BACKGOUND	*****	*******	******
 1.1 million people By 2035 / \ by 16% Slow growth As of 2019 18 of 28 \/ 28 municipalities VISION 2050 recognizes that a thriving future for Southeastern Wisconsin transcends the boundaries of its seven counties and 147 cities, villages, and towns: 57 towns, 61 Villages 29 Cities, 7 counties SEWRPC: 36% of the State's population 34% of the State's jobs 	Inequality • 4 county highest BW segregation rate • HS diploma minority 4x< NMinority	Economic and Ed Disparities Outlying: • Limited housing • Limited transportation Less affluent: • < neighborhood revitalization • /\\ crime rate • /\\ unemployment rate	Economic Challenges Long term job loss Slow recovery from recession Economic success 25 firms in Fortune 5000 Port of Milwaukee
Economic Health:	 Manufacturing = 16% of regional employment MKE region in top 50 US Metro areas for manufacturing Jobs pay 31% more than average job in region Workforce dev, esp for minorities 	 Challenges: 2005 Levy limit on property tax for new construction Limit provision of critical services: police, schools, waste collection, water infrastructure, mass transit Areas with little land to develop or redevelop for new construction 	 Transportation Resident connection to employment, education, health care and other Population growth will require replacement and improvement Roadway condition and traffic flow critical for economy and safety VISION 2050: revenues will not be sufficient to reconstruct major roadways
Climate change For most of human history, the Earth's atmosphere contained about 275 parts per million of carbon dioxide. More recently, the Earth's atmosphere has been found to contain about 390 parts per	 Projections: Seasonal Impacts winter warmer more rain than snow (ice storms) 25% increase in large rainstorms most rain in spring and fall more sewer overflows, more polluted stormwater, reduced air quality 	 Seasonal changes impact transportation and above ground infrastructure Larger rainstorms create more flooding Existing grey infrastructure not designed for these 	Harbor: SCR CDR: p.29 NAACP pp. 435-436 Conclusion: The Urgent Need for Transformative Action

Most scientists (97%) agree that our carbon emissions are likely influencing the Earth's climate. This influence affects the Earth's rainfall patterns, temperature, plant and animal populations, and more. In an urban environment, the impacts of these changes can be magnified because of dense development and more complex infrastructure.	 SCR-CDR p 35 5.10a Climate Crisis Impacts in Great Lakes Region The climate crisis impacts in the Great Lakes region has led to it being significantly warmer and wetter than other regions of the contiguous U.S. Impacts of these changes include: Chronic flooding, which degrades transportation, water supply, and building infrastructure; Increased periods of droughts and heavy precipitation, causing significant variability in Great Lakes water levels; Changes in the direction of seasonal wind patterns and "lake- effects" storm events; Shifts in animal and plant species vitality and biodiversity, particularly in those species dependent on cold climates; Increased incidents of harmful algal blooms (HABs)- which are proliferations of species of algae that decrease oxygen concentrations in the waters resulting in "dead zones" and may produce toxins that are harmful to humans and animals- resulting in increased incidents of fish kills; Greater proliferation of invasive species of plants, animals, fish, and microorganisms; and Adverse impacts to local and regional economies that are dependent on winter recreational and tourism income. Climate-related chronic flooding in the Great Lakes region is degrading water quality in urban centers by increasing pollution from stormwater runoff and burdening the freshwater and wastewater treatment 	Circular Economy: https://media.sitra.fi/2018/06/12132041/the-circular-economy-a-powerful-force-for- climate-mitigation.pdf A more circular economy is indispensable for meeting global material needs without exceeding the available carbon budget. The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change has estimated a remaining 'carbon budget' for this century of around 800 billion tonnes (Gt) CO2. This is the amount of emissions that can be emitted until 2100 for a good chance of keeping warming below 2°C – with still less for the 'well below 2°C' target set by the Paris Agreement. This study estimates that, on current trends, materials production alone would result in more than 900 Gt of emissions. Energy efficiency and low carbon energy will help, but do not resolve this dilemma: emissions add up to 650 Gt even with rapid adoption. This is because so much carbon is either built into the products themselves and then released at their end of life (plastics), or is inherent to the process chemistry of production (steel, cement). For context, note that 2°C scenarios typically 'allocate' about 300 Gt CO2 to these sectors for the total world economy. Options to get to 300 Gt <i>include a</i>) aggressive scale-up of carbon capture and storage; b) the rapid introduction of radical process changes that are currently in early development stages; and c) reducing demand for primary materials through the range of circularity measures discussed above. (p.7) How can we achieve sustainability for people and planet? Rounding the pillars is about bending the silos into circles and building community. Transitioning to a circular economy creates opportunities to make our societies more inclusive, accessible, and sustainable by bringing together the principles of social engagement and economic opportunity. From rethinking our relationship to resources to developing new methods of collaboration and community- building, circular economy has the potential to serve as a catalyst for regenerative social, economic, and envir
	systems. Elevated concentrations of lead,	

Vision 1	Environment	and	Society
Make the Milwaukee region a better place to live by improving the public's participation in decision making and their environment	Improve dialogue with residents and key stakeholders Actions 1-4 NAACP pp. 59-76 Module 2: Building Social Cohesion NAACP pp. 170-198+ Module 5: Communicating For Impact NAACP pp. 199-212 Module 6: Educating and Organizing for Climate Resilience NAACP pp. 331-345 Module 12: Gender and LGBTQ Responsive Climate Resilience		
Actions	Goal/ Plan Links	Risks Addressed	Objective/Status/ *Lead #Implement
Identify	Gaps that may exist in Current Partnerships And/Or Employment Sectors To Create More Meaningful and Intentional Relationships <i>City of West Allis Five Year Strategic Plan: 2017</i> –2021. NAACP pp.	 SOCIAL EQUITY ABILITY TO ADAPT TO JOB MARKET CHANGES DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC SERVICES 	Leverage existing partnerships and identify new opportunities with stakeholders to create and expand meaningful employment and job training opportunities. <i>To be scaled up</i> *Municipalities *Non Profit/Business partner #1. Identify existing local initiatives/ partnerships #2. Establish intentional stakeholder partnerships and create a one-stop shop to fill gaps #3. Identify gaps that exist Downtown development /Central City Neighborhoods: https://urbanmilwaukee.com/2019/12/17/eyes-on-milwaukee-can-downtown-boom-boost- poorer-areas/
Create	A Regional Resilience Resource Center That Can Serve As A Space For Consolidated Community Resources	SOCIAL EQUITY	Promote resilience at the local level and across the region by creating a resource center with consolidated information and services. <i>New Action</i> *Municipalities #1. Create inventory of programs and events #2. Consolidate existing programs and events into a single space

			#3. Identify new needs and opportunities for information and services
			#4. Create community mapping plan
			#5. Advertise and promote events
Engage	Stakeholders In Collaborative Decision Making	 CLIMATIC HAZARD 	Engage stakeholders (both professional and public) in decision-making around the
Linguge	And Implementation Of Watershed Restoration &		connections between land, water and people.
	Water Quality Plans	SOCIAL EQUITY	To Be Scaled Up Ongoing
			*Municipalities
			*Non-pro t/ Business Partner
Action 3	SEWRPC Community Assistance Planning		*MMSD
	Report No. 316, A Restoration Plan for the Root		# Create engagement strategy and project milestones
	River Watershed		# Ensure stakeholders understand the problem
			# Present options and provide meaningful ways for decision making
	RFMKE:		# Incorporate multi-faceted quality of life components
	Water p21 88% of Target		······································
	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		RFMKE pp 31 - 33
			Water Sustainability Challenges
			• Climate change increases the risk of extreme storms, which places increased
			risk of flooding. It also increases the risk of basement back-ups or combined
			sewer overflows.
			Milwaukee's rivers cross watersheds and municipal boundaries. Cleaning up
			the rivers requires a multi-jurisdictional approach.
			 Because of the Flint water crisis, the public is increasingly focused on lead
			service lines and plumbing on private property. Because the public system and
			private network of water distribution are connected, the public is looking for
			government solutions. The City is taking this challenge on based on the best
			available science, but the scale of the issue is large relative to available
			funding.
			• Microplastics, PFAs, and other emerging pollutants in the water supply must
			be monitored and treated if they exceed unsafe levels.
			Public communication on the state of river water quality and efforts to restore
			the river could be improved across agencies.
Improve	Local Efforts To Improve Communities By	SOCIAL EQUITY	Reduce stormwater runoff, energy costs, impacts of climate change, and the urban heat
Implove	Replacing Grey Impervious Surfaces With Green	ABILITY TO ADAPT TO JOB	island effects.
	Spaces	MARKET CHANGES	To Be Scaled Up
	1	DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC	*Municipalities
	depave is a non-profit organization in Portland,	SERVICES	*Non-profit/ Business Partner
Action 4	Oregon	 VULNERABILITY OF 	*MMSD
	Reflo: Sustainable Water Solutions: GSCM	VULNERABILITT OF CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE	# Identify and prioritize publicly owned parcels with substantial impervious space
	SCR-CDR	UKITICAL INFKASI KUUTUKE	# Increase funding that can support investments in green space and associated co-benefits
	3.2a Prioritize Green Infrastructure		# Identify and eliminate duplication effort and waste
	*Impervious pavement in cities exacerbates the		#Implement projects that meet multiple triple bottom line objectives (i.e., social,
	urban heat island, leads to more localized		environmental and economic)
	flooding, disrupts natural systems, and generally		# Share best management practices with other partners
	reduces the overall quality of life for nearly all		^{<i>n</i>} Share best management practices with build particles
	reduces the overall quality of life for nearly all residents (i.e., humans, animals, and plants). As		<i>RFMKE: pp21-23</i>
	residents (i.e., numans, animais, and plants). As		КГИКЕ. 1921-23

	such, local communities should prioritize the installation and maintenance of green infrastructure (e.g., bioswales, rain gardens, green streets, parks and street trees, green roofs, green ways, and permeable pavements) to manage stormwater, mitigate heat, increase biodiversity, increase carbon dioxide removal, and enhance the overall quality of life. NAACP pp. 359-369 Module 14: Land Use Planning and Management		 Land and Urban Ecosystem Sustainability Challenges While fossil fuels have received significant attention for the role they play in climate change, less attention has been paid to their role in polluting the land. Defunct gas station sites that had leaking underground storage tanks make redeveloping many vacant sites more expensive and challenging. From 2015-2018, the State of Wisconsin has prioritized State subsidies to transform rural and ex-urban land for redevelopment over industrial redevelopment opportunities in existing urban areas. Targeting state subsidies to existing urban areas could spur quicker redevelopment and job creation while conserving our natural eco-systems. MWC BO see website (in process)
Access <u>Action 5</u>	Additional Healthy Food Programs So More Residents Have Access To Fresh, Locally- Sourced Foods Sixteenth Street Community Health Centers: Healthy Choices Program Core El Central Victory Garden Initiative We Got This! Alice's Garden Walnut Way MKE City Healthy Food Initiative (\$400,000) Burleigh Street Corridor Project Mt Calvary Community Gardens Parklawn Assembly of God NAACP pp. 312-330 Module 11: Food Systems USDA https://urbanmilwaukee.com/pressrelease/botanic a-galactica-in-walkers-point-will-host-a- discussion-series-on-accessibility-in-wellness/	•	 Expand programs to promote access to local and healthy food. <i>To Be Scaled Up</i> *Municipalities *Non-profit/ Business Partner <i>RFMKE:</i> pp 14-16 Food System Sustainability Challenges Urban gardening has many benefits and can provide supplemental fresh and healthy food during summer months. However, urban agriculture continues to face challenges with aggregating this food and reliably distributing it to large institutions year-round. Farming on disaggregated urban lots is also often not cost-competitive with regional rural farms, which themselves often struggle to be profitable. It is challenging to attract full and retain service grocery stores into lower income neighborhoods. Some urban agriculture organizations are beginning to shift their focus away from healthy food and toward industrial hemp and CBD oil. The issue of healthy food access is being addressed by multiple departments including the Health Department, Department of City Development, and ECO with limited resources. –With help from Milwaukee Food Council working with Alderman Rainey
Improve	Public Spaces, Community Health And Reduce Crime Through Environmental Design	 SOCIAL EQUITY VULNERABILITY OF CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE 	Improve the quality of life for residents and reduce crime by altering the physical design of public and private spaces. <i>New Action</i>
Action 6	30th Street Corridor flood relief project— Milwaukee, WI RFMKE p23 100% of Target Home Grown pp34- 35		*Municipalities # Identify priority areas based on population, available space, and planned expenditures # Create comprehensive plans that take into account all aspects—the public should be engaged at all stages of planning # Create and implement a phased approach for public space redevelopment

			# Amend land use regulations, such as zoning ordinances, to incorporate CPTED principles
Increase <u>Action 7</u>	Access To And Understanding Of Existing Resources By Connecting Residents To Available Community Resources <i>Community Advocates</i>	 DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC SERVICES SOCIAL EQUITY 	Increase awareness and use of community resources to improve the quality of life for vulnerable populations. New Action To Be Scaled Up * Municipalities #Identify resources offered for your community #Create communication platform to increase awareness #Promote use through integration with existing outreach efforts
Expand	The Existing Litter Pickup Programs And Change Behaviors Through Targeted Communication Campaigns <i>Keep America Beautiful</i>	 DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC SERVICES SOCIAL EQUITY 	Empower and educate residents in order to reduce the amount of litter in public spaces and on the street and take pride in their community. <i>To Be Scaled Up</i> #Create Adopt-A-Street program/ #Contract out litter pickup with workforce development agency
Action 8	Keep America Beautiful Keep Greater Milwaukee Beautiful Riverkeepers Plastic Free MKE		# Municipalities provide containers to households # Cigarette butt campaign to reduce litter #Promote Adopt a Drain
	NAACP pp.408-422 Module 18: Waste Management		

Vision 2	Economy	and	Society
Boost the region's economic vitality through innovative job creation and access to equal opportunities	NAACP pp. 224-237 Module 8: Economic Justice		Health and Equity across sectors: https://www.changelabsolutions.org/sites/default/files/2019-04/Blueprint-For- Changemakers_FINAL_201904.pdf
Launch	A Utilities Efficiency Program To Improve Low- Income Housing And Boost Employment -Milwaukee Energy Efficiency (Me2)program aimed at financing energy saving improvements -TIN (Targeted Investment Neighborhood) program designed to sustain and increase owner- occupancy NAACP pp. 346-358+ Module 13: Housing	 ABILITY TO ADAPT TO JOB MARKET CHANGES SOCIAL EQUITY DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC SERVICES 	Create workforce development opportunities and improve low-income housing by creating and expanding training programs for under- and unemployed residents. New Action To Be Scaled Up *Municipalities # Steps for implementation will be identified with partners. RFMKE: pp17-19 Land and Urban Ecosystem Sustainability Challenges • Targeting state subsidies to existing urban areas could spur quicker redevelopment and job creation while conserving our natural eco-systems.
Create/Connect	Job Training / Shadowing Program With The Schools And Major Employers In The Region Milwaukee 7 Talent Partnership GROW HERE Campaign	 ABILITY TO ADAPT TO JOB MARKET CHANGES SOCIAL EQUITY DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC SERVICES 	Identify opportunities to connect youth with companies to introduce them to a variety of jobs through hands-on job training and shadowing programs. New Action To Be Scaled Up *Municipalities *Non-pro t/ Business Partner #Identify existing programs and gaps #Create partnerships with schools and employers #Promote to schools and students
Develop <u>Action 11</u>	Entrepreneurship Opportunities With Direct Links To Water And Energy Technologies That Meet Future Job Needs <i>Municipal Strategic Plans:</i> -Grow Milwaukee's cluster of energy efficient and clean tech companies to create local jobs and exports (ReFresh Milwaukee Plan) -Advance efforts to plan for and accommodate spin-off businesses generated by the Research Park and educational institutions (Wauwatosa)	 ABILITY TO ADAPT TO JOB MARKET CHANGES VULNERABILITY OF CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE 	Support the emergence and reinforcement of entrepreneurship and innovation to adapt to market changes in the water and energy sectors. <i>New Action</i> <i>To Be Scaled Up / Ongoing</i> *Non-profit/ Business Partner #Identify the synergies between the water and energy sectors' stakeholders #Build a joint entrepreneurship program 4 based on the identified needs #Accompany and mentor startups # Develop internship programs Brain Drain? : <u>https://www.wpr.org/sites/default/files/recommendations_on_alleviating_human_capital_f</u> <u>light_from_milwaukee_and_its_government_final_final_june_21_2019.pdf</u> <u>https://www.wpr.org/proposed-millennial-task-force-would-work-limit-milwaukee- brain-drain</u>

Support	The Creation Of And Training For Jobs Related To Sustainability In Specific Industries And Trades GI: <u>https://ngicp.org</u> <u>https://www.jff.org/what-we-do/</u>	 ABILITY TO ADAPT TO JOB MARKET CHANGES SOCIAL EQUITY 	Promote, adjust and create jobs related to sustainability. Ongoing *Municipalities *Non-pro t/ Business Partner *MMSD #Partner with public agencies #Develop training and certification programs #Establish partnerships with private sector #Support creation and development of businesses that can supply workers #Develop policy that guides opportunities to impacted communities
Create	Pathways To Career Success For Young Men And Women Of Color Oakland, CA The City of Oakland is advancing the My Brother's Keeper Local Action Plan. As part of Oakland Promise, the city is going to launch Future Centers, which are college and career hubs on middle-school and high-school campuses. They will provide support to these students to develop college and career plans. Future Centers will also help connect students with financial aid, scholarships, and internships. The "Classroom2Careers" program will offer meaningful opportunities for youth to gain real- world internship experience. https://urbanmilwaukee.com/pressrelease/bradley -tech-high-school-to-kickoff-job-training- program-with-rehab-of-historic-eagleknit- building/	 ABILITY TO ADAPT TO JOB MARKET CHANGES SOCIAL EQUITY 	Increase job opportunities for people of color to reduce social inequalities. <i>To Be Scaled Up</i> Region Non-profit/ Business Partner #Create mentor program to connect students to volunteer mentors from local businesses, organizations and associations #Develop professional skills like goal setting, communication and time management #Provide career exploration in partnership with local universities RFMKE: pp 17-19 1. Human Capital Sustainability Challenges Developing a consistent stream of green job opportunities for Milwaukee residents remains a challenge. As the City and Milwaukee County face long term fiscal challenges, employment opportunities in traditional green jobs in Forestry and Park Maintenance have retracted. Many environmental sustainability to build in enough time to both train a cohort of workers, directly employ them through a private sector employer, and allow them to deliver the grant requirements in a timely manner. Create a state-funded and state-run AmeriCorps- like program to coordinate resilience WAASL
Design Action 14	A Suite Of Inclusive Business Development Services To Help Entrepreneurs Of Color Gain Equal Footing In The Milwaukee Region's Economy The African American Chamber of Commerce of Wisconsin seeks to help grow and support African American-owned businesses by providing access to capital, education and advocacy	 ABILITY TO ADAPT TO JOB MARKET CHANGES SOCIAL EQUITY 	Create a diverse and thriving job base that supports communities of color. New Action *Region *Non-pro t/ Business Partner #Scale up existing disadvantaged business development programs (City of Milwaukee & MMSD already have programs) https://urbanmilwaukee.com/pressrelease/american-family-insurance-supports- milwaukee-revitalization-efforts-at-sherman-phoenix/

	through capacity building and strategic partnership. NAACP pp. 370-381 Module 15: Restorative/Criminal Justice		Downtown development /Central City Neighborhoods: https://urbanmilwaukee.com/2019/12/17/eyes-on-milwaukee-can-downtown-boost- poorer-areas/
Vision 3	Infrastructure	and	Environment
Adapt infrastructure to the challenges of the 21 st century			
Develop Action 15	And Implement Sustainable Practices Through Bids And Businesses Across The Region -Implement sustainable building practices and standards for development and major redevelopment (ReFresh Milwaukee Plan) -Improve the physical condition of deteriorating and blighted city, residential, and commercial buildings (ReFresh Milwaukee Plan) -Encourage green building practices for redevelopment of sites in the Village including practices that promote energy conservation, stormwater management, and improved air quality (Fox Point)	 ABILITY TO ADAPT TO JOB MARKET CHANGES VULNERABILITY OF CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE 	 Integrate energy, waste, and sustainable material components into RFPs and/or bids. Ongoing *Municipalities *Non-profit/ Business Partner *MMSD #Steps for implementation will be identified with partners. such as: +Adopting green construction codes for commercial buildings +Improving the physical condition of deteriorating cities, including residential and commercial buildings +Encouraging green building practices for redevelopment of sites in the region +Integrating energy, waste, and sustainable material components into RFPs and/or bids (Envision) <i>RFMKE:</i> pp 28-30 <i>Resource Recovery Sustainability Challenges</i> 1,800+ students and 170 adults attended educational programs in 2018. In 2017, China implemented the "National Sword" policy which set strict contamination standards and restricted imports of recyclable materials. While Milwaukee remains committed to its robust recycling program, relying chiefly on domstic mills, market prices for recyclables have declined. Revenue from recyclables is expected to decrease in 2019. The Department of Public Works provides recycling collection for 1-4 unit households in the City of Milwaukee. Commercial facilities such as businesses and 5+ residential units are required by state law and Milwaukee ordinance to secure recycling services for their properties. However, as the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources Responsible Unit (RU) for the City of Milwaukee, the Department of Public Works, continues to receive reports of non-compliance at commercial properties and is responsible for oversight and enforcement. The Department of Public Works, through the Special Event Permit Office, offers complimentary recycling services to local events and festivals occurring in the Cit

			banning or regulating plastic bags and other "auxiliary containers" such as single-use plastic containers. Single use plastic containers and bags remain a common contaminant in the recycling stream and source of litter in Milwaukee's streets and waterways.
Drive Action 16	A Regional Energy Efficiency Program Municipal Strategic Plans e.g.: ReFresh MKE -Improve residential and commercial energy efficiency in Milwaukee -Replace fossil fuel energy use with more clean renewable energy in City of Milwaukee facilities NAACP pp. 238-262 Module 9: Energy Systems MKES website Solar Information & Resources Midwest Renewable Energy Association (MREA) - Education We Energies - Information U.S Department of Energy - Renewable energy technology NABCEP (North American Board of Certified <u>Energy Pracitioners</u>) - "Gold Standard" for renewable energy certification Site Assessments NABCEP List of Certified Solar Professionals. Permits Milwaukee Shines Solar Electric Permitting ProcessGuide City of Milwaukee <u>Permit Page</u> Financing Milwaukee Shines Solar Financing with Summit Credit Union Me2 Commercial PACE Financing Installers Focus on Energy - list of installers NABCEP (North American Board of Certified Energy Pracitioners) - "Gold Standard" for	VULNERABILITY OF CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE	 Improve energy efficiency and energy savings across the region. <i>To Be Scaled Up</i> *Region: Midwest Energy Efficiency Alliance (MEEA) #Steps for implementation will be identified with partners. <i>RFMKE:</i> Building Sustainability Challenges Many building codes, including the energy code, are established at the State level. Municipalities in Wisconsin are prohibited from passing building energy codes that are more stringent than the State of Wisconsin code. Many of Milwaukee's older homes have large challenges. Leaking roofs or other basic structural problems often need to be addressed before adding energy efficiency and renewable energy features. Leak in older homes' service lines, internal plumbing, and in paint has become an increasing concern for the public since the Flint, MI water crisis. Energy Sustainability Challenges Many cities are committing to ambitious renewable energy goals, in some cases aiming for 100% renewable energy. Cities like Vancouver, British Columbia have historically used large amounts of hydro power as their primary renewable energy resource. Cities in California benefit from progressive state policies, such as Community Choice Aggregation, that allow municipalities to directly procure large scale renewables. Wisconsin has a highly regulated utility electricity market, with investor-owned utilities providing the majority of energy infrastructure. Within this policy environment, municipalities have limited options for achieving renewable energy goals. Wisconsin has large historic investments in fossil fuel power plants and a reliance on natural gas to heat our homes and buildings. Because of these challenges, ECO seeks to first achieve the existing 25% renewable energy goals. Wisconsin has large historic investments in fossil fuel power plants and a reliance on natural gas to heat our homes and buildings. Because of these challenges, ECO seeks to first achieve the existing 25% renewable energy goal before
	<u>Energy Fractioners</u> - Gota sumatra for		······································

	renewable energy certification		
	Incentives		
	Focus on Energy - Incentives		
	DSIREUSA (Database of State Incentives for		
	<u>Renewables and Efficiency</u> - List of incentives		
	Interconnection		
	We Energies - Interconnection information		
Drive	A Regional Transportation System	ABILITY TO ADAPT TO JOB	Improve accessibility and efficiency of mass transportation and dis incentivizing the
Diive		MARKET CHANGES	automobile
		SOCIAL EQUITY	To Be Scaled Up
	SCR-CDR	DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC	*Region: SEWRPC given Teeth:
	3.2b <u>Limit Sprawl and Invest in Complete</u> Streets	SERVICES	*County *Municipal
Action 16b	In the United States, transportation emissions are		#Lobby the state to create Regional Transportation Authorities
Action 100	rapidly growing and are expected to become the		#Steps for implementation will be identified with partners.
	largest source of emissions in the near		
	future. Moreover, a large amount of		
	<i>infrastructure within cities is dedicated to cars</i>		+Eight states are providing incentives for zero emitting freight trucks, transit buses and school buses; introducing electric shuttle and urban buses into transit fleets; allocating
	(i.e., parking garages, roads, street parking). 1. By limiting sprawl, investing in		Volkswagen settlement funds toward medium- and heavy-duty vehicle electrification; and
	density that is right sized for a given		piloting innovative approaches such as vehicle-to-grid (V2G) electric school buses.
	location and close to transit corridors		https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/es/news/california-and-seven-states-commit-faster-transition-zero-
	(see Sierra Club's <u>Urban Infill</u>		emission-trucks-and-buses
	<u><i>Policy</i></u>), and by encouraging		
	alternative forms of transit, local		RFMKE: Mobility pp 24-27
	communities should repurpose some land currently reserved for vehicles,		 Mobility Sustainability Challenges The single-occupant automobile remains a predominant form of transportation in the
	such as parking lots, and turn it into		<i>Milwaukee metropolitan area. Relatively low commute times across the metropolitan area</i>
	affordable housing, stormwater		reduce the demand for public investments in transit and other means of transportation.
	retention features, green		• The Milwaukee County Transit system also faces persistent fiscal challenges that create
	infrastructure, community spaces, or		pressure to reduce services.
	other features that will help enhance community resilience to a changing		• The State of Wisconsin's transportation budgets are also heavily skewed toward road
	climate.		construction in support of automobile travel. State economic development subsidies for manufacturing in exurban areas reduces connections between employers and workers.
	In addition, local communities should embrace a		manujaciaring in exarban areas reauces connections between employers and workers.
	complete streets approach for all existing and to-		AIRPORT? PHASE Three Emissions: https://vimeo.com/379631649
	be-developed roads, thereby ensuring they are		
	safe for all users, especially pedestrians,		Despite the decline in transit service included in the FCTP, there are some
	bicyclists, and transit riders of all ages and abilities. Complete streets should also integrate		recommendations from VISION 2050 that could improve the experience of riding transit
	abuttes. Complete streets should also integrate		in the Region without increasing the net cost of operating the transit system, making the

	green infrastructure principles to help mitigate heat and flooding impacts associated with a changing climate. NAACP pp.396-407+ Module 17: Transportation Systems		 services that remain slightly faster and more attractive to residents. Those recommendations are included in the FCTP, and are listed below. More detail on these recommendations can be found in Chapter 1 of this volume. < Recommendation 2.6: Implement "transit- rst" designs on urban streets < Recommendation 2.7: Enhance stops, stations, and park-ride facilities with state-of-the-art amenities < Recommendation 2.8: Accommodate bicycles on all xed-route transit vehicles < Recommendation 2.9: Implement programs to improve access to suburban employment centers < Recommendation 2.10: Provide information to promote transit use < Recommendation 2.12: Consider implementation of proof-of-payment on heavily-used transit services SEWPRC Workplace: https://www.sewrpc.org/SEWRPC/Transportation/Workforce-Mobility-Team.htm
Assess <u>Action 17</u>	The Reliability Of Critical Infrastructure By Performing A Criticality Analysis NAACP pp. 263-311+ Module 10: Emergency Management	 FINANCIAL CONSTRAINTS CLIMATIC HAZARD VULNERABILITY OF CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE 	Measure, understand and monitor the state of infrastructure. Ongoing *Municipalities *Non-profit/ Business Partner *MMSD Utilize MMSD-developed dashboards as a template to allow municipalities to assess and visualize sewer infrastructure investment needs. #Leverage tool developed by regional agency for municipal benefits #Provide understanding of regional investment needs for sewer infrastructure #Pilot first step in developing a regional approach to manage infrastructure needs
Establish <u>Action 18</u>	A Policy Review And Response Mechanism Milwaukee region: This action is inspired by the collaborative strategy developed in "Integrated Assessment on Water Level Variability and Coastal Bluffs and	 CLIMATIC HAZARD VULNERABILITY OF CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE 	Allow communities and organizations to be flexible and respond to changes in policy needs, to adapt to changing social, environmental and economic conditions. <i>Ongoing</i> *Municipalities *Non-profit/ Business Partner *MMSD #Steps for implementation will be identified with partners.

	Shores, Northern Milwaukee County and		
Increase	Southern Ozaukee, Wisconsin." Green Infrastructure In The Region	CLIMATIC HAZARDVULNERABILITY OF	Reduce the vulnerability of sewerage infrastructure while providing social, economic and environmental benefits.
<u>Action 19</u>	Fresh Coast Resource Center is an ambitious resource center with a goal of increasing GI implementation by providing resources and support to stakeholders. www.freshcoastguardians.com Reflo: Sustainable Water Solutions Clean Wisconsin Groundworks	CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE	<i>To Be Scaled Up</i> *Region *Non Profits *MMSD #Communicate stormwater runoff issues and discuss the solutions #Engage the public and co-design the solution #Involve the public in implementation #Raise awareness around new neighborhood features #Identify best practices for green infrastructure, including funding sources, and substantially scale up implementation
Develop And Implement	A Plan To Make Critical Infrastructure Around Water Systems Cyber Resistant (Other Systems – power, transportation,?)	 FINANCIAL CONSTRAINTS CLIMATIC HAZARD VULNERABILITY OF CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE 	Increase the cyber resilience of water systems to reduce vulnerability. New Action *Municipalities *MMSD
Action 20	NAACP pp. 423-434 Module 19: Water Resource Management		#Steps for implementation will be identified with partners.
	London and Singapore have identified the same challenges related to cyber threats. Partnerships with private companies were built to protect key infrastructure related to cyber risks, especially on water management system.		Recommendation 7.8: Address security needs related to freight transportation SEWRPC
Design	And implement coastal management policies and programs <i>RFMKE: pp 36-37</i>	 CLIMATIC HAZARD VULNERABILITY OF CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC SERVICES 	New Action *Municipalities *MMSD #Steps for implementation will be identified with partners.
Action 21	SCR-CDR .2a <u>Tools to Achieve Coastal Resilience</u> Currently, three tools are being used to respond to SLR and chronic tidal flooding: natural infrastructure, also called "living shorelines" such as oyster reefs, seagrasses, mangrove forests, and wetlands; planned or managed retreat; and constructed barriers such as levees, seawalls, and floating structures. The Sierra Club believes that when planning adaptation responses to SLR	SERVICES	

and/or chronic tidal flooding, local governments and regional and state agencies should, as described below, first consider natural adaptation tools (such as living shorelines and tidal marsh restoration), followed by managed retreat and only if both these prove infeasible consider the application of hard-edged structures such as seawalls and levees. In all cases, the best available climate science should be used at all times. NAACP pp. 382-395		
Module 16: Sea Level Rise and Coastal Resilience		

			1
	Sierra Club Climate Resilience, Carbon Dioxide Removal, and Geoengineering Policy-Preface	https://docs.google.com/document/d/1ghKjP m9gSq8 CMoXbO95DTUyp2onCs-	
	SCR-CDR	T3iGWiGV7hOQ/edit	
Other Plans			
	МКЕ		
	Environmental Collaboration Office		
	ReFresh Milwaukee <i>RFMKE</i>	https://city.milwaukee.gov/ImageLibrary/Gro ups/cityGreenTeam/documents/2018/ReFres h2018ProgressReport.pdf	<i>ReFresh Milwaukee provides a vision for community sustainability over the next 10 years with wide-ranging goals and targets to be met.</i>
	Milwaukee Shines: <i>MKES</i>	https://city.milwaukee.gov/MilwaukeeShines #.XflCGWYVSu5	Milwaukee Shines is Milwaukee's solar energy program. Milwaukee Shines provides information for home and business owners, resources for solar industry professionals, runs solar group buy programs in the City and partners with Summit Credit Union to offer solar loans up to \$20,000.
	Water Centric City <i>MKEWCC</i>	https://city.milwaukee.gov/WCC	These seven principles define what it means to be a Water Centric City. *Water Leadership *Arts Culture and Education *Water technology *Green Infrastructure *Applied Water Research *Fishable Swimmable Water We encourage cities to view all Water Centric City principles through an equity lens.
	Home Grown <i>MKEHG</i>	https://city.milwaukee.gov/homegrownmilwa ukee.com#.XflF1GYVSu5	HOME GR/OWN transforms neighborhoods by converting vacant lots into pocket parks, orchards, and gardens that create jobs, revitalize neighborhoods and increase access to healthy, local food, promoting neighborhood cohesion and placemaking.
	Me2 Milwaukee Energy Efficiency <i>MKEMe2</i>	https://city.milwaukee.gov/Me2#.XflGIWYV Su5	Me ² provides affordable financing up to \$15,000 for energy saving improvements like new insulation, furnaces, boilers, hot water heaters, air conditioners, and now, windows! With Me ² financing through our partner, Summit Credit Union, you can redirect some of the money you spend on high energy bills into home improvements that will keep you and your family comfortable year round.
	PACE Milwaukee <i>MKEPACE</i>	https://city.milwaukee.gov/bbc/services/PAC E-Financing	Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) financing helps commercial property owners affordably finance building upgrades like heating and cooling systems, lighting, controls, renewable energy and water efficiency upgrades. Payments are collected through a voluntary municipal special charge that is paid back through the property tax system and is attached to the property, not the owner. Services

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	MKE Better Buildings Challenge	https://city.milwaukee.gov/bbc	Benchmarking
	MKEBBC		Energy Assessments PACE Financing
			Incentives
			O&M Support
			Clean Technology
	Milwaukee Water Commons Branch Out:	https://www.milwaukeewatercommons.org	What started as recognizing a shared goal around improving water quality fostered the
	MWC BO		creation of the Branch Out Milwaukee Campaign: a program that has developed a
			collective action tree planting and maintenance program aimed at equitably growing
	South Eastern Wisconsin Regional Planning		Milwaukee's tree canopy to maximize the environment al and public benefits of our City's
	Commission SEWRPC	https://www.sewrpc.org/SEWRPC.htm	trees.
	SEWKPC	https://www.sewrpc.org/SEWRPCFiles/Publi	
		cations/AnnualReport/2018_annual_report.p	(For general description see first page under MMSD as this plan is regional in nature and
		df	"(contains" all the others)
	Kansas City Playbook	https://www.marc.org/Environment/Climate-	(Recommended by Bruce Wiggins, former City Planner in Kansas City)
		Action/pdf/Climate_Action_Playbook.aspx	
	Equitable Clean Energy Cuideback	https://acdmuscencum.com/wm	The enquire wealth dimentity between low and mederate income (IMI) households and
	Equitable Clean Energy Guidebook CADMUS	https://cadmusgroup.com/wp- content/uploads/2018/09/Cadmus-USDN-	The growing wealth disparity between low- and moderate-income (LMI) households and other underserved groups and those with greater affluence is reflected through the
	CADMUS	Equitable-Clean-Energy-	disproportionate uptake of clean technologies by higher-income households
		Guidebook.pdf?utm_referrer=https%3A%2F	in U.S. and Canadian municipalities. These households lack access to clean energy
		%2Fcadmusgroup.com%2Fpapers-	technologies because of a variety of barriers, including affordability, high up-front costs,
		reports%2Fa-guidebook-on-equitable-clean-	access to credit, split incentives between landlords and tenants, outreach
		energy-program-design-for-local-	and awareness, and other programmatic barriers. These trends raise concerns of a
		governments-and-partners%2F	growing "electrical divide" where differing abilities to adopt new clean energy
			technologies could further disadvantage communities.1
	Our Communities, Our Power: Advancing	https://live-naacp-site.pantheonsite.io/wp- content/uploads/2019/04/Our-Communities-	The Beloved Community is a vision for our future where all people share equally in the
	Resistance and Resilience in Climate Change Adaptation	<u>content/uploads/2019/04/Our-Communities-</u> Our-Power-TOOLKIT-FINAL.pdf	wealth and bounty of the earth, where we protect its abundance, diversity and beauty for future generations. In this vision of liberation, racism, exploitation, and domination are
	NAACP	Our ower TOOLKIT-TIIVAL.put	replaced by democracy, cooperation, interdependence, and love. To get there, we pursue
			transformative, systems-change solutions. What do we mean by this? The root causes of
			the problems our communities face—like climate change, racism, and economic
			inequality—are all deeply connected. Since the problems are connected, so are the
			solutions.
	USDA Food Security Guide	https://www.ers.usda.gov/topics/food-	ONE TOOL: U.S. Household Food Security Survey Module
	USDA	nutrition-assistance/food-security-in-the-	(18-items) Three-stage design with screeners. Screening keeps respondent burden to the
		us/survey-tools/#household	minimum needed to get reliable data. Most households in a general population survey are
		https://www.wisconsinacademy.org/sites/wis	asked only three questions (five if there are children in the household). The questionnaire has been modified slightly from that in the Guide, and the questions have been re-ordered
		https://www.wisconsmacademy.org/sites/wis	has been mouffed sugnity from that in the Guide, and the questions have been re-ordered

consinacademy.org/files/CFFConferenceRep ort_Final_Jan2020.pdf	to group the child-referenced questions after the adult-referenced questions; download it in the format that works
https://scruzclimate.files.wordpress.com/201 8/07/climatemobilizationreport-1.pdf	