Parking

Over 1,400 parking spaces are available. A LEED Goldcertified public parking structure with 908 stalls is central located and in addition to 500 private parking spaces, above ground and under ground.

The Brewery District truly has something for everyone, making it a prime destination for economic development.

Nō Studios



Pabst Professional Center

Zilber **Park**

UW-Milwaukee Joseph J. Zilber Public School of Health



The Brewery Neighborhood Improvement District No. 1

2022 - 2023 Assessments

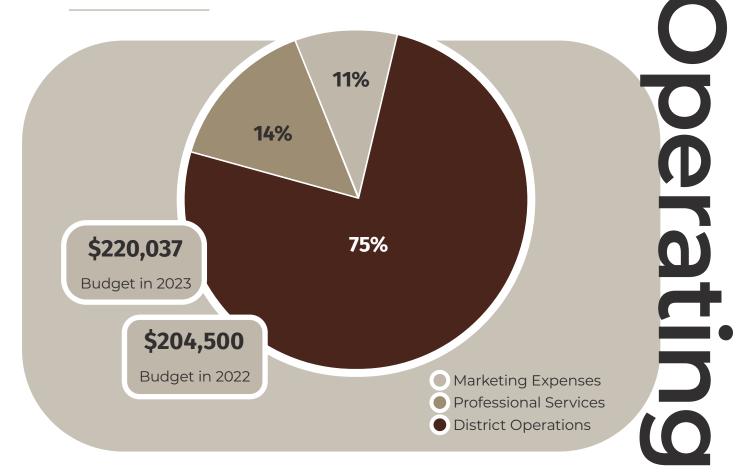
In 2023, the total assessed property valuation at initial assessment was \$179,873,700. The 2022 final assessment was \$179,613,700 and \$169,486,200 in 2021.



In 2022 the District's total property value increased 6% over 2021.



2022 - 2023 Budget



In 2023 the proposed budget was \$257,531 and \$35,000 reserved for a contingency fund. The board applied \$72,494 of unspent budget from the 2022 year to the 2023 budget bringing the total assessment down to \$220,037 in 2023.

In 2022 through 2023, the NID No. 1 operations include Day Porter Services, Public Safety, Park Maintenance, Stormwater Management, Landscaping, Winter Maintenance, Public Art Maintenance, Historic neon Pabst Sign Maintenance and a Holiday Lighting Program. The NID No. 1 marketing and promotional expenses included the organization and operating of the Brewery District Farmers Market that took place June - August, PR consulting, social media, and other promotional activities for the NID No. 1.

District professional services include expenses for accounting, bank service charges, email and website costs, management services, and postage fees.

In 2023, the NID No. 1 increased its district maintenance expenditures for the neon Pabst sign and bridge, upgraded its security camera system, and increased its security budget.

The Brewery Neighborhood Improvement District No. 1







NID No. 1 Operations

The Brewery District is a vibrant mixeduse community with a variety of residential developments, hotels, breweries, taverns, restaurants, work spaces, and more. We are also a Neighborhood Improvement District.

Established in 2009,

The Brewery NID No. 1 is the first Neighborhood Improvement District in the state of Wisconsin and a shining example of historic preservation and adaptive reuse nationwide.

The NID No. 1 provides services to increase the safety and cleanliness and the perceived safety and cleanliness of our community and as a supplement to the maintenance and security services provided by the city of Milwaukee. The NID No. 1's core programs are outlined on the following pages.

District **Operations**



01 Public Safety

At the Brewery District, we take safety seriously. Our commitment to the safety of our residents is reflected in our investment in a Security Officer, cutting-edge technology, and close collaboration with the community and MPD, with our MPD District One Community Officer Liaison and our Downtown District Attorney. Through these strategic and proactive measures, we are able to keep our community safe and thriving.



02 Annual Landscaping Plan

The District's green spaces are environmentally focused on the planting, management, and conservation of native species. Our beautiful bioswales, park trees, and public rightof-way native plantings are just a few of the highlights of our extensive landscaping maintenance program. We take pride in maintaining a beautiful and welcoming neighborhood year-round through debris and trash removal, tree pruning, weeding, mulching, and leaf removal.



03

Historic Neon PABST Sign Maintenance

One of the most iconic symbols of Milwaukee's rich brewing history is the historic neon PABST sign over Juneau Avenue. The District provides special care and attention to ensure its structural integrity and its preservation for future generations. That's why we conduct regular engineering inspections and maintenance to keep it shining brightly for years to come.



04

Promotion

The District engages in promotional activities to share the narrative of our community, its unique qualities, and amenities to attract users to the District as a destination.

District **Operations**



05 Holiday Lighting Program

There's no better way to celebrate the holiday season than with a little extra sparkle! The Brewery District's annual holiday lighting program includes decorating 86 harp light poles throughout the neighborhood with garland, lights, and wreaths.



06 Day Porter Services

The Brewery District's Day Porter Services do more than just keep our neighborhood clean, they remove an average of 240 gallons of trash every week! These unsung heroes are the backbone of our community, ensuring that our streets and public areas are free from litter and debris. They help our parks and green spaces remain enjoyable throughout the seasons and maintain our dog bag program that promotes responsible pet ownership.



07

Park Operations

Our neighborhood boasts 20,650 square feet of lush green space, not to mention two beautiful parks, Zilber Park and Preservation Park. These parks are not only a source of natural beauty and serenity, but also serve as popular wedding and event venues.



08 Winter Maintenance

Even in the depths of winter, we strive to keep our community safe and accessible. Our winter maintenance program includes snow removal and ice management in public areas such as Zilber Park, Preservation Park, and a pedestrian walkway between the parking garage and 10th Street.

District **Operations**



10 Placemaking

To strengthen the connection between our public spaces and the people who utilize them, the District has invested in developing public space improvements and their ongoing maintenance. These projects include the W. Juneau Avenue roundabout landscaping and neighborhood gateway signage, District identification signage, and wayfinding signage.



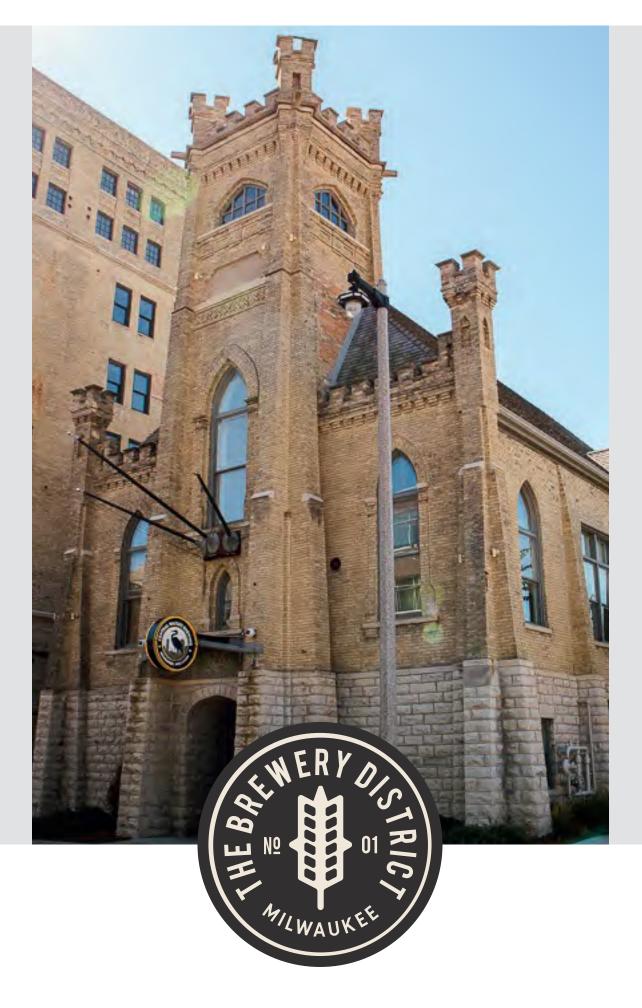
09 Stormwater Management

The Brewery District is designed to be a model for sustainable stormwater management. By capturing the majority of its stormwater from rooftops and open areas before it enters the combined sewer system, we are able to purify it through underground detention reservoirs, porous pavement areas, and 17 beautiful bioswales. We're proud to say that we now infiltrate over 75% of the average annual rainfall and extract 85% of its pollutants!



11 Public Art Maintenance

The Brewery District is home to some truly stunning public art installations, and we're committed to keeping them in top condition for all to enjoy. Our maintenance plan includes regular care and upkeep of Zilber Park's bronze statue, the Gabion Ice Wall, and the Preservation Park Artifact Gallery.



thebrewery.org